

Sampling and Analysis of Consumer Garden Products That Contain Vermiculite

PLAINTIFF EXHIBIT
SCO 5053

FOREWORD

EPA'S INVESTIGATION OF ASBESTOS-CONTAMINATED VERMICULITE

The Environmental Protection Agency has conducted sampling of vermiculite products, primarily those used in gardening, to determine if products currently on the market contain asbestos, and if so, whether consumers are at risk from using these products. To evaluate the risk posed by compounds such as asbestos, EPA needs to determine if the contaminant is present in certain products and also whether people come in contact with sufficient quantities to cause harm. Asbestos poses a risk to people if fibers become airborne and are inhaled into the lungs. As described in more detail below, and in the accompanying reports, the results of this investigation indicate that the potential exposure to asbestos from vermiculite products poses only a minimal health risk to consumers, although workers may face more serious risks.

Vermiculite is produced from mined ore and is used in agricultural and horticultural products as well as in insulation and construction applications. As a first step in the process, the Agency purchased and began testing a limited number of vermiculite products available in garden stores in the Seattle area to determine if they were contaminated with asbestos. Sixteen products were tested using widely-recognized standard protocols and asbestos was detected in five of them. However, only three of these contained enough asbestos to allow EPA to quantify the percentage of asbestos reliably.

To determine whether the asbestos fibers in these three products could become airborne and present a potential exposure hazard during use, EPA's Seattle office placed the products into a glove box, a small, enclosed metal box with gloves, and handled them as they would during normal use. EPA collected and analyzed air samples, and determined that one of the products tested generated relatively high levels of asbestos. This finding prompted the Seattle office to recommend that consumers refrain from using that particular vermiculite chemical packaging material. This product is apparently no longer available to consumers at garden stores.

EPA then decided to expand the scope of its analysis, to include additional vermiculite products available nationally, and to calculate the risk posed in cases where airborne asbestos fibers were detected during product handling. The Agency, through its expert contractors, purchased and analyzed 38 products from around the country and detected asbestos in 17 of them. Of these, only five contained quantifiable levels of asbestos. EPA scientists, along with the contractors, then conducted two simulated consumer use scenarios. One simulation was performed indoors in a "still air" environment (a 10'x10'x10' enclosure) in an attempt to represent consumer use in a small garage or greenhouse. The other simulation was performed outside in open air.

As described in the attached report, there is a lot of variability in the observed results. In some cases, one sample of a product indicated the presence of asbestos while another did not. This variability is likely due to a number of factors including the following: (1) the asbestos content of the vermiculite products appears to be very close to the technological limit of detection, so one test might detect the presence of asbestos while a second one would not; (2) only a very small portion (0.01 grams) of each product is actually viewed under the microscope, although individual bags may

contain up to several cubic meters; (3) the bagged product is not homogeneous; (4) different processing facilities use different dust removal techniques; (5) there are differences in the asbestos content of vermiculite ore from different mines; and (6) asbestos content varies throughout the vermiculite deposits in each mine.

The results of this investigation indicate that consumers face only a minimal health risk from using vermiculite products at home or in their gardens. Vermiculite may, however, present more serious risks in an occupational setting, where the duration and frequency of exposures are likely to be significantly greater. EPA is concerned about potential occupational exposures and has provided this report to OSHA to assist that agency in evaluating the hazards to workers from vermiculite.

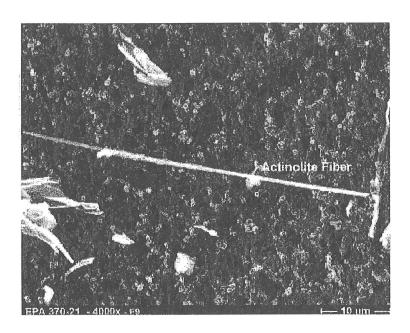
To further reduce the low risk associated with the occasional use of vermiculite products during gardening activities, EPA recommends that consumers:

- Use vermiculite outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid creating dust by keeping vermiculite damp during use.
- Avoid bringing dust into the home on clothing.

Although EPA does not endorse the use of any particular product, consumers may choose to use:

- Premixed potting soils, which ordinarily contain more moisture and less vermiculite than pure vermiculite products and are less likely to generate dust.
- Soil amendment materials other than vermiculite, such as peat, sawdust, perlite, or bark.

The following reports describe the sampling and analysis of vermiculite products conducted by EPA. The first attachment is the report of the sampling conducted by EPA's Seattle office. The second is the report of the national sampling performed for EPA by its contractor, Versar, Inc.



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U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 10, Office of Environmental Assessment Investigation and Engineering Unit Seattle, WA

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In January 2000 the Environmental Protection Agency Region 10 office in Seattle, Washington, began testing a limited number of lawn and garden products that contain vermiculite to see if these products were contaminated with asbestos. The investigation was prompted by calls from citizens who became concerned after reading a series of articles in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer about asbestos contaminated vermiculite. Many callers specifically asked if vermiculite products currently sold in the Seattle area contained asbestos, and if consumers could be exposed to asbestos when using these products.

Sixteen different products containing vermiculite were purchased at Seattle area retail stores. The products selected were available either regionally or nationally. Samples from the products were analyzed using two different types of microscopes. Five of the products were contaminated with asbestos.

Three of the five products that contain measurable amounts of asbestos underwent further testing. EPA investigators worked with these products in a confined area to simulate how a typical consumer might use them, while air monitoring samples were taken. This was done to determine whether asbestos present in the vermiculite could become airborne during use and possibly expose the consumer to asbestos. One of the three asbestos-contaminated products tested by Region 10 released asbestos fibers into the air. The other two products tested did not.

The results of the EPA Region 10 investigation show some vermiculite products currently on the market contain asbestos. The amount and types of asbestos found in the vermiculite products tested by Region 10 varies. Because consumers have no way of knowing which vermiculite products contain asbestos and which do not, EPA Region 10 recommends that consumers follow basic precautions to reduce potential exposure to asbestos when handling vermiculite.

INTRODUCTION

Vermiculite is the name of a mineral that has been mined commercially in the United States since the early 1920s. Vermiculite is often found with other minerals including various forms of asbestos. There are four active vermiculite mines in the United States. A fifth mine in Libby, Montana, closed in 1990, but ore may have been shipped from the mine until 1992.¹

The Libby mine, formerly owned and operated by the W.R. Grace and Company, was known to contain deposits of fibrous tremolite asbestos. Between 1980 and 1991 there were several studies conducted for or by the Environmental Protection Agency dealing with sampling and analysis of vermiculite, the potential for exposure to asbestos through consumer and occupational use of vermiculite, and possible health effects associated with exposure to asbestos-contaminated vermiculite. These studies indicated that other vermiculite mines in the United States may also be contaminated with asbestos.²

In November 1999 the Seattle Post-Intelligencer published a detailed series of articles about the vermiculite mine in Libby, Montana, and the miners and their families who died or became ill from exposure to asbestos in the vermiculite ore.³ As a result of these articles EPA Region 10 received numerous calls from citizens who feared they might have been exposed to asbestos while working with vermiculite or from having it as insulation in their homes. Many callers specifically asked if vermiculite from the Libby mine is still being sold, whether the vermiculite insulation in their homes presents a health hazard, and whether vermiculite from other mines that is currently sold is also contaminated with asbestos.

These calls were referred to the Investigation and Engineering Unit (IEU) of the Office of Environmental Assessment. IEU investigators routinely receive tips and calls from citizens with environmental concerns or complaints, and conduct follow-up investigations. Because of the nature and volume of calls, the IEU began an investigation to see if vermiculite products currently sold in the Seattle area contain asbestos and, if so, could the asbestos present in those products become airborne during use.

The investigation had three distinct phases. In Phase I, investigators gathered information about vermiculite by reviewing available literature and conducting interviews. This information was used to help design the sampling and analytical protocols used in subsequent phases. In

¹ U.S. Geological Survey, Vermiculite Minerals Yearbook, 1990. Michael J. Potter

² See references 5,8,9, and 10

³ Andrew Schneider, Senior National Correspondent, (November 18, 1999). "Uncivil Action: A town left to die", Seattle Post-Intelligencer. p.1 Section A

Phase II, investigators purchased sixteen different vermiculite products, took samples from each product, and had the samples analyzed to see if asbestos was present. Those products that were found to contain measurable amounts of asbestos went through additional testing. In Phase III, investigators simulated the use of the contaminated products in a contained area while taking air monitoring samples, and had those samples analyzed to see if asbestos present in the bulk material became airborne during use.

PHASE I

During Phase I geologists with the Region 10 Office of Environmental Assessment assisted IEU investigators in identifying historical and technical literature about vermiculite mines and potential for asbestos contamination at those mines. The documents reviewed by IEU investigators are listed in the references section of this report. Region 10 geologists are also investigating the feasibility of using various analytical methods to trace vermiculite in consumer products to the mines from which it originated.

PROPERTIES OF VERMICULITE

Vermiculite is defined as a hydrated magnesium-aluminum-iron sheet silicate mineral of various compositions.⁴ After vermiculite ore has been mined and crushed, it is sized and sorted, at which point it becomes known as vermiculite concentrate. The concentrate is shipped to processing plants, where it is expanded or exfoliated by heating it in a furnace to temperatures ranging between 1,600 to 2,000 degrees Fahrenheit.⁵ After exfoliation its appearance is similar to a small, brown, accordion-shaped granule.

Vermiculite is resistant to combustion. Un-exfoliated vermiculite is used in various manufacturing processes including gypsum wallboard, paper products, coatings and cinder blocks. Exfoliated vermiculite is absorbent and lightweight. It is used in fireproofing, insulation, as a carrier for agricultural chemicals, as an ingredient in lawn and garden products, as a packaging material and as an underlayment for swimming pools.

Vermiculite deposits are found in similar geologic settings around the world. Many contain asbestiform minerals as contaminants. There are four active vermiculite mines in the United States. Two are located in the Enoree district of South Carolina, one in Louisa County Virginia, and one in Dillon, Montana. Previous geological studies, cited in references 3, 4, and 5 of this report, have established that all four of these mines contain asbestiform minerals.

⁴ Vermiculite, Bureau of Mines Bulletin #675, 1985

⁵ Vermiculite Association, http://vermiculite.org/aboutvermiculite.htm (2/9/00)

PROPERTIES OF ASBESTOS

Asbestos is the name given to six different types of fibrous minerals that occur naturally in the environment. The technical names for the six types of asbestos are listed in the Code of Federal Regulations. Asbestos minerals are divided into two major groups - serpentine and amphibole, which differ from each other both physically and chemically. The minerals in both groups are made up of fibers that vary in length and diameter. The amphibole group includes fibrous actinolite and tremolite, which are commonly associated with vermiculite as naturally occurring contaminants.

Asbestos has been mined for use in many types of manufactured products, including roofing and flooring materials, cement board, brake and transmission components, gaskets, pipe insulation, and heat-resistant fabrics. In these manufactured products asbestos is deliberately added as an ingredient.

Adverse health effects associated with exposure to asbestos have been known for many years. During the twentieth century the link between asbestos exposure and chronic respiratory disease has been clearly established. Inhalation of asbestos fibers has been shown to cause asbestosis, and can lead to increased risk of lung cancer and mesothelioma.⁹

The Environmental Protection Agency and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration are the two primary federal agencies that have promulgated regulations designed to reduce potential exposure to asbestos in the environment and in the workplace. Additional regulations have also been developed by state and local governments for the same purpose.

SUMMARY OF INTERVIEWS

Since the media coverage about asbestos in vermiculite began in November 1999, EPA Region 10 has received dozens of calls from citizens around the country, who were concerned that they might have been exposed to asbestos while working with vermiculite products. Calls came from hobby and professional gardeners, a hospital technician who uses vermiculite in prosthetic devices for children, several laboratory workers, people who installed vermiculite

⁶ Toxicological Profile for Asbestos, ATSDR, Atlanta, GA

⁷ 40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M section 61.141 "Asbestos means the asbestiform varieties of serpentine (chrysotile) riebeckite (crocidolite), cummingtonite-grunerite, anthophyllite, and actinolite-tremolite."

⁸ Asbestos NESHAP Inspection and Safety Procedures Workshop, Student Manual, APTI Course, Second Edition (Revised 1999)

⁹ Toxicological Profile for Asbestos, ATSDR, Atlanta, GA

insulation in their attics, construction workers who used vermiculite, and former employees of vermiculite expansion plants. Many of the callers were from the Pacific Northwest, but some were from as far away as Florida, Tennessee, and Michigan. Callers described how they used vermiculite and discussed their specific health concerns. The information collected from the callers was important to help understand how vermiculite is processed and how individuals handle products that contain vermiculite. A summary of the information provided by these callers is included in Appendix 1 of this report.

PHASE II

Phase II of this investigation was designed to identify vermiculite products available to consumers through retail outlets in the Seattle metropolitan area, and to determine if the products selected for analysis are contaminated with asbestos. This was a limited study that looked at a relatively small number of products. The study was not statistically based. The information collected in Phase II was intended to help determine which products warranted further testing in Phase III, and to provide the rationale for future statistically based studies.

BULK SAMPLES OF VERMICULITE PRODUCTS

IEU investigators visited nine retail stores in the Seattle metropolitan area that sell lawn and garden products. Sixteen different vermiculite products were selected from store shelves and purchased. The selection was based on available products. There was no attempt made to target specific brands or manufacturers. Seven of the products contained vermiculite as the primary ingredient. The nine other products were potting soils that contained vermiculite as well as other ingredients. One of the sixteen products selected was Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, which while labeled for use as a packaging material, was offered for sale to consumers in two different retail stores for home gardening use.

Prior to taking samples from the sixteen products, IEU investigators examined the different analytical methods used to analyze bulk materials for asbestos content. After consultation with Region 10 quality assurance staff and the microscopists who would later analyze the samples, IEU investigators made the decision to analyze bulk samples using a bulk test method for determination of asbestos in building materials.¹⁰

The sixteen vermiculite products were delivered under chain of custody to the Manchester Environmental Laboratory (MEL), located in Port Orchard, Washington, where they were sampled under a fume hood to prevent possible release of asbestos fibers. The samples were

¹⁰ Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials, EPA600-R-93-116, Research Triangle Institute, July 1993

analyzed at MEL using stereo microscopic examination to determine homogeneity and preliminary fiber identification. Polarized light microscopy (PLM) was used to determine the optical properties of fibers and provide qualitative identification of suspect fibers. Samples were also analyzed at Lab/Cor, Inc. in Seattle, WA, using transmission electron microscopy (TEM) to positively identify and quantify the amount and type of asbestos present in the samples.

Three different groups of samples were taken from the sixteen products. MEL analyzed the first and second set of samples as rinsed residues. MEL did not analyze a third set of samples. Lab/Cor, Inc. analyzed the first and second set of samples it received as dust or particulate. The third set of samples sent to Lab/Cor, Inc. were analyzed as rinsed residues. The technique of preparing rinsed residue samples for analysis is described in the following section of this report.

The first group of samples were taken using an EPA technique for sampling dry products in bags. These samples were intended to be representative or typical of the vermiculite product in the containers (bags). For this group of samples a hollow plastic tube approximately one inch in diameter was inserted diagonally through a hole in each bag, and cross sections of the contents were drawn out of the plastic tubes into new clean 4-ounce glass jars. For larger bags a stainless steel tube was used to remove the vermiculite from the bag. The jars containing the vermiculite products were labeled with laboratory sample numbers and EPA custody seals were placed over the lids of the containers. The samples were handled under standard chain of custody and submitted for analysis. One set from the first group of samples was sent to MEL for analysis, the other set was sent to Lab/Cor, Inc. Both MEL and Lab/Cor, Inc. received a quality assurance duplicate of two of the sixteen products. The bags of product from which the samples were taken were marked with laboratory sample numbers and stored in a locked sample custody area at MEL.

The second group of bulk samples was taken from three of the vermiculite products (Whitney Farms Vermiculite, Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite) that were shown to be contaminated with asbestos during analysis of the first group of samples. For this group of samples approximately one to two quarts of vermiculite were taken from the bottom of the bag after it had been moderately shaken. The vermiculite was separated through a series of USA Standard Testing Sieves (size No.10 and No.35) so a sample of the fine material at the bottom of the bag could be segregated from the larger particles of vermiculite. The fines were collected in a pan at the bottom of the lower sieve and transferred into new, clean 2-ounce glass jars. Duplicate samples from the three products were delivered to both the MEL and Lab/Cor, Inc. under standard chain of custody and submitted for analysis. Quality assurance samples in the form of field duplicates were collected for two of the products. Cole's Cactus Mix was not included in this group because other components of the mix made it difficult to sift.

¹¹ Pesticide Product Enforcement Manual 1994 Chapter on Sampling

The technique used for the second group of samples was designed to isolate and analyze the fines that accumulate in the bottom of the bag. This was done to see if asbestos detected in a bag of vermiculite was evenly distributed throughout the bag or was present in higher concentrations in the lower fractions of the bag. These samples were not intended to be representative of the contents of the bag as a whole.

A third set of samples was prepared by MEL for Lab/Cor, Inc. MEL split the rinsed residue samples from group two, which consisted of samples taken previously from Whitney Farms Vermiculite, Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite. This set of samples was analyzed by Lab/Cor, Inc. using TEM.

Bulk Sample Preparation and Analysis performed by the Manchester Environmental Laboratory¹²

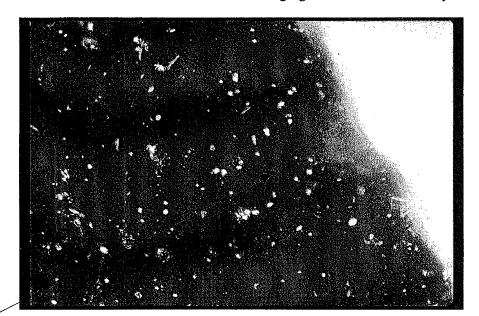
MEL analyzed bulk samples using a rinsed residue technique intended to isolate and identify asbestos in vermiculite. To prepare the rinsed residue, a 40 ml sub-sample of vermiculite was placed into a beaker. The vermiculite was rinsed with 80 ml of deionized water in an attempt to wash any loose asbestos fibers from the vermiculite matrix. After the vermiculite floated to the surface, 7 ml of water was extracted from the bottom of the beaker using a syringe and was injected into a crucible. The crucible was covered and placed in a drying oven at 68° centigrade for two to three days until all the water had evaporated. The residue that remained in the bottom of the crucible was then scraped out and placed onto a microscope slide and a drop of 1.605 refractive index oil was added. Any remaining residue was scraped into a small vial for possible future use.

Using a Nikon Opti-Phot Pol microscope at 400X magnification, the sample was scanned for the presence of fibers with an aspect ratio greater than five to one (5:1). Cleavage fragments were not counted as fibers because many are too small to see and positively identify using PLM. Straight, needle-like fibers that were identified as possible actinolite/tremolite fibers were checked for diagnostic optical properties such as angle of extinction, sign of elongation, and central stop dispersion staining. If asbestos was found, a determination of "PNQ" (Present Not Quantified) or "TRACE" (a trace of the subject parameter was present) was reported. Rinsed residues of positive samples were sent to Lab/Cor, Inc. for confirmation using TEM analysis.

¹² Susan E. Davis, laboratory technician - microscopist, Washington Department of Ecology



Actinolite fiber in Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite viewed by PLM¹³



Tremolite fiber in Whitney Farms Vermiculite viewed by PLM¹⁴

 $^{^{13}}$ Sample number 54205. Fiber is 20 to 22 microns in length

 $^{^{14}}$ Sample number 54203. Fiber is 10 to 15 microns in length

Bulk Sample Preparation and Analysis performed by Lab/Cor, Inc. 15

For each sample of vermiculite collected by IEU investigators, Lab/Cor, Inc. took sub-samples from at least three randomly selected areas within that sample. The sub-samples were weighed (*Raw Material Weight*) on an analytical balance (0.1 milligram sensitivity), ashed in a muffle furnace at 480° Centigrade to remove the organic component, and weighed again (*After Ash Weight*). After a brief dissolution of the acid soluble component in concentrated hydrochloric acid, the suspension was immediately diluted in about 20 ml of 0.2 micron (µm) - filtered deionized water, and filtered through a dry pre- weighed 0.1 micron poly-carbonate (PC) filter. After drying, the filter was weighed again (*After Hydrolysis Weight*) and processed using a preparation technique described in a draft EPA report entitled "Methodology of the Measurement of Airborne Asbestos by Electron Microscopy". ¹⁶

The samples were coated with a thin film of carbon in a vacuum evaporator. After dissolution of the filter debris in 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone, the sample was placed on a 200 mesh copper TEM grid and examined under a Philips 410 transmission electron microscope equipped with energy dispersive x-ray spectroscopy (EDAX PV9800 X-ray analyzer). Samples were scanned at magnification of approximately 500X using an accelerating voltage of 100KV. The magnification was increased to 10,000X to identify any smaller asbestos fibrils (a small, slender fiber) that might be present.

TEM analysis was used for confirmation of particulate morphology as viewed at high magnification. Electron diffraction was used to identify mineral structure and energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS) was used to provide chemical composition of particulates. After confirmation of the principal mineral type by diffraction and EDS, a visual estimate of the concentration of asbestos relative to non-asbestos was determined. Fibers of any length with an aspect ratio of at least 5:1 and proper chemistry were counted as asbestiform regulated mineral types. Cleavage fragments may have been identified as asbestiform regulated mineral fibers in this analysis.

The first PLM analysis of samples taken from bags of four products, Scotts Vermiculite, Whitney Farms Vermiculite, Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite, revealed traces of asbestos. The initial TEM analysis of two duplicate samples obtained from a bag of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite revealed the product contained 0.56% and 0.47% asbestos. Analysis of a sample obtained from the bag of Coles Cactus Mix contained 0.45% asbestos. The types of asbestos detected by using both PLM and TEM belong

¹⁵ John Harris, LAB/COR, Inc., Seattle, Washington

¹⁶ Yamate, G., S.C. Agarwall, R.D. Gibbons, ITT Research Institute, "Methodology of the Measurement of Airborne Asbestos by Electron Microscopy." Draft report, US EPA Contract 68-02-3266, July 1984

to the amphibole group and were reported specifically as either tremolite or actinolite. Copies of the results of PLM analysis of bulk samples from the MEL are included in Attachment 1. Copies of the results of TEM analysis of bulk samples by Lab/Cor, Inc. are included in Attachment 2.

The second set of samples taken from material that had settled to the bottom of the bags of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite revealed a higher concentration of asbestos than the initial samples taken from the upper parts of the same bags. Using TEM analysis the sifted samples of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite contained 1.88% asbestos, the sample of Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite contained 0.33% asbestos.

The rinsed residues of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite were analyzed using both PLM and TEM. Tremolite fibers were identified by PLM, but were not quantified due to limitations of magnification. These same residues were sent to Lab/Cor, Inc. for TEM analysis. Analysis of the residue sample of Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite using TEM revealed 0.30% asbestos. Analysis of duplicate quality assurance samples of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite using TEM revealed 0.10% and 2.79% asbestos. This illustrates the apparent variability in concentrations of asbestos that can exist in splits of the same sample.

ORIGIN OF ASBESTOS CONTAMINATED VERMICULITE PRODUCTS

Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite was produced from ore from the W.R. Grace mine in Libby, Montana, which closed in 1990.¹⁷ Therm-O-Rock West obtains vermiculite ore from the W.R. Grace mine in Enoree, S.C., and from a mine in South Africa, and processes the ore into the finished product sold as Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite.¹⁸ L&L Nursery Supply, Inc., which formulates Cole's Cactus Mix, uses Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite in its products that contain vermiculite.¹⁹

SUMMARY OF ANALYSIS OF BULK SAMPLES

Sixteen vermiculite products currently available for purchase by consumers in the Seattle metropolitan area were examined for asbestos content using two different types of microscopic analysis, PLM and TEM. Three products contained measurable amounts of asbestos using TEM analysis: Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite, and Cole's Cactus Mix. Four of the sixteen products sampled contained trace amounts of asbestos using PLM analysis: Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite, Scott's

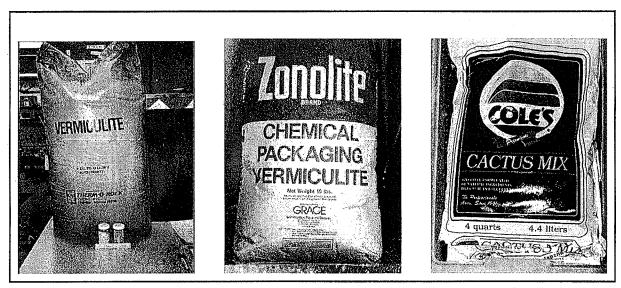
¹⁷ Telephone conversation with William Corcoran, W.R. Grace and Company, April 4, 2000

¹⁸ Telephone conversation with Ron Dobkin, owner, Therm-O-Rock West, February 24, 2000

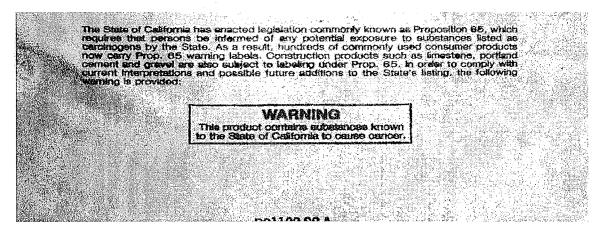
 $^{^{19}}$ Interview with Dan Froli, general manager, L&L Nursery Supply, Inc., Fife, WA, February 18, 2000

Vermiculite, and Whitney Farms Vermiculite. Asbestos was observed in Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite using both PLM and TEM. The analytical results for bulk samples are summarized in Table 1 on the following page.

The Region 10 investigation showed that bulk samples taken from vermiculite are not homogeneous. Concentrations of asbestos in vermiculite vary between products and within samples taken from the same product. The asbestos may also stratify and concentrate on the bottom of the bags of vermiculite during shipping, storage, and handling. Sampling methods and sample preparation can affect whether asbestos is found and what concentration is measured.



Products that contain measurable quantities of asbestos when analyzed by TEM



Warning statement on the back of a bag of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite

TABLE 1

<u>PRODUCTS</u>	SAMPLE#	<u>PLM</u>	<u>PLM</u>	<u>TEM</u>	<u>TEM</u>	TEM
		Group 1	Group 2 Sifted Residue	Group 1	Group 2 Sifted	Group 3 Sifted Residue
Shultz Vermiculite, 8 qt.	54202	ND		ND		
Professional Jiffy Mix Potting Soil, 8qt.	54208	ND		ND		
Sam's Choice Professional Potting Soil, 10 lb.	54209	ND		ND		
Black Gold Vermiculite, 12 qt.	54200	ND		ND		
Therm-O-Rock, 4 cubic ft.	54207	Trace	ND	ND	0,33%	0.30%
Scotts Vermiculite, 8 qt.	54204	Trace		ND		
Whitney Farms Vermiculite, 4 qt.	54203	Trace	ND	ND	ND	ND
Black Gold Seedling Mix	54216	ND		ND		
Country Cottage Professional Seed Starter, 8 qt.	54215	ND		ND		
Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, 19 lb.	54205 54206- QA	Trace Trace	PNQ	0.56% 0.47%	1.88%	0.10% 2.79%
Scotts Progro Professional Potting Mix, 25 qt.	54217	ND		ND		ND
Coles Vermiculite	54201	ND		ND		
Coles African Violet Mix, 4 qt.	54213	ND		ND		
Coles Cactus Mix, 4 qt.	54214	ND		0.45%		
Coles Lighthouse Plant Mix, 8 qt.	54210	ND		ND		
Schultz Seed Starter	54211 54212- QA	PNQ ND		ND ND	,	
Zonolite (bag #2)	104200		ND		ND	

ND PNQ QA none detected present but not quantified quality assurance

PHASE III

Once the analysis of bulk samples identified which vermiculite products contained asbestos, the next step was to determine if the asbestos in the vermiculite could become airborne during use and present a potential exposure hazard for individuals who work with the asbestos-contaminated vermiculite. Multiple tests were conducted using the three vermiculite products that had been found to contain measurable quantities of asbestos as determined by TEM analysis. Each product was subjected to simulated use that was typical of how a consumer might handle the product. Air monitoring samples were taken during the simulations.

All analytical data presented in the air monitoring section of this report was generated by Lab/Cor, Inc., which is accredited through the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) administered by the Department of Commerce under the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).²⁰ NVLAP accreditation certifies that the laboratory has met an established level of competence. It does not guarantee the accuracy of the analytical results.

COLLECTION OF AIR MONITORING SAMPLES

To determine what activities would be simulated, IEU investigators considered information provided by citizens reporting how they used various products, the purpose for which the product was intended, and a study conducted by the W.R. Grace and Company that was provided to the Consumer Product Safety Commission on April 1, 1980.²¹ A copy of the letter from E. S. Wood, Executive Vice President of W. R. Grace & Co. Industrial Chemicals Group to the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission with attached report entitled <u>User Exposure to Fibrous Tremolite in Vermiculite Consumer Products</u> dated April 1, 1980 is included in Attachment 3.

There are several protocols that can be used for analyzing air samples to determine the number of asbestos fibers present in a volume of air. IEU investigators conducted a literature search to become familiar with various analytical methods. The final decision on what methodologies to use for analysis of air samples taken during Phase III was based on consultation with an industrial hygienist from the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries, Region 10 quality assurance staff, and the analysts at Lab/Cor, Inc.

²⁰ NVLAP criteria are published in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR, Title 15, Part 285)

²¹ Letter from E. S. Wood, Executive Vice President of W. R. Grace & Co. Industrial Chemicals Group to the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission with attached report entitled <u>User Exposure to</u> Fibrous Tremolite in <u>Vermiculite Consumer Products</u> dated April 1, 1980

The primary method selected for analyzing air monitoring samples taken during Phase III is the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) method 7402²² which is used to determine levels of asbestos in ambient air in the workplace. For comparison, a second method was selected which is used to monitor levels of asbestos in schools under the Asbestos Hazards Emergency Response Act (AHERA). The AHERA method²³ is described in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Both methods are used to analyze for asbestos fibers or structures that become captured in air filters that are connected to air monitoring pumps. The air monitoring is conducted for a set period of time while pumps draw a predetermined volume of air through the filters. After successful sampling and analysis, the number of fibers per cubic centimeter of air can be determined. A comparison of the two methods is shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

Comparison of NIOSH method 7402 and AHERA method.

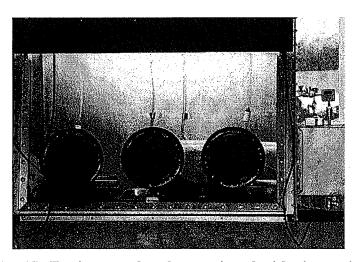
Method	<u>Filter Size</u>	Volume of Air	Counting Rules
NIOSH 7402	0.45 to 1.2 μm	0.5 to 16 liters per minute	> 5.0 µm in length ≥ 3:1 aspect ratio
AHERA	≤ 0.45 µm	≥1 liter per minute	≥ 0.5 µm in length ≥ 5:1 aspect ratio

In Phase III IEU investigators simulated the use of Coles Cactus Mix as a potting soil, the use of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite in preparation of a potting soil, and the use of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite in packing laboratory samples. The Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite was tested as a component of potting soil because EPA observed this product being sold at two Seattle area stores that sell retail garden supplies.

The simulated use of vermiculite products was conducted in a work space inside a stainless steel Kewaunee Scientific Equipment (KSE) glove box. The workplace dimensions were approximately 4 feet long by 3 feet high with a depth of 21 inches at the top and 27 inches at the bottom. The glove box is equipped with a front glass viewing panel and fluorescent lighting allowing observation of the work area.

²² Asbestos by TEM, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Fourth Edition, 8/15/94

 $^{^{23}}$ Asbestos-Containing Materials in Schools, 40 CFR Part 763, sub-part $\rm E$



Kewaunee Scientific Equipment glove box equipped with air-monitoring cassettes

The product use simulations and air sampling took place between February 15, 2000, and April 14, 2000. In some of the product use simulations the air filters became overloaded with dust and particulate matter during air monitoring. Because of this overloading, the analytical methods used for samples collected under the NIOSH 7402 and AHERA protocols had to be modified to include indirect sample preparation as outlined in the "Methodology of the Measurement of Airborne Asbestos by Electron Microscopy."²⁴

This modification has the potential to disrupt and fragment fibers, possibly resulting in a higher number of structures or fibers per cubic centimeter than were originally present. It was understood that the indirect sample preparation could affect the fiber count. However, during the initial stages of the investigation, it was essential to determine whether asbestos had been released into the air. Precise quantification would be determined later through adjustment of the duration of sampling and the flow rate of the air monitoring equipment.

During project simulations based on the NIOSH method 7402 protocol, the ambient air over the work space was monitored with two calibrated Gilian Hi Flow pumps attached with Tygon tubing to 25 mm Zefon air monitoring cassettes with 0.8 µm mixed cellulose ester (MCE) filters. The air monitoring cassettes were suspended inside the glove box approximately 18 inches above the surface of the work area to simulate the breathing zone of an average person. Air samples were collected during simulations at durations between 15 and 30 minutes, with the pumps set to draw approximately 1 to 3 liters of air per minute. The different durations and flow

²⁴ See footnote 16

rates are allowed by the NIOSH method 7402 to provide optimum loading of the filter cassettes. To adjust the sampling duration, some of the air filters used during monitoring at the different durations and flow rates were viewed under PLM to determine if the filters were overloaded.

For tests using the AHERA protocol, the ambient air inside the glove box was monitored using two calibrated Allegro Industries High Volume Sampling Pumps attached with Tygon tubing to 25 mm Zefon air monitoring cassettes with 0.45 μ m MCE filters. Air samples were collected during simulations for 100-minute durations with the pumps set to draw approximately 11 liters of air per minute.

Pumps were calibrated with either a Gilian "Buck" Calibrator or a Gilian "Gilibrator" calibration device. The flow rate for each pump was recorded before and after each sample was collected. The average of before and after values reported to the laboratory was written on the labels placed on the air monitoring cassettes and documented on the chain of custody forms.

Prior to conducting project simulations, a work space background sample was collected between testing of each different product to determine if the work area was contaminated with particulate or asbestos fibers from the previous test. Also, quality control samples of the air monitoring cassettes and field blanks taken outside the glove box were obtained for quality assurance. A high efficiency particulate arrestance (HEPA) vacuum and damp cloth was used to clean the work space in the glove box between tests to remove any possible asbestos fibers between tests involving different products.

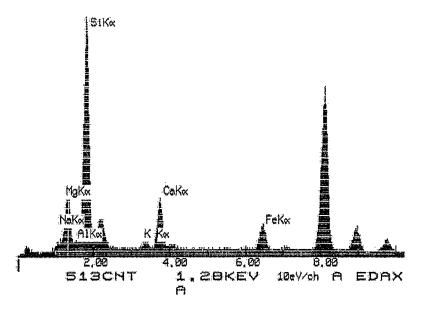
The activity that simulated potting plants involved emptying a container of soil into a plastic tub and manipulating the soil to break up clods. The soil was placed in 10 plastic 4- inch pots at several intervals. Next the pots were emptied back into the plastic tub and the work space was cleaned by sweeping loose spilled soil into a pre-cleaned dust pan and placing it back into the plastic tub. This simulation was run three times for 30 minutes and once for 100 minutes.

To simulate the preparation of potting soil, IEU investigators mixed 50% vermiculite and 50% peat moss. Bulk samples of the peat moss were analyzed and determined not to contain detectable asbestos fibers. The remainder of this simulation was similar to the previous simulation of potting plants. This simulation was run two times for 30 minutes and once for 100 minutes using the Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, and three times for 15 minutes using Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite.

Vermiculite is used by laboratories around the country to pack chemicals and hazardous material samples for shipping. The vermiculite cushions jars to keep them from breaking and absorbs spillage if the containers leak during shipping. To simulate packing laboratory samples, four 8-ounce glass jars were placed into a stainless steel pan and covered with vermiculite. This simulation was repeated for durations of 30, 20, and 15 minutes.

Sample preparation and Analysis performed by Lab/Cor, Inc. 25

For the NIOSH method 7402 using TEM, samples were collapsed with acetone, and etched in a low temperature plasma etcher to remove the top surface of the filter and other organics. The samples were coated at high vacuum with a thin layer of carbon, placed on 200 mesh copper grids and allowed to dissolve in acetone until cleared of filter debris. The 200 mesh copper TEM grids were examined under a Philips 410 transmission electron microscope equipped with EDS. Air samples were scanned at magnification of approximately 990X using an accelerating voltage of 100KV. The magnification was increased to 10,000X for structure sizing. The NIOSH method 7402 counts structures or fibers if they are greater than 0.25 µm in diameter with a minimum aspect (length to width) ratio of 3:1 and a length greater than 5.0 µm.



EDS Spectra used to verify the elemental composition of an actinolite fiber collected during simulated use of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite

An indirect analytical technique was applied to overloaded samples collected using NIOSH and AHERA protocols. The analysis was conducted in accordance with the draft method done under contract 68-02-3266 for EPA, July 1984 entitled "Methodology of the Measurement of Airborne Asbestos by Electron Microscopy."²⁶

²⁵ John Harris, LAB/COR, Inc., Seattle, Washington

²⁶ See footnote 16

The sample filters were removed from sampling cassettes and placed into clean sonication dishes. After washing out each cassette cowl with particle-free, deionized water, the supernatant fluid was combined with each filter, placed in a sonication dish, and gently sonicated to release the particulate from the filter. After brief sonication, aliquots were drawn from the supernate and filtered onto 0.22 µm MCE filters. Samples were coated at high vacuum with a thin layer of carbon, placed on 200 mesh copper grids, and allowed to dissolve in acetone until cleared of filter debris. The 200 mesh copper TEM grids were examined under a Philips 410 transmission electron microscope equipped with EDS. Air samples were analyzed at a screen magnification of approximately 17,621X using an accelerating voltage of 100KV. The sizing of grid openings was performed on the microscope at a magnification of approximately 550X. Counting rules for the draft method were modified to match the AHERA counting rules more closely. This method allows structures greater than 0.5 µm in length with substantial parallel sides and an aspect ratio of 5:1 to be counted.

Before any air monitoring samples were taken using vermiculite products, quality assurance, quality control and work area background samples were collected and analyzed. None of these samples showed the presence of asbestos. This was an important part of the air monitoring procedure because it showed the work area and the filters used were free of asbestos to begin with, and there no cross contamination of the work area occurred when switching from one product to another.

No asbestos fibers were detected when air samples collected during the simulated use of Coles Cactus Mix and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite were analyzed. Using the indirect method of analysis, asbestos was detected in air samples collected when Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite was used to simulate the preparation and use of potting soil and for sample packing.

Subsequent air monitoring samples were taken when Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite was used to simulate packing samples. The flow rates and sample times were reduced to avoid overloading the filters and allow for direct analysis under the NIOSH 7402 protocol. These air samples were run for 15 to 20 minutes at flow rates of 1 to 2 liters per minute and were repeated four times. The results of analysis ranged from 0.16 to 0.95 asbestos fibers per cubic centimeter of air. Complete results and supporting data for the air monitoring portion of this project are included in Attachment 4.

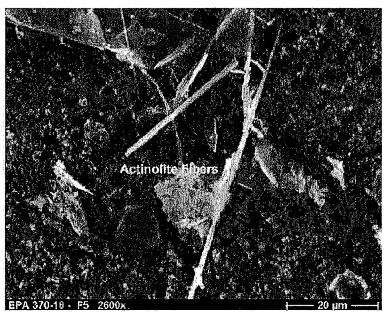
SUMMARY OF ANALYSIS OF AIR MONITORING SAMPLES

Three products were subjected to air monitoring during simulated use in a confined area. Two of the products, Cole's Cactus Mix and Therm-O-Rock Vermiculite, did not release airborne asbestos fibers during simulated use. The third product, Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, did release airborne asbestos fibers during simulated use and therefore presents a potential for exposure to asbestos. Tables 3 and 4 summarize the results of analyses of air monitoring samples taken while simulating use of Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite in preparing and using potting soil and for packing samples.

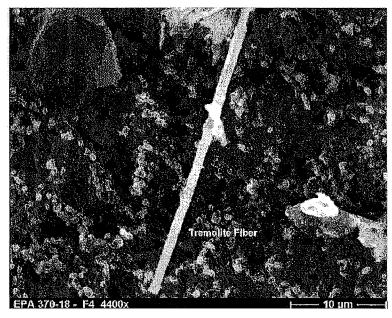
Because of this potential for exposure to asbestos, EPA Region 10 advised consumers not to use Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite until further statistically based testing could be performed. EPA Region 10 also advised consumers to follow three basic precautions when working with products that contain vermiculite in order to reduce potential exposure to asbestos: 1) use vermiculite outdoors; 2) keep vermiculite damp to avoid generating dust; 3) avoid bringing dust from clothing into the home.

CONCLUSIONS

- Five vermiculite products tested during the Region 10 investigation contained asbestos.
- One asbestos-contaminated vermiculite product tested by Region 10 released airborne asbestos fibers when subjected to simulated use.
- Consumers have no way of knowing which vermiculite products are contaminated with asbestos and which are not.
- Analysis of asbestos-contaminated vermiculite products revealed a wide degree of variability in the amount and types of asbestos present in the samples.
- The variability of analytical results demonstrates a need for additional statistically based studies using more sensitive sampling and analytical methods.



Actinolite fibers in Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite viewed by SEM²⁷



Tremolite fiber in Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite viewed by SEM

²⁷ Scanning electron microscope

TABLE 3

ANALYTICAL METHOD:

Methodology of the Measurement of Airborne Asbestos

by Electron Microscopy. (draft method)

PRODUCT:

Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite

Sample #	Date	<u>Description</u>	Results of Analysis
		Potting Soil Preparation - AHERA Protocol	
74216	2/16/2000	Pump #3, 11.0 liters/minute for 100 minutes, Indirect analysis.	0.847 structures per cc
74217	2/16/2000	Pump #4, 11.0 liters/minute for 100 minutes, Indirect analysis.	0.564 structures per cc
		Potting Soil Prep - NIOSH 7402 Protocol	
104201	3/7/2000	Pump #1, 2.8 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	0.202 structures per cc
104202	3/7/2000	Pump #5, 2.8 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	0.373 structures per cc
104205	3/7/2000	Pump #1, 2.8 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	0.380 structures per cc
104206	3/7/2000	Pump #5, 2.8 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	0.080 structures per cc
		Sample Packaging Simulation - NIOSH 7402 Protocol	
104209	3/8/2000	Pump #1, 2.9 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	6.960 structures per cc
104210	3/8/2000	Pump #5, 2.9 liters/minute for 30 minutes, Indirect analysis	8.170 structures per cc

cc = cubic centimeter

TABLE 4

ANALYTICAL METHOD:

NIOSH 7402

PRODUCT:

Zonolite Chemical Packaging Vermiculite

Sample #	Date	Description	Results of Analysis	
		Sample Packing Simulation		
154000	4/11/2000	Pump #5, 2.0 liters/minute for 20 minutes, direct analysis.	0.344 fibers per cc	
154001	4/11/2000	Pump #1, 1.5 liters/minute for 20 minutes, direct analysis	0.352 fibers per cc	
154002	4/11/2000	Pump #1, 1.5 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.342 fibers per cc	
154003	4/11/2000	Pump #5, 2.0 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.160 fibers per cc	
154008	4/13/2000	Pump #1, 1.0 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.702 fibers per cc	
154009	4/13/2000	Pump #5, 1.0 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.477 fibers per cc	
154010	4/13/2000	Pump #1, 1.0 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.249 fibers per cc	
154011	4/13/2000	Pump #5, 1.0 liters/minute for 15 minutes, direct analysis	0.948 fibers per cc	

cc = cubic centimeter

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- 11) U.S. Geological Survey, (1990), Vermiculite Minerals Yearbook, Potter, Michael J.
- 12) W.R. Grace and Company, Cambridge, MA. (1980), Memorandum to Consumer Product Safety Commission dated April 1, 1980.

Appendix 1

Summary of Interviews

A registered nurse from Tennessee said vermiculite is used routinely in southern states as an underlayment for swimming pools. She recently watched a crew install a pool in her backyard, and noticed they were coated with vermiculite dust. None of the workers were respiratory protection. The dust drifted into her home and got onto her furniture. She said she intended to take samples of the dust, and had already purchased a HEPA filtered vacuum cleaner to eliminate dust that might be contaminated with asbestos.

A technician from a local children's hospital was has used vermiculite for years to make orthotics and prosthetic devices. She was concerned because the material safety data sheet from the manufacturer clearly stated the vermiculite came from the W.R. Grace and Company mine in Libby, Montana. The technician surmised that asbestos from the Libby vermiculite could have contaminated the work area where children are fitted for prosthetics and where employees spend much of their time working.

A laboratory assistant from a local community college said she routinely unpacks chemicals that arrive packed in vermiculite. This vermiculite is then saved in large bins for use in the school's greenhouses. She was concerned that young college-age students could be exposed to asbestos from vermiculite both in the laboratory and in greenhouses.

The owner of a preschool in Michigan called to ask for guidance in sampling vermiculite attic insulation. The caller said he and his wife had operated a preschool out of the building for twenty years, and he was upset to learn that young children attending his school might have been exposed to asbestos in the vermiculite. He subsequently took samples of the insulation and reported asbestos ranging from non-detect to 4% by weight using TEM analysis.

An employee from the EPA Region 10 laboratory reported that samples of hazardous materials and new chemicals arrive at the lab packed in vermiculite. He was worried that employees at the lab could be exposed to asbestos while unpacking samples and chemicals. The Region 10 lab subsequently decided to use alternative packaging materials when shipping, and to specify that incoming shipments not be packed in vermiculite.

An industrial hygienist with a city park district said the district uses large quantities of vermiculite in greenhouses. He said he intended to take air monitoring samples while greenhouse workers were using vermiculite to see if there was any measurable exposure to asbestos.

Two men who formerly worked in vermiculite exfoliation plants in the northwest called to provide details about the manufacturing process. One said he suffers significant impaired lung function and has been diagnosed with asbestosis. The other provided a report of a recent chest x-ray showing early signs of asbestos related disease.

An employee of a large manufacturing facility in the Seattle area reported the company made a decision around 1980 to stop accepting supplies or equipment shipped in vermiculite because of the likelihood that the vermiculite was contaminated with asbestos. The company decided vermiculite presented a health hazard to employees and was a "right to know" issue.

The EPA National Enforcement Investigations Center laboratory stopped using vermiculite to ship hazardous materials nearly twenty years ago in part because of the potential for asbestos contamination in vermiculite. Lab personnel were also concerned about the potential for vermiculite to aerosolize and spread contaminants into the air.

A large military facility in the Seattle area reported using vermiculite for many years to pack hazardous materials for shipment. Because of concern the employees may have been exposed to asbestos when handling vermiculite, the employees of the shipping department were enrolled in the medical monitoring program.

Two different contractors at a nuclear facility in the northwest reported using large quantities of vermiculite in handling and shipping hazardous materials. Industrial hygienists from both companies are conducting their own inquiries to determine if employees who work with vermiculite have been or are being exposed to asbestos.

A resident of Libby, Montana, learned that Region 10 was investigating asbestos contamination in vermiculite. On a trip to Seattle he brought samples of rocks from the mine to for Region 10 scientists to analyze. His father and two brothers had worked at the mine, he had not. His father died of asbestosis. His two brothers have both been diagnosed with asbestosis. Analysis of the rock sample by the Manchester Environmental Laboratory using PLM showed the sample was 80% tremolite asbestos by weight.²⁸ A copy of the results of analysis follow this appendix.

²⁸ MEL sample analysis report for sample identified as Libby #1 collected 5/17/00

3.31 mi 13 26 27

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Report by Parameter for Project ATD-276A

Project Code: Project Numer

ATD-276A VERMICULITE MINES KATHY JOHNSON 0001810090102E

Collected; Matrix: Sample Number: 00210760

Туре:

5/17/00 Solid Reg sample

Project Officer: , Account Codes

Station Description: LIBBY #1

Units Olfr CEN Parameter : Bulk Asbestos Analysis Method Prep Method: Analytes * 200000 Actinolite · CIMIL *200006 Amosite UND *200007 Anthophylline UND *200013 Cellulose UND *200005 Chrysotlle UND *20001D Crocidolite UND *200011 Glass Fiber UND *200013 Mineral Wool LNO *200008 Tremolite 80 44

00210760 Reg sample

Attachment 1

Remark Codes

for

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Generated Data

ASBESTOS ANALYSIS

Remark "		
Codes	•	<u>Definition</u>
PNQ	-	The subject parameter was present in the sample but no quantifiable result was determined.
UND		The subject parameter was analyzed for but was undetected.
TRACE	: 12	A trace of the subject parameter was present.
NAF .	_	The subject parameter was not analyzed for.

5/ 5/00 9:59.3"

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected: Matrix:

Type:

1/31/00 Solid

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Sample Number: 00054200

Station Description: BLACK GOLD VERMICULITE

Reg sample

				Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter Method		Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Prep Metho	: : bo					
Analytes	;	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			לאט מאט
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			PNO
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			PNO
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5.500 4.84 5

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name:

ESD-045A

Project Officer:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

JED JANUCH

Account Code: Station Description: COLES VERMICULITE

0001B10P40101C

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054201

Type:

Reg sample

***************************************				Result	Units	Qlfr'
GEN						
Parameter Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Prep Metho						
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			PNQ
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
						UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

12QT

00054201 Reg sample

5 5/00 0.395

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

JED JANUCH

1/31/00

Collected: Matrix:

Solid

Type:

Sample Number: 00054202

Station Description: SCHULTZ VERMICULITE

8QT

Reg sample

				Result	Units	Olfr
GEN						
Parameter	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Method	;		,			
Prep Meth	od:					
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			PNO
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5/ 5/00 9.59-37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected: Matrix: 1/31/00

Project Name: Project Officer:

JED JANUCH

Sample Number: 00054203 ·

Solid

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Type:

Reg sample

Station Description: WHITNEY FARMS VERMICULITE

			Result	Units	Olfr
GEN					
Parameter Method	: Bulk Asbes	tos Analysis			
Prep Metho					
Analytes	: *200009	Actinolite			UND
	*200006	Amosite			UND
	*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
	*200013	Cellulose			
	*200005	Chrysotile			UND
	*200010	Crocidolite			UND
	*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
	*200017	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			UND
		Mineral Wool			UND
	*200008	Tremolite			TRACE

5 5.00 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

Station Description: SCOTTS VERMICULITE

0001B10P40101C

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid

Sample Number: 00054204

Type:

				Result	Units	Qlſr
GEN					·	
Parameter	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Method .	:		•			
Prep Meth	od:			•		
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
· •		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			מאט
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			TRACE

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name: Project Officer: RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

JED JANUCH

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: ZONOLITE VERMICULITE 19LB

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054205

Type:

				Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis	•		
Method	;					•
Prep Methe	od:					
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite	•		UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			לאט מאט
		*200010	Crocidolite			עאט
-		*200011	Glass Fiber			
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite		•	UND TRACE

5/, 5/00 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: ZONOLITE VERMICULITE

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid

Type:

Sample Number: 00054206

•				Result	Units	Olfr
GEN						
Parameter	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis		•	
Method	:					
Prep Meth	od:					
Analytes	;	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber		·	
		*200012	Mineral Wool	•	•	UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND TRACE

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

Station Description: THERMO ROCK 4 CUBIC FT

0001B10P40101C

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix: Sample Number: 00054207

Solid

Type:

					Result	Units	Olfr
GEN							
Parameter Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis		•		
Prep Meth	od:						
Analytes	;	*200009	Actinolite				UND
		*200006	Amosite	*			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite				UND
		*200013	Cellulose		•		UND
		*200005	Chrysotile				UND
		*200010	Crocidolite				UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber				UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool		-		UND
		*200008	Tremolite				TRACE

5/ 5/00 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

8QT

Collected:

1/31/00

Project Officer:

JED JANUCH

Matrix: Sample Number: 00054208

Solid

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: PROF. JIFFY MIX

Type:

Result

Reg sample

Units

GEN

Parameter': Bulk Asbestos Analysis

Method

Prep Method: Analytes

: *200009 Actinolite *200006 Amosite

*200007 Anthophyllite *200013 Cellulose *200005 Chrysotile

*200010 Crocidolite *200011 Glass Fiber *200012 Mineral Wool *200008 Tremolite

UND

UND UND PNQ UND

Qlſr

UND UND UND UND

5, 5/00 9.59,37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

JED JANUCH

Project Officer: Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: SAMS COICE POTTING SOIL

Matrix:

Collected:

1/31:00

Solid

Sample Number: 00054209 Type:

Reg sample

		************		Result	Units	Olfr
GEN						
Parameter Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Prep Meth	od:					
Analytes	;	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			מאט
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5 5 00 9 59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

Account Code:

GEN

Method Prep Method: Analytes

ESD-045A

: *200009

*200006

*200007

*200013

*200005

*200010

*200011

*200012

*200008

Project Name: Project Officer:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: COLES HOUSE PLANT MIX 8QT

Tremolite

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054210

Type:

Reg sample

UND

Result Units Qlfr Parameter : Bulk Asbestos Analysis Actinolite UND Amosite UND Anthophyllite UND Cellulose PNQ Chrysotile UND Crocidolite UND Glass Fiber UND Mineral Wool UND

5 5,00 9.59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name: Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected: Matrix:

1/31/00

Solid

Type:

Sample Number: 00054211

Station Description: SCHULTZ SEED STARTER 5.4 LB

		***		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN				•			
Parameter	:	Bulk Asbesto	s Analysis				
Method	:		•			•	
Prep Metho	od:						
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite				PNO
		*200006	Amosite		•		UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite				UND
		*200013	Cellulose				טאט מאט
		*200005	Chrysotile				UND
		*200010	Crocidolite				UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber				UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool				UND
		*200008	Tremolite				UND

57 5700 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name:

ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: SCHULTZ SEED STARTER 5.4 LB

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054212

Type:

Reg sample

**************************************				Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	s Analysis			
Prep Meth	od:					
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			PNO
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5 5.00 0.50 3"

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer:, Account Code:

JED JANUCH .

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: COLES AFRICAN VIOLOET MIX 4 QT

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054213

Type:

Reg sample

,				Result	Units	Olfr
GEN			•			
Parameter Method Prep Metho	:	Bulk Asbesto	s Analysis			
Prep Metho Analytes	:		Actinolite			
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND.
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			PNQ
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			לאט לאט
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5: 5/00 9:59:37

GEN

Method Prep Method; Analytes

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: ESD-045A

Parameter : Bulk Asbestos Analysis

: *200009

*200006

*200007

*200013 *200005

*200010 *200011

*200012

*200008

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: COLES CACTUS MIX 4QT

Actinolite

Chrysotile Crocidolite

Glass Fiber

Tremolite

Mineral Wool

Anthophyllite Cellulose

Amosite

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054214

Type:

Reg sample

UND

Result	Units	Qlfr
	•	
•		
		UND
•		UN.D
		UND
		PNQ
		UND
		UND
		CND
		UND

5/ 5/00 9:59.37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected:

1-31/00

Project Officer:

JED JANUCH

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054215

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Type:

Reg sample

Station Description: COUNTRY COTTAGE SEED STARTER 8QT

****				Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter Method Prep Meth	;	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Analytes		*200009	Actinolite			
· · ·	•	*200005	Amosite			UND UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			PNO
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5: 5:00 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid

Type:

Sample Number: 00054216 Reg sample

Station Description: BLANK GOLD SEEDLING MIX 46QT

		Result	Units	Qlſr
GEN .				
Parameter : Bulk Asbes Method :	tos Analysis		,	
Prep Method: Analytes : *200009	Actinolite			
*200006	Amosite			UND
*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
· *200013	Cellulose			UND
*200005	Chrysotile			PNQ
*200010	Crocidolite			לאט. מאט
*200011	Glass Fiber			UND
*200012	Mineral Wool .			UND
*200008	Tremotite			UND

5/ 5/00 9:59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: Project Name: Project Officer: ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS JED JANUCH

Collected: Matrix:

1/31/00 Solid

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: SCOTTS PROGRO 25QT

Sample Number: 00054217

Type:

				······································	Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN							
Parameter Method Prep Meth	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis				
Analytes		*200009 *200006 *200007 *200013 *200005 *200010 *200011 *200012 *200008	Actinolite Amosite Anthophyllite Cellulose Chrysotile Crocidolite Glass Fiber Mineral Wool Tremolite				UND UND UND PNQ UND UND UND UND UND UND

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code: ESD-045A Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected: Matrix:

1/31/00 Solid

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Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH 0001B10P40101C

Sample Number: 00054218 Type:

Reg sample

Station Description: WHITNEY FARMS VERMICULITE - FRED MEYER

				Re	sult	Units	Qlſr
GEN							
Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis				
Prep Metho	d:						
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite				LDID
•		*200006	Amosite				UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite				UND
		*200013	Cellulose				UND
		*200005	Chrysotile				UND
		*200010	Crocidolite				UND
		*200010					UND
			Glass Fiber				UND
•		*200012	Mineral Wool				UND
		*200008	Tremolite				UND

5. 5 (to 93937

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Collected: Matrix:

1/31/00

Project Name: Project Officer:

JED JANUCH

Sample Number: 00054219

Solid

Account Code:

0001B10P40101C

Type:

Reg sample

Station Description: ZONOLITE - BURDIC FEED

				Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter	;	Bulk Asbesto	s Analysis			
Method	:					
Prep Metho	d:					
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
,		*200011	Glass Fiber		•	UND
		*200012	Mineral Wool			UND
		*200008	Tremolite			PNQ

5.500 0.59.37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

Project Officer: Account Code:

JED JANUCH

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: THERMO ROCK CARPINITO BROS

Collected:

1/31/00

Matrix:

Solid Sample Number: 00054220

Type:

Reg sample

				 Result	Units	Qlfr
GEN						
Parameter Method	:	Bulk Asbesto	os Analysis			
Prep Meth						
Analytes	:	*200009	Actinolite			UND
		*200006	Amosite			UND
		*200007	Anthophyllite			UND
		*200013	Cellulose -			UND
		*200005	Chrysotile			UND
		*200010	Crocidolite			UND
		*200011	Glass Fiber			PNO
		*200012	Mineral Wool			· UND
		*200008	Tremolite			UND

5/ 5/00 9.59:37

Manchester Environmental Laboratory Combined Final Report for Project ESD-045A

Project Code:

ESD-045A

Project Name: Project Officer:

JED JANUCH

Account Code:

RETAIL HOME & GARDEN CENTERS

0001B10P40101C

Station Description: ZONOLITE - CHUBBY & TUBBY

Collected:

3/ 7/00

Matrix:

Solid

Sample Number: 00104200 Type:

Reg sample

		Result	Units	Olfr
GEN Parameter : Bulk Asbesto Method : Prep Method: Analytes : *200009 *200006 *200007 *200013 *200010 *200011 *200012 *200008	Actinolite Amosite Anthophyllite Cellulose Chrysotile Crocidolite Glass Fiber Mineral Wool Tremolite			UND UND PNQ UND UND UND UND UND UND UND

Attachment 2

Lab/Cor, Inc.

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000109

Project Name: Retail Home and Garden Centers ESD-045 A 0Y0107NASX. Client Information Project No.: P. O. No.:

By: DJ By: JH By: TMM Tracking Information Login: Feb 3, 2000
Reviewed: Feb 11, 2000
Final Review: May 25, 2000

Report Date: May 25, 2000

EPA/600/R-93/116 Semi-Quantitative Analysis Information 68-02-3266 Bulk Analysis Type: Reference No.: Sample Type:

FINAL TABLE
Transmission Electron Microscopy – Semi-Ouantitative – Bulk Samole Analysis

Sample No. Sample No. Black Gold Vermiculite / 12 Qt. / Carpinito Bros. 54202 Scholtz Vermiculite / 8 Qt. / Wallmart 54203 Whitney Farms / 14 Qt. / Fred Meyers 54205 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt. / Wallmart 54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb. / Burdie Feeds inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm / 4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros.				"dosco rattit no sasa	7 - Schill-Zui	organismostou executou mierroscopy — seun-Quantitative — buik sample Analysis	pie Analysis				
54200 Black Gold Vermiculite / 12 Qt. / Carptinito Bros. Cole's Vermiculite / 12 Qt./ Eagles (Lowes) Scholtz Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart S4203 Whitney Farms / 14 Qt./ Fred Meyers S4204 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart S4205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds Inc. S4206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds Inc. Carpinito Bros.	Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Regulated Asbestiform Mineral Type	Weight Percent	Other Components	Weight Percent	Prepped By	Prep Date(s)	Analyst	Analysis Date
54201 Cole's Vermiculite / 12 Qt / Eagles (Lowes) Scholtz Vermiculite / 8 Qt / Wallmart 54203 Whitney Farms / 14 Qt / Fred Meyers Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt / Wallmart 54204 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt / Wallmart 54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb / Burdie Feeds inc. 54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb / Burdie Feeds inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm / 4 Cu. Ft / Reds Inc. Carpinito Bros.	000109-01	54200	Black Gold Vermiculite / 12 Qt. / Carpinito Bros.	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	25.00 40.58 34.42	MQ MQ	02/04/00	99	05/08/00
54202 Schottz Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart 54203 Whitney Farms / 14 Qt./ Fred Meyers 54204 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart 54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. Feeds inc. 54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. Feeds inc. Garpinito Bros. Feeds lnc. 64207 Therm-ORock Verm / 4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros. Prf. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	000109-02	54201	Cole's Vermiculite / 12 Qt./ Eagles (Lowes)	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	1.32 47.53 51.15	wa Dw	02/04/00	99	02/09/00
54203 Whitney Farms / 14 QL/ Fred Meyers 54204 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 QL/ Wallmart 54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. 54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds Inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros.	000109-03	54202	Scholtz Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	0.00 46.84 53.16	MQ DM	02/04/00	99	02/08/00
54204 Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart 54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. 54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros.	000109-04	54203	Whitney Farms / 14 Qt./ Fred Meyers	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	0.68 45.27 54.05	DW DW	02/04/00	99	02/08/00
54205 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. 54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros. 54208 Prf. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	000109-05		Scotts Vermiculite / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	0.19 84.45 15.36	wa Dw	02/04/00	99	02/09/00
54206 Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb / Burdie Feeds Inc. 54207 Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft / Carpinito Bros. 54208 Prf. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt / Wallmart	00109-06		Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds inc.	Actinolite	0.56	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	1.46 42.98 55.00	DW	02/04/00	99	02/03/00
54207 Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros. 54208 Prf. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	00109-07		Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds Inc.	Actinolite	0.47	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	2.05 51.17 46.31	DW DW	02/04/00	99	02/03/00
54208 Prf. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	00109-08		Therm-ORock Verm /4 Cu. Ft./ Carpinito Bros.	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	5.49 60.14 34.37	MQ DM	02/04/00	99	00/00/20
	00109-09		əri. Jiffy Mix / 8 Qt./ Wallmart	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	51.40 27.54 21.06	wo Ow	02/04/00	99	05/08/00

Lab/Cor, Inc.

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000109

Client Information

Project Name: Retail Home and Garden
Centers
Project No.: ESD-045 A
P. O. No.: 0Y0107NASX

Tracking Information

Login: Feb 3, 2000 By: DJ

Reviewed: Feb 11, 2000 By: JH

Final Review: May 25, 2000 By: TMM

Report Date: May 25, 2000
Analysis Information

Sample Type: Bulk Analysis Type: Semi-Quantitative Reference No.: EPA/600/R-93/116 68-02-3266

FINAL TABLE Transmission Electron Microscopy – Semi-Quantitative – Bulk Sample Analysis

Analysis Date	02/03/00	02/03/00	02/03/00	02/10/00	02/10/00	02/07/00	02/01/00	02/10/00	02/07/00
Analyst	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99	99
Prep Date(s)	02/04/00	02/04/00	02/04/00	02/04/00	02/04/00	02/04/00 02/07/00	02/04/00	02/04/00	02/04/00
Prepped By	MQ DM	MQ OM	DW DW	wo ow	DW DW	W W	MQ MQ	MG DM	MQ MQ
Weight Percent	34.06 21.69 44.25	36.12 23.70 40.18	43.30 43.02 13.68	28.57 45.90 25.53	44.59 13.51 41.90	17.42 37.64 44.49	44.94 23.42 31.64	65.54 11.49 22.97	49.12 38.35 12.53
Other Components	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics- Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Crganics Acid Solubles Cther Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos
Weight Percent						0.45			
Regulated Asbestiform Mineral Type	None Detected	None Detected	None Detected	None Detected	None Detected	Actinolite	None Detected	None Detected	None Detected
Description	Sams Choice Prf Potting Mix / 10 Lb./ Wallmart	Coles light House Plant Mix / 8 Qt./ Eagle	Schultz Seéd Starter / 5.4 Lb./ Eagles	Schultz Seed Starter / 5.4 Lb./ Eägles	Coles African Violet Mix / 4 Qt./ Eagles	Coles Cactus Mix / 4 Qt./ Eagles	Country Cottage Prf. Seed Starter / 8 Qt./ Oriental Garden Center	Black Gold seedling Mix / 16 Qt./ Fred Meyers	Scotts Pro Grow Professional Potting Mix / 25 Qt./ Home Depot
Client Sample No.	54209	54210	54211	54212	54213	54214	54215	54216	54217
Lab/Cor Sample No.	000109-10	000109-11	000109-12	000109-13	000109-14	000109-15	000109-16	000109-17	000109-18

Lab/Cor, Inc. A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000109

	Clie Project Name: Project No	Client Information Project Name: Retail Home and Garden Centers Project No - ESD-045 A
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Tra	Tracking Information	ion
Login: Reviewed: Final Rossins	Feb 3, 2000 Feb 11, 2000	By: DJ By: JH
i inde menery.	way 23, 2000	INIMI : ig

 Analy	Analysis Information
 Sample Type:	Bulk
Analysis Type:	Semi-Quantitative
 Reference No	EPA/600/R-93/116
	68-02-3266

Report Date: May 25, 2000

FINAL TABLE Transmission Electron Microscopy – Semi-Quantitative – Bulk Sample Analysis

Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Regulated Asbestiform Mineral Type	Weight Percent	Other Components	Weight Percent	Prepped By	Prep Date(s)	Analyst	Analysis Date
000109-19	00054205A	Zonolite Vermiculite / 19 Lb./ Burdie Feeds Inc. (QC Replicate)	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles	8.88	MQ MQ	02/04/00	99	02/10/00
					Other Nonasbestos	47.33				
000109-20	00054211A	Schultz Seed Starter / 5.4 Lb / Eagles	None Detected		Organics	\$3.77	ŏ.	02/04/00	99	02/10/00
					Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	17.92	M O	02/03/00		

Lab/Cor, Inc.
A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000224

Clie	Client Information
Project Name:	Project Name: Vermiculite -Commercial
	Product
Project No.:	ESD-045A
P. O. No.:	0001B10P40101C

red: Mar 23, 2000 Review: May 25, 2000	By: DJ By: JH By: TMM

Anal	Analysis Information
Sample Type:	Bulk
Analysis Type:	Semi-Quantitative
Reference No.:	EPA/600/R-93/116
	68-02-3266

Report Date: May 25, 2000

Fransmission Electron Microscopy – Semi-Quantitative – Bulk Sample Analysis	
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- 1.0										
Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Asbestiform Regulated Mineral Type	Weight Percent	Other Components	Weight Percent	Prepped By	Prep Date(s)	Analyst	Analysis Date
000224-01	54203	Whitney Farms Vermiculite - Fred Meyer	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles	3.24 61.36	MQ	03/13/00	Hy	03/22/60
000224-02	54205	Zonolite - Burdic Feed	Actinolite	0.94	Organics Acid Colubbac	£. 3.	MQ	03/13/00	HC	03/22/00
			Total	1.88	Other Nonasbestos	92.38				
000224-03	54207	Thermo Rock - Carpinito Bros.	Actinolite	0.33	Organics Acid Solubles	2.06	MΩ	03/13/00	H,	03/23/00
000224-04	104200	Zonolite Chubby & Tubby	None Detected		Ornapics	32.59	Vic	03/13/00	ī	03/23/00
					Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	0.91		3	5	
		1	-	-					_	

Lab/Cor, Inc.

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000233

Client Information

Project Name: Retail
Homc&Garden/MEL
Project No.: Not Available
P. O. No.: Not Available

Tracking Information

Login: Mar 13, 2000 By: MH

Reviewed: Mar 27, 2000 By: JH

Final Review: Jun 1, 2000 By: TMM

Analysis Information
Sample Type: Bulk
Analysis Type: Semi-Quantitative
Reference No.: EPA/600/R-93/116

Report Date: June 1, 2000

ence No.: EF AJOUU/K-93/1 68-02-3266

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - Semi-Quantitative - Bulk Sample Analysis

Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Asbestiform Regulated Mineral Type	Weight Percent	Other Components	Weight Percent	Prepped By	Prep Date(s)	Analyst	Analysis Date
600233-01	54203	Whitney Farms Residue	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	9.09 72.73 18.18	MO	03/14/00	H	03/26/00
000233-02	54204	Scotts Residue	None Detected		Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	2.50 87.50 10.00	DW	03/14/00	工	03/26/00
000233-03	54205	Zonolite Residue	Tremolite	0.10	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	2.56 92.31 5.03	WQ	03/14/00	Hſ	03/26/00
000233-04	54206	Zonolite Residue	Tremolite	2.79	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	0.00 72.09 25.12	DW	03/14/00	Hſ	03/26/00
000233-05	54207	ThermoRock	Actinolite	0.30	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	2.17 67.39 30.14	MQ	03/14/00	нг	03/26/00
000233-06	80772	#3 Residue	Tremolite	0.24	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	28.57 47.62 23.57	MO	03/14/00	Н	03/26/00
000233-07	80773	#4 Residue	Tremolite	0.64	Organics Acid Solubles Other Nonasbestos	8.00 28.00 63.36	MQ	03/14/00	푸	03/26/00

Attachment 3

TY JAYKE!

Industrial Chemicals Group W.R. Grock & Co. 62 Whittemore Avenue Combridge, Mass. 02140 4416

16171 876-1400

April 1, 1980

Hr. Dale Ray
Consumer Product Safety Commission
Economic Program Analysis Division
Room 656-B
Washington, D.C. 20207

Dear Mr. Ray: .

This will confirm our conference call of March 12, 1980 in which we reviewed with you the results of testing performed by the Construction Products Division of W. R. Grace & Co to determine the extent of asbestiform tramplite fiber release associated with use of Grace vermiculite in consumer products. During our conversation, you requested that we set out the details of Grace's fiber exposure test methodology and test results and indicate the nature of Grace's fiber reduction efforts.

As you know, tremolite is a tramp mineral contaminant ... which is associated with vermiculite and which Grace has been attempting to reduce to the maximum extent feasible. Since 1970, Grace has invested over \$15 million to extract worthless materials and contaminants and to reduce airborne fiber exposure in its vermiculite mining, milling and expanding operations. A substantial part of this investment was associated with the construction by Grace of a new vermiculite mill at its Libby, Montana mine which uses wet screening and other wet ore beneficiation processes designed to reduce the asbestiform tremolite contaminant associated with vermiculite.

Following startup of the new mill, in early 1975, Grace took further steps to reduce tremolite contamination by removing and disposing of selected fines which have a higher level of contamination, thereby reducing the level of contamination in its finished ore concentrate. Since that time, changes have been made in the exfoliation process equipment used at Grace's vermiculite expanding plants which

.

Sent by:

process Grace vermiculite ore for use in both consumer and industrial products. These changes provided for further screening, separation, and removal of both fines and the heavier unexpanded residual high density material following exfoliation both of which may contain a higher level of asbestiform tremolite contamination than the finished product. By use of bag houses and other dust filtration equipment, including an air elutriation step, additional reduction of the tremolite fiber contamination of expanded vermiculite end product is accomplished.

Grace has taken the further step of developing a binding agent for its Zonolite(R) Attic Insulation product and has recently started up equipment at all its expanding plants to apply this binder to Attic Insulation to further reduce dust and exposure to asbestiform fibers during the use of this product.

As a result of these reductions in asbestiform tremolite contamination, we believe that consumer products containing vermiculite and sold by Grace do not generate unreasonable risks for users. This has been verified by Grace's Fiber exposure tests of consumer products containing expanded Grace vermiculite ore. All measurements were made by the NIOSH-approved technique as set forth in 40 CFR Section 1910.1001, paragraphs (e) and (f), utilizing the membrane filter method at 400-450 X (magnification) (4 millimeter objective) with phase contrast illumination. The results of these tests were as follows:

Product

Terra-Lite(R) Vermiculite
Redi-Earth(R)
Lightweight Fertilizer
(Scott's Turf Builder)
Zonolite Attic Insulation

Fibers Detected

None Detected None Detected None Detected

Some fibers detected during installation

The actual test protocols and results of the tests are shown in Annex A to this letter. No tests were performed on Pool Cushion (R), a Grace product, which is used for protection of the base of vinyl-lined above-ground swimming pools since this use occurs out-of-doors and, typically, involves no more than 3 to 12 bags of vermiculite, depending on the size of the pool.

The only Grace product whose use resulted in a detectable fiber exposure was Attic Insulation and, then, at low levels only during installation. Tests indicate no residual fiber release following installation. Since this product is unlikely to be used more than two or three times during an entire lifetime and, then, only for exposure times which would not be expected to exceed two hours in any one case, the lifetime dosage is several orders of magnitude lower than any promulgated government standard applicable to tremolice fiber exposure.

- 3 -

Grace is continuing to exert its best efforts to further reduce the asbestiform tremolite contamination associated with its vermiculite products to the maximum extent feasible. For example, beginning in Hay of this year, a new rock and tremolite removal circuit should be operational at the Libby mill. This circuit is expected to reduce the level of tremolite contamination in fine size vermiculite are by 50%. Additional research is underway to develop a similar circuit for reduction of tremolite contamination in the coarser sizes of vermiculite are used for Zonolite Artic Insulation. One promising separation technique is slot screening which, if successful, could reduce tremolite contamination in the coarse ore concentrate by over 50%.

We are rapidly, approaching, a point of diminishing return since the amount of asbestiform tremolite contaminant in the vermiculite ore presently shipped to the exfoliating plants averages only 0.5% on a dry weight basis. For expanded vermiculite products, the level of contaminant is on average at or below the lowest level of reliable detectability, 0.2% on a dry weight basis. Accordingly, the 50% reduction Grace expects to achieve in the fine ores by May and, ultimately, the coarse ore sizes is a reduction from an already very low contaminant level. With this background, it is clear to us that the task of further reducing the remaining residual contamination in unexpanded ore and expanded vermiculite products will show a rapidly escalating cost in relation to the benefits detived.

12/29/99 17:04; JetFax_#709; Page 5/17

Jent by:

Mr. Dale Ray

- 4 -

April 1, 1980

We trust that this information will be useful to you in connection with the CPSC's evaluation of the asbestos contamination issue.

Very truly yours,

E. S. Wood Executive Vice President

Attachment

USER EXPOSURE TO FIBROUS TREMOLITE IN VERMICULITE CONSUMER PRODUCTS

TEST DATA

- I. TEST PROTOCOL
- A. Horticultural Products
 - 1. Consumer Use of Terra-Lite(R) Vermiculite(a)
- (a) Mix and fill pots to simulate consumer preparation of a mix of 50% peet moss and 50% Terra-Lite vermiculite by scooping equal volumes of materials, out of separate packages and depositing on work surface. Hand mix to reasonable uniformity and fill fifteen (I5) 4" diameter flower pots in 15 minutes. Press down-to firm up the soil to hold the plant.

After 8 days the 15 pots were brought into the work area where three separate procedures were performed. Fiber counts were taken during each of these three procedures. Five pots were used for each of the three procedures.

- (b) Knock Out and Disposal -- To simulate the consumer who does not intend to reuse the soil. Invert the pot and rap on the working surface so that the soil drops out.

 Brush the mound of soil off the bench into a disposal container. Take a paper towel and wipe inside of pot so that is is clean for reuse and dispose of the paper towel.

 In this procedure, contents of five pots will be disposed of during the 15 minute test period.
- (c) Knock Out and Reuse for Potting Other Plants Simulate a consumer who will reuse the potting soil. Rap

make it similar to its original free-flowing condition.

Repeat this five times. Combine all soil into one pile;

then proceed to refill pots by scooping the material back in

and tamping it down. In this 15 minute test procedure, five

pots will be filled.

(d) Knock Out and Blend with New Porring Soil - Simulate a consumer who will blend old with new porring soil. Rap pot on workbench by hand and break up the lump of soil to make it similar to its original free-flowing condition.

Repeat procedure five times. Obtain additional porring soil to match the volume of the dried soil. Place new soil on top of the old soil and mix together by hand. Use this mix to fill pots. During this 15 minute test procedure, 10 pots are filled.

2. Consumer Use of Redi-Earth(R) Porting Soil (b)

- (a) Same procedure as 1 (a), except; substitute premixed Redi-earth for Terra-Lite Yermiculite as the soil medium.
 - (b) Same procedure as 1 (b).
 - (c) Same procedure as 1 (c).
 - (d) Same procedure as 1 (d).

B. Consumer Use of Lightweight Fertilizer (c)

1. Ceneral

A five building apartment complex was selected as the test site. With over 100,000 sq. ft. of grass area, the site allowed air sampling while fertilizing over an extended period of time.

the spreader hopper and fertilizing, and the other maintaining log sheets, time and pump calibrations.

2. Application of Lightweight Lawn Fertilizer

Two sampling pumps with filter cassettes located in the left and right breathing zones were worn by the applicator during the sampling/fertilizing period. The applicator filled the spreader hopper to within 2" of the top and refilled when the hopper was approximately 3/4ths empty. Using a new Model 35 Scotts spreader with guide markets, the applicator spread thirteen (13) hags of lawn fertilizer at the normal coverage application rate (5000 ft²/bag).

C. Consumer Installation of Vermiculite Attic Insulation (d)

1. General

Vermiculite Attic Insulation is generally purchased in quantities of 10 - 100 bags per home to "retrofit" or "add "to" existing insulation in an existing home. Seldom is vermiculite Attic Insulation installed in new construction. To determine consumer exposure to tremolite fibers, the following series of tests by home owners was intended to indicate actual exposures under a variety of conditions.

2. Area Engineering Samples

Engineering samples were taken as follows:

- (a) Prior to installing vermiculite Attic Insulation, monitor attic space for 5 6 hours.
- (b) Approximately two months after installing insulation, monitor attic space (or 5 6 hours.

. Youring/Leveling Vermiculite Attic Insulation in a Home

Each test home utilized 40 - 70 bags (3 cubic feet each) of vermiculite Attic Insulation. The installer was monitored during the placement of insulation.

Initially, place 15 - 20 bags in the arric. The installer poured all bags and leveled insulation with a wooden hand screed or one with a handle to push insulation back into roof eaves. Additional bags were brought to the attic in lots of 15 - 20 bags as required.

NOTES:

- (a) Terra-Lite vermiculite is composed of expanded #3 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enoree, South Carolina.
- (b) Redi-Earth is a potting soil consisting of a mixture of 50% peat moss and 50% expanded #3 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enorse, South Carolina with plant nutrients added.
- (c) Lightweight fertilizer utilizes expanded #4 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enorse, South Carolina.
- (d) Attic Insulation is composed of expanded $\ddagger 1$ or $\ddagger 2$ vermiculite ore available only from Libby, Montana.
- (e) Pool Cushion which was not tested utilizes expanded ${\it 13}$ vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enorse, South Catolina.

12:29/99 17:05; JetEpx_#709;Page 9/17

Sent by:

- routing/Leveling Vermiculite Attic Insulation in a Home

Each test home utilized 40 ~ 70 bags (3 cubic feet each) of vermiculite Attic Insulation. The installer was monitored during the placement of insulation.

Initially, place 15 - 20 bags in the attic. The installer poured all bags and leveled insulation with a wooden hand screed or one with a handle to push insulation back into roof eaves. Additional bags were brought to the attic in lots of 15 - 20 bags as required.

NOTES:

- (a) Terra-Lite vermiculite is composed of expanded #3 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enoree, South Carolina.
- (b) Redi-Earth is a porting soil consisting of a mixture of 50% peat moss and 50% expanded #3 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enorse, South Carolina with plant nutrients added.
- (c) Lightweight fertilizer utilizes expanded \$4 vermiculite ore from either Libby, Montana or Enoree, South Carolina.
- (d) Attic Insulation is composed of expanded \$1 or \$2 vermiculite ore available only from hibby, Montana.
- (e) Pool Cushion which was not tested utilizes expanded ${\it 13}$ vermiculite ore from either Libby, Nontana or Enorse, South Carolina.

_ 6

II. RESULTS (See -fore 1)

		PERSONNEL EXPOSURE	AVE. (f/cc)	PERSONNEL EXPOSURE	TWA (f/cc)
A. HORTICULTURAL PRODUCTS (see Note 2)		South Carolina	Montana.	South Carolina	Moncan
1. Consumer Use of Terra-Lite Vermicul	lite	,		_	
(a) Mix and Pill Pots		<0.29	<0.14	<0.073	<0.035
(b) Knock Out and Disposal		<0.14	<0.14	ZED.O>	<0.035
(c) Knock Our and Reuse		<0.14	<0.14	<0.035	<0.035
(d) Knock Out and Blend	;	<0.14	<0.14	<0.035	<0.035
2 Consumer Use of Redi-Earth	:				
(a) Mix and Fil 1 Pots	:	<0.29	<0.14	<0.073	<0.035
(b) Knock Our and Disposal		<0.14	<0.14	<0.035	<0.035
(c) Knock our and Reuse .		<0.14	<0.14	<0.035	<0.035
(d) Knock Our and Blend	•	<0.14	<0.14	<0.035	<0.035
B. LIGHTWEIGHT FERTILIZER				-	
1. Application of Lightweight Fertilization With Montana derived vermiculis	er ta		<0.03	<0	. 008

C. Home Installation of Vermiculite Attic Insulation

1. Engineering/Area Samples

Home .	Type Bane	No. Bags	Fiber Concentration ADDIC Before	(f/cc) After (see note 3)
F .	Colonfal	5\$	0.03 (see note 4)	<0.01
×	Саре	30	NO TEST -	<0.01
S	Ranch	64 .	<0.01	<0.01
W	Colonial	70	. <0.01	<0.01

- 5

	Туре	Personnel Ex	posure (f/cc)
Home	Hoone	Ave	TWA (see note 5)
F.	Colonial	2.597	0.649
Ħ	Саре	0.971	0.243
s	Ranch	-2.115	0.529
W	Colonial	1.746	- 0,436

NOTES:

1. The symbol < (less than) indicates no fibers were observed in the counted fields. As a measure of test precision, results are reported to be less than the value represented by one fiber if such had been detected in one of the observed fields.

According to NIOSH reports, the limit of reliable detectaility for this test procedure is 0.5 f/cc exposure and 0.1 f/cc TWA. Values below 0.5 f/cc exposure and 0.1 f/cc TWA are not judged as detectable.

- 2. Each test of horitcultural products was repeated using products made from both Libby, Montana ore and Enorse, South Carolina ore. The Grace vermiculite ore used in making Attic Insulation originates from the Libby, Montana mine as does the ore purchased by D. M. Scott & Sons for use in its lightweight lawn fertilizer.
- 3. In addition to results tabulated, two additional tests indicate no fibers detected in attics insulated with vermiculite loose fill in one case six hours and in another case approximately nine years after installation.
- 4. In all home attics tested, vermiculite Attic Insulation was added as a retrofit insulation over existing glass, mineral wool or cellulose insulation. In home "F", a fiber was observed in the counted fields prior to pouring vermiculite Attic Insulation. Although length and aspect ratio fell within the fiber definition, it is believed to be airborne glass fiber from existing insulation. There was no vermiculite Attic Insulation in the attic when this prejob semple was taken.

5. In calculating the time-weighted average (TWA) exposure for consumers using Attic Insulation, it is assumed that the user would work in the actic pouring Attic Insulation for two hours in one eight-hour work day. Results in C. 1., indicate no further exposures after installation. The lifetime exposure and risk associated with the use of Attic Insulation is infinitesimally small compared to industrial exposures since the opportunity for exposure is rare (perhaps twice in a lifetime) compared to a permitted industrial exposure up to 2 f/cc during each eight-hour work day throughout a working lifetime. Therefore, comparison of TWAS between a rare and conroutine exposure in the case of Attic Insulation and the OSHA industrial standard of 2 f/cc vastly overstates the potential hazard involved in the use of Attic Insulation.

Attachment 4

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000146

Vermiculite Project Project Name: EPA Region 10 Client Information 0Y0107NASX Not Available Air Sample Type: Project No.: P. Ö. No.:

Tra	Fracking Information	ion	
Login:	Feb 17, 2000	By: GG	
Prep:	Feb 18, 2000.		
Verified:	Feb 18, 2000	By: DW	
Reviewed:	Feb 21, 2000	By: JH	
Final Review:	May 25, 2000	By: TMM	

Report Date: May 25, 2000

Analysis	Analysis Information
Analysis Type:	NIOSH
Reference No.:	7402
Min. Aspect Ratio: 3:1	3:1
Min. Length:	5 µm
Min. Width:	0.25 µm

FINAL TABLE

		Transmission Electron Microscopy - NIOSH - Air Sample Analysis	ctron Mic	roscopy - NIOS	H – Air	Sample	Analysis						
Des	Description	Fiber Type	Concentration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)	Struc. Count	Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs. (%)	Opt. Vis. Analytical Volume Asb. Sens. (liters)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid	Filter Area	Area Analyzed	Analyst	Analyzed Analyst Date
Pump #1 Flowrate 2.85 l/m 30 min #1	35 Vm 30 min	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.022	0 - 0.083	00		0.022	85.5	20	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	<0.022	0 - 0.083	0							~	
Pump #5 Flowrate 2.85 l/m 30 min #2	5 Vm 30 min	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.022	0 - 0.083	00	A A	0.022	85.5	82	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	<0.022	0 - 0.083	0	***************************************			*				
Pump #1 Flowrate 2.8 Vm 30 min #3	m 30 min	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023	0 - 0.084	00	NA	0.023	84.0	8	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	<0.023	780.0-0	0			·	• •				
Pump #5 Flowrate 2.8 Vm 30 min #4	п 30 тіл	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023	0 - 0.084	0 %	0	0.023	84.0	8	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	0.068	0.014 - 0.200	m					•••••			
Pump #1 Flowrate 2.8 Vm 30 min #5	n 30 min	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023 0.023	0-0.084	0+	0	0.023	84.0	8	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	0.023	0.001 - 0.127	-		••••	-					
Pump #5 Flowrate 2.8 l/m 30 min #6	/m 30 min	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023	0-0.084	0 70	0	620.0	84.0	8	385	0.2013	99	2/18/00
		TOTAL	0.046	0.006 - 0.184	2				***************************************	·····			•
						-	_			-	_		,

[%] Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by MOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000146

Γ-					
Client Information	Project Name: EPA Region 10	Vermiculite Project	Not Available	0Y0107NASX	Air
Cii	Project Name:		Project No.:	P. O. No.:	Sample Type:

Trac	Fracking Information	tion	
Login: F	Feb 17, 2000	By:	GG
Prep: F	Feb 18, 2000	By:	ΜQ
Verified: F	Feb 18, 2000		DW
Reviewed: F	Feb 21, 2000	By:	IH
Final Review: N	May 25, 2000	-	TMMT

Analysis	Analysis Information
Analysis Type:	NIOSH
Reference No.:	7402
Min. Aspect Ratio: 3:1	3:1
Min. Length:	5 µm
Min. Width:	0.25 µm

Report Date: May 25, 2000

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - NIOSH - Air Sample Analysis

							•	•						
Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Concentration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)	Struc. Count	Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs /43	Opt. Vis. Analytical Asb. Sens. Fibs (%) (structed)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid	Filter Area	Area Analyzed	Analyst	Area Analyst Analysis
000146-07	00074206	Pump #1 Flowrate 2.8 Vm 30 min #7	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023 <0.023	0 - 0.084	00	NA A	0.023	84.0	20	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
183			TOTAL	<0.023	0 - 0.084	0								
000146-08	00074207	Pump #5 Flowrate 2.8 l/m 30 min #8	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.023 0.023	0 - 0.084	0-	0	0.023	84.0	8	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
<u>8</u>			TOTAL	0.023	0.001 - 0.127	-	-							
000146-09	00074208	Blank 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	NA NA	NA - NA NA - NA	00	AN	NA		8	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
isa a			TOTAL	\$	NA - NA	6					,-			
000146-10	00074209	Blank 2	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	NA AN	NA - NA	00	AA A	A N		8	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
Test			TOTAL	NA	NA . NA) c			•					
000146-11	00074210	ac1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	NA NA	NA - NA NA - NA	000	A A	A N		8	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
est	•		TOTAL	AM.	NA - NA	0			·····			***************************************		************
000146-12	00074211	ac 2	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	A A	NA - NA NA - NA	00	NA A	NA		8	385	0.2013	99	2/21/00
183			TOTAL	¥	NA - NA	0				~~ ~~				-

[%] Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by NIOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other TEM airborne analysis methods (AHERA, EPA - Yamate).

Lab/Cor, Inc. A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000147

Client Information	Project Name: EPA Region 10	verintedirle Froject Not Available 0Y0107NASX Air	
Cli	Project Name:	Project No.: P. O. No.: Sample Type:	

-				
	Tra	Tracking Information	tion	
	Login: Prep: Verified: Reviewed: Final Review:	Feb 17, 2000 Feb 18, 2000 Feb 18, 2000 Feb 21, 2000 Mar 22, 2000	By: GG By: DW By: DW By: JH By: JH	·

Report Date: March 22, 2000

Analysis	Analysis Information
Analysis Type:	Modified EPA-II
 Reference No.:	68 - 02 - 3266
Min. Aspect Ratio: 5:1	5:1
 Min. Length:	0.5 µm
 Min. Width: NA	•
 Lab Filter Area:	227 mm²

FINAL TABLE Transmission Electron Microscopy – Modified EPA-II (Direct and Indirect) – Air Sample Analysis

Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Density (s/mm²)	Concen- tration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)	Struc. Count	Analytical Volume Sens. (liters)		Number of Grid Openings	Dilution Factor	Dilution Area Factor Analyzed Analyst	Analyst	Analysis Date
000147-01	00074212	Pump #3 Flowrate 11.1 l/m 100	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.005	0 - 0.018	0	9000	1110.0	72		0.0725	J.	201.00
Direct		D# 02===	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	13.8	<0.005 0.005	0-0.018	0+)		2))	00/17/2
000147-02	00074213	Pump #4 Flowrate 11.15 l/m 100	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.005	0 - 0.018	0	0.005	1115.0	5		0.0725	9	2/24/00
Direct			ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	0	<0.005 <0.005	0 - 0.018 0 - 0.018	00)	80177
000147-03	00074214	Pump #3 Flowrate 11.0 l/m 100 mins #11	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.005	0 - 0.018	0	0.005	1100.0	52		0.0725	99	2/21/m
Direct			ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	00	<0.005 <0.005	0 - 0.018	00)	3
000147-04	00074215	Pump #4 Flowrate 11.0 l/m 100	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.005	0 - 0.018	0	0.005	1100.0	5		0.0725	C.	2/24/00
Direct		71.8.2	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	13.8	<0.005	0-0.018	0-						·	3
000147-05	00074216	Pump #4 Flowrate 11.1 l/m 100	TOTAL ASBESTOS	4139.4	0.847	0.527 - 1.168	7.7	0.031	1110.0	10	22.2	0.1449	H	3/21/00
Indirect		0. # J	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	1993.1 1533.1	0.408	0.217 - 0.697	£ 0							
000147-06	00074217	Pump #4 Flowrate 11.1 l/m 100	TOTAL ASBESTOS	2769.6	0.564	0.335 - 0.892	18	0.031	1110,0	10	22.2	0.1449	 특	3/21/00
Indirect		7 14 01071	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	1226.5 786.6	0.251	0.108 - 0.494	80 10							
000147-07	00074218	Blank #1	TOTAL ASBESTOS								-	1		
Blank			ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS			⊢ 0 Z		Z Z	→	ANALYZE	۵			

 $Lab/Cor,\ Inc.$ A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000147

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Tra	Tracking Information	ion
Login:	Feb 17, 2000	By: GG
Prep:	Feb 18, 2000	By: DW
Verified:	Feb 18, 2000	By: DW
Reviewed:	Feb 21, 2000	By: JH
Final Review:		

Report Date: March 22, 2000

% .: A	A	nalysis	Analysis Information
¥	nalysis Ty	pe:	Modified EPA-II
₹	eference A	.0.:	68 - 02 - 3266
₹.	fin. Aspect	Ratio:	5:1
IA.	fin. Length	2.	0.5 µm
	fin. Width:		-
	Lab Filter Area:	rea:	227 mm ²

FINAL TABLE
Transmission Electron Microscopy – Modified EPA-II (Direct and Indirect) – Air Sample Analysis

	· · ·	٦/			
	Analysi: Date				
	Analyst				
	Area nalyzed	(-111 - 111)			
	Dilution Factor A		Ω		
	Number of Grid	56	ANALYZED		ANALYZED
	Volume (liters)		<i>-</i>		\ \ \
	nalytical Sens. xruc/cc)		Z Z		Z
-	Struc. A		_		
	(shrwn²) tration interval Count (struc/cc) (struc/cc) (struc/cc) (struc/cc)		- 0 Z		⊢ 0 N
	concen- tration (struc/cc)	Ţ			
;	(s/mm ²)				
	8	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS
	Description				*
	Sor Client I	00074219		74220 QC	
	Lab/Cor Client Sample No. Sample No.	000147-08 00074219 Blank #2	Blank	000147-09	ပ္မ

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000225

Client Information

Project Name: Vermiculite Air Samples
Project No.: ESD-045A
P. O. No.: 0001B10P40101C
Sample Type: Air

Tracking Information

Login: Mar 10, 2000 By: DJ

Prep: Mar 14, 2000 By: DW

Verified: Mar 14, 2000 By: DW

Reviewed: Mar 26, 2000 By: JH

Final Review: Jun 3, 2000 By: TMM

Analysis Information

Analysis Type: EPA-II

Reference No.: 68 - 02 - 3266

Min. Aspect Ratio: 5:1

Min. Length: 0.5 µm

Min. Width: NA

Report Date: June 3, 2000

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - EPA-II - Air Sample Analysis

Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Density (s/mm²)	Concentration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)	Sfruc. Count	Analytical Sens. (struc/cc)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid Openings	Filter Area (mm²)	Area Analyst Analysis (mmn²)	Analyst	Analysis Date
00104201	Pump #1	TOTAL ASBESTOS	73.6	0.202	0.087 - 0.399	8	0.025	82.5	10	385	0.1449	歬	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	64.4 27.6	0.177 0.076	0.071 - 0.365 0.016 - 0.222	7	:						
00104202	Pump #5	TOTAL ASBESTOS	138.0	0.373	0.209 - 0.615	15	0.025	84.0	10	385	0.1449	Hſ	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 μm NON-ASBESTOS	92.0 55.2	0.249	0.119 - 0.457 0.055 - 0.325	ο <u>ο</u>							
00104203	Field Blank	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<3.055	0 - 11.273	0	3.055	1.0	6	385	0.1260	푸	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	00	<3.055 <3.055	0-11.273	00							
00104204	QC Unopened	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<2.829	0 - 10.439	٥	2.829	1.0	10	385	0.1361	프	3/25/100
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	0	<2.829 <2.829	0 - 10.439	00							
00104205	Pump #1	TOTAL ASBESTOS	138.0	0.380	0.010 - 2.115	-	0.380	82.5	10	385	0.1449	_독	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	138.0 965.9	0.380 2.658	0.010 - 2.115 1.067 - 5.475	1 ~						••••	
00104206	Pump #5	TOTAL ASBESTOS	27.6	0.080	0.017 - 0.235	m	0.027	78.0	10	385	0.1449	Ħ	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	27.6	0.080	0.017 - 0.235 0.075 - 0.386	6,							
00104207	Background Pump #1	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.031	0 - 0.116	0	0.031	87.0	10	385	0.1405	독	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	00	<0.031	0 - 0.116 0 - 0.116	00							
00104208	Background Pump #5	TOTAL ASBESTOS	0	<0.031	0 - 0.113	0	0.031	87.0	10	385	0.1449	H	3/25/00
		ASBESTOS >= 5 μm NON-ASBESTOS	13.8	<0.031 0.061	0-0.113	50							

Lab/Cor, Inc. A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Nuniber: 000225

Project Name: Vermiculite Air Samples
Project No.: ESD-045A
P. O. No.: 0001B10P40101C Client Information Project No.: ESD-C P. O. No.: 0001B Sample Type: Air

Tra	Tracking Information	ion	
Login:	Mar 10, 2000	By:	DJ
Prep:	Mar 14, 2000	By:	DW
Verified:	Mar 14, 2000	By:	DW
Reviewed.	Mar 26, 2000	By:	H
Final Review:	Jun 3, 2000	By: 7	TMM

Report Date: June 3, 2000

oe: Fo.: Ratio:	Analysis	Analysis Information
atio:	Analysis Type:	EPA-II
<atio:< th=""><td>Reference No.:</td><td>68 - 02 - 3266</td></atio:<>	Reference No.:	68 - 02 - 3266
	Min. Aspect Ratio:	5:1
	Min. Length:	0.5 µm
	Min. Width:	NA

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - EPA-II - Air Sample Analysis

	Analysis Date	3/25/00		3/26/00		3/25/00		3/25/00	•
	Analyst	<u>=</u>		≍		<u></u>		폭	
	Filter Area Area Analyzed Analyst Date (mm²) (mm²)	0.1449		0.1405		0.1449		0.1449	
	Filter Area (mm²)	385		385		385		385	,
	Number Filter of Grid Area Openings (mm²)	10		10		10		10	
	Volume (liters)	85.5		87.0		1.0		1.0	
can du y sus	Analytical Sens. (struc/cc)	0.366		0.371		2.656		2.656	
aidipic	Struc. Count	19	8 8	. 22	9 6	0	00	C	00
י וועי – אי-עי אמ	Concen- 95% Confidence Struc, Analytical Volume tration Interval Count (struc/cc) (struc/cc) (liters)	4.191 - 10.869	1.264 - 5.773 1.264 - 5.773	4.756 - 11.584	0.817 - 4.850 1.530 - 6.321	0 - 9.801	0 - 9.801 0 - 9.801	0 - 9.801	0 - 9.801 0 - 9.801
a uscupy –		6.960	2.931 2.931	8.170	2.228	<2.656	<2.656 <2.656	<2.656	<2.656 <2.656
וז מוז זגדור	Density (s/mm²)	2621.6	1103.8 1103.8	3131.3	854.0 1281.0	0	00	0	
Transmission election microscopy — electrocamalysis	Fiber Type	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS >= 5 µm NON-ASBESTOS
	Description	Pump #1	:	Pump #5		Field Blank		QC Blank Unopened	
	Client Sample No.	00104209		00104210		00104211		00104212	
	Lab/Cor Sample No.	000225-09	Indirect	000225-10	Indirect	000225-11	Direct	000225-12	Direct

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000370

Client Information

Project Name: Vermiculite Project

Project No.: Not Available

P. O. No.: 0Y0107NASX

Sample Type: Air

Tra	Tracking Information	tion	
Login:	Apr 14, 2000	By:	By: BAR
Prep:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW
Verified:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW
Reviewed:	Apr 20, 2000	By:	IH
Final Review:	Jun 6, 2000	By: JH	Ж

	Re	Report Date: June 6, 2000
	Analysis Type:	NIOSH
	Reference No.:	7402
	Min. Aspect Ratio:	3:1
ttio:	Min. Length:	5 µm
ttio;	Min. Width:	0.25 µm

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - NIOSH - Air Sample Analysis

					•		•	•						
Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Concentration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)	Struc. Count	Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs. (%)	Opt. Vis. Analytical Asb. Sens. Fibs. (%) (struc/cc)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid Openings	Filter Area (mm²)	Area Analyst Analysis Date	Analyst	Analysis Date
000370-01	00154012	Work Area Background	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	-0.029 0.088	0 - 0.109 0.018 - 0.258	0 8	0	0.029	32.5	.40	385	0.4026	독	4/19/00
Test			TOTAL	0.088	0.018 - 0.268	6	·							
000370-02	00154013	Work Area Background	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.031 0.031	0-0.114	0 +	0	0.031	31.0	64	385	0.4026	폭	4/19/00
Test			TOTAL	0.031	0.001 - 0.172	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		**- ,-,-,-			····	
000370-03	00154014	QC Unopened	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	N N A A	NA - NA NA - NA	0 %	0	NA		64	385	0.4026	독	4/19/00
Test			TOTAL	NA	NA - NA	2				-tt				
000370-04	00154015	Field Blank	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	A A A	NA - NA NA - NA	00	AN	A N		4	385	0.4026	F,	4/19/00
Test			TOTAL	NA	NA - NA	0			•					
000370-05	00154016	Field Blank	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	N A A	NA - NA NA - NA	0 -	0	NA A		54	385	0.3927	=	4/19/00
Test			TOTAL	A'A	NA - NA	-					•			
90-025000	00154019	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.063 0.508	0-0234	0 %	0	0.063	15.1	8	385	0.4026	H	4/20/00
			TOTAL	0.508	0.219 - 1.001	8	-				***			
						1	1			-	-	-	_	•

[%] Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by NIOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other TEM airborne analysis methods (AHERA, EPA - Yamate).

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000370

Client Information

Project Name: Vermiculite Project

Project No.: Not Available

P. O. No.: 0Y0107NASX

Sample Type: Air

Tra	Tracking Information	tion		
Login:	Apr 14, 2000	By:	BAR	
Prep:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW	
Verified:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW	,
Reviewed:	Apr 20, 2000	By	JН	
Final Review:	Jun 6, 2000	By:	H	

Analysis	Analysis Information
Analysis Type:	NIOSH
Reference No.:	7402
Min. Aspect Ratio: 3:1	3:1
Min. Length:	5 µm
Min. Width:	0.25 µm
	0.42 pin

Report Date: June 6, 2000

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy - NIOSH - Air Sample Analysis

Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Concentration (struc/cc)	96% Confidence interval (struc/cc)	Struc. Count	Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs. (%)	Opt. Vis. Analytical Volume Asb. Sens. (liters)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid Openings	Filter Area (mm²)	Area Analyst Analysis (mm²)	Analyst	Analysis Date
000370-07	00154018	Pump 5	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.060 0.480	0 - 0.221	0 80	0	090.0	15.9	9	385	0.4026	픅	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	0.480	0.207 - 0.946	82	•		•					
90-075000	00154020	Pump 5	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.060 0.482	0 - 0.222	0 8	0	0.060	15.9	04	385	0.4026	HC	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	0.482	0.208 - 0.949	80								
000370-09	00154021	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.064 0.701	0 - 0.235	0.5	0	0.064	15.0	8	385	0.4026	Ŧ	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	0.701	0.350 - 1.253	7	**************************************			***************************************			-	
000370-10	00154022	Pump 5	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.060 0.780	0-0.221	0 £	0	090.0	15.9	8	385	0.4026	Hr	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	0.780	0.415 - 1.334	tt								
000370-11	00154023	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	<0.064 0.702	0-0235	0 =	0	0.064	15.0	8	385	0.4026	품,	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	0.702	0,350 - 1,256	Ξ							•••••	
000370-12	00154000	Pump 5	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	0.344	0.158 - 0.651 1.089 - 2.049	o 1	85	0.038	40.0	83	388	0.2516	프,	4/20/00
Test			TOTAL	1.913	1.383 - 2.444	20	-					*****		

[%] Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by NIOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other TEM airborne analysis methods (AHERA, EPA - Yamate).

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000370

Client Information

Project Name: Vermiculite Project

Project No.: Not Available

P. O. No.: 0Y0107NASX

Sample Type: Air

Tra	Tracking Information	ion		
	C			
Login:	Apr 14, 2000	By:	BAR	
Prep:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW	
Verified:	Apr 17, 2000	By:	DW	
Reviewed:	Apr 20, 2000	By:	H	,
Final Review: Jun 6, 2000	Jun 6, 2000	B_V . JH	H	

	····					
Report Date: June 6, 2000	Analysis Information	NIOSH	7402	3:1	5 µm	0.25 µm
Re	Analysis	Analysis Type:	Reference No.:	Min. Aspect Ratio: 3:1	Min. Length:	Min. Width:

FINAL TABLE

		ļ.	Transmission Electron Microscopy – NIOSH – Air Sample Analysis	tron Micr	oscopy – NIOS	H - Ai	Sample	Analysis						
Lab/Cor Sample No.	Client Sample No.	Description	Fiber Type	Concentration (struc/cc)	95% Confidence Interval (struc/cc)		Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs. (%)	Struc. Asb. Sens. (liters)	Volume (liters)	Number of Grid Openings	Filter Area (mm²)	Area Analyst Analysis (mm²)	Analyst	Analysis Date
000370-13	00154001	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	0.352 1.056	0.176 - 0.630 0.696 - 1.416	11 33	83	0.032	23.9	40	385	0.4026	폭	4/18/00
Test			TOTAL	1.408	0.992 - 1.824	7		-						
000370-14	00154002	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	0.342 1.710	0.148 - 0.674 1.180 - 2.240	ε 5	11	0.043	22.4	9	385	0.4026	<u> </u>	4/21/00
Test			TOTAL	2.052	1.472 - 2.633	₩.								
000370-15	00154003	Pump 5	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	0.160	0.052 - 0.373 0.695 - 1.415	ი წ	13	0.032	29.9	40	385	0.4026	Η̈́	4/22/00
Test			TOTAL	1.216	0.829 - 1.601	38				***************************************				
000370-16	00154006	Field Blank opened 2 sec.	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	NA NA	NA - NA NA - NA	0 7	0	NA		\$	385	0.4026	<u>ن</u> ت,	4/24/00
Test			TOTAL	NA	NA - NA	2	11.							
000370-17	200154007	QC Unopened	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	A A	NA - NA NA - NA	0 71	0	ΑN		04	385	0.4026		4/23/00
Test			TOTAL	NA	NA - NA	2	- 170 <u>- 1</u> -1							
000370-18	00154008	Pump 1	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	0.702	0.350 - 1.256 1.493 - 2.973	11 35	24	0.064	15.0	. 64	385	0.4026	표 도	4/23/00
Test			TOTAL	2.935	2.087 - 3.784	94								

% Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by NIOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other TEM airborne analysis methods (AHERA, EPA - Yamate).

A Professional Service Corporation in the Northwest

Report Number: 000370

Client Information
Project Name: Vermiculite Project
Project No.: Not Available
P. O. No.: 0Y0107NASX
Sample Type: Air

Tra	Tracking Information	tion	
Login:	Apr 14, 2000	By: F	BAR
Prep:	Apr 17, 2000	By: I	DW
Verified:	Apr 17, 2000		DW
Reviewed:	Apr 20, 2000	By: J	IH
Final Review:	Jun 6, 2000		Ж
гіпаі кеугеж:	Jun 6, 2000		•

Report Date: June 6, 2000

Analysis	Analysis Information
Analysis Type:	NIOSH
Reference No.:	7402
Min. Aspect Ratio:	3:1
Min. Length:	5 µm
Min. Width:	0.25 µm

FINAL TABLE

Transmission Electron Microscopy -- NIOSH -- Air Samnle Analysis

			*****			***	
	Analysis Date	4722/00		4/24/00		4/22/00	
	Analyst	H		Ħ		F	
	Fifter Area Analyzed Analysis Date			0.4026		0.4026	
	L. "	385		385		385	**************************************
	Number of Grid	40		40		9	
	olume liters)	16.0		15.3		16.1	
e Analysis	Struc. Opt. Vis. Analytical Volume Count Fibs. (%) (struc/cc) (liters)	0.060		0.062		0.059	
r Sampi	Opt. Vis. Asb. Fibs. (%)	16		=		27	
ott – A	Struc. Count	8	57	4 E	37	5 t	63
oscopy - MION	Concen- 95% Confidence tration Interval (struc/cc)	0.206 - 0.940 1.697 - 3.193	2.104 - 3.740	0.068 - 0.638 1.355 - 2.758	1.563 - 3.049	0.542 - 1.539	2.604 - 4.387
LOB MICL	Concentration (struc/cc)	0.477	2.922	0.249	2.306	0.948	3.495
A Landanission Electron Microscopy — MIOSH — Air Sample Analysis	Fiber Type	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL	ASBESTOS NON-ASBESTOS	TOTAL
T	Description	Pump 5		Pump 1		Pump 5	
	Lab/Cor Client Sample No. Sample No.	00154009 Pump 5		00154010 Pump 1		00154011 Pump 5	
	Lab/Cor Sample No.	000370-19	lest	000370-20	lest	000370-21	Test

% Optically Visible Asbestos Fibers = (#Asbestos / #Total Fibers). This number indicates the representative fraction of asbestos to total fibers as defined by NIOSH 7400 standards and can be used as a factor to determine asbestos concentrations from PCM counts in similar sampling areas.

NA - Not Applicable. For samples in which no fiber types are found, percentage values do not apply.

NOTE: These counting rules are intended to coincide with NIOSH 7400 counting rules and do not measure smaller asbestos fiber populations below 5.0 µm lengths as would other TEM airborne analysis methods (AHERA, EPA - Yamate).

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS OF CONSUMER GARDEN PRODUCTS THAT CONTAIN VERMICULITE

Prepared for:

Fibers and Organics Branch
National Program Chemicals Division
Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street, S.W.
Washington, DC 20460

Prepared by:

Versar, Inc. 6850 Versar Center Springfield, Virginia 22151

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

In 1985, EPA evaluated consumer exposures to asbestos in products (e.g., horticultural products) containing vermiculite (Versar, 1985). The exposure assessment used analytical data for exfoliated vermiculite from a 1982 report prepared by MRI (MRI, 1982). The analytical data from the MRI (1982) report were presented in terms of the percent asbestos in raw, beneficiated, or exfoliated vermiculite ore. No data were provided on the asbestos content of vermiculite-containing consumer products. A summary of the analytical results from the MRI (1982) study is provided in Table 1. Raw ore from the Libby, Montana, mine had estimated asbestos contents ranging from 21 to 26 percent, while ore from their Enoree, South Carolina, mine had <1 percent asbestos. Beneficiated Grade Vermiculite ranged from 0.3 to 7 percent at the Libby site and was <1 percent at the Enoree site. Exfoliated vermiculite was evaluated from the Enoree site, but not the Libby site. The asbestos content was <1 percent. The W.R. Grace Company also analyzed bulk samples of vermiculite from their mine in South Carolina (IOM, no date). Their procedure involved extracting vermiculite, chlorite, chrysotile, and other minerals, leaving only amphibole fibers and examining samples by scanning electron microscope (SEM) and x-ray diffraction. The results indicated that the bulk material contained actinolite at low levels (i.e., approximately 0.002%). Similar analyses were conducted using two expanded vermiculite samples from South Carolina (IOM, 1993). Only trace amounts of asbestos fibers were observed in these samples. In 1990, the Libby mine was closed. Presumably, vermiculite in currently produced consumer product lines originates from the South Carolina or Virginia mines, or mines located outside the United States. Inhalation exposure to consumer products was assessed in the Versar (1985) report using data on the percent asbestos in exfoliated vermiculite, and assumptions regarding the amount of vermiculite in consumer products, the quantity of dust generated during consumer use, and the volume of air affected, as well as other assumed exposure factors.

As a result of reports on residual contamination and the potential for human exposures in Libby, Montana from the now-closed vermiculite mine, and questions posed to EPA about consumer products that contain vermiculite, there was renewed interest in evaluating the potential consumer exposures to asbestos from the use of vermiculite-containing consumer products. Consumer exposure to asbestos-contaminated vermiculite can occur during handling of consumer products containing vermiculite such as, lawn and garden care products, fertilizers, packaging materials, and loose-fill attic insulation. EPA Region 10 initiated a study of consumer products containing vermiculite. Subsequently, EPA, Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics (OPPT), National Program Chemicals Division (NPCD), requested that Versar conduct sampling and analysis of vermiculite-containing consumer products as an expansion and followup to the Region 10 study. This report briefly describes the results of consumer product survey conducted by EPA Region 10 as well

as a related survey of commercially available building products that was conducted by Region 6 (EPA Region 6, 2000). It also summarizes the methods used and results of the asbestos analyses from the recently-conducted EPA/OPPT/NPCD-Versar study of consumer products.

1.1 Results of Previously Conducted EPA Regional Analyses of Consumer Products for Asbestos Content

EPA Region 10 analyzed consumer products containing vermiculite. These products were intended for horticultural use (e.g., potting soil, horticultural vermiculite) or laboratory packing (e.g., Zonolite® chemical packaging). Initially, 16 bulk products were analyzed by polarized light microscopy (PLM) (Method EPA/600/R-93/116) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM) (Method EPA/600/R-93/116). The PLM results were either non-detect or trace for all products. Two products were positive for asbestos, based on the TEM results. These products were: Zonolite® Vermiculite (0.56% actinolite and 0.47% actinolite) and Coles Cactus Mix (0.45% actinolite). Based on these results, Zonolite® was further analyzed by TEM after sieving the sample using No. 10 and No. 35 screens. The results of this sample indicated 1.88% actinolite/tremolite in the dust portion that passed through the sieves. Further analysis by TEM gave results of 0.1% and 2.79% in the fraction of material analyzed. This analysis procedure involved a rinsing residue particle separation technique to further improve the ability to isolate and identify asbestos in the vermiculite containing products. The residue materials were placed in a beaker and rinsed with deionized water which was intended to wash any loose fibers from the vermiculite matrix. After the vermiculite had floated to the surface, 7 ml of water was extracted from the bottom of the beaker using a syringe and was then injected into a crucible. The crucible was covered and placed in a drying oven a 68° centigrade for two or three days until all the water had evaporated. The remaining residue located in the bottom of the crucible was removed and placed onto a microscope slide following the EPA semi-quantitative method: EPA/600/R-93/116. A second Zonolite® product (Chubby and Tubby) was analyzed, but no asbestos was detected. These results are shown in Table 2.

Region 10 also conducted air monitoring during use of these products using a "glove-box" technique. Three separate scenarios were used during the glove box study. The first scenario involved the potting of plants which involved emptying a container of vermiculite containing soil into a plastic tub and then manipulating the soil to break up clumps. The second scenario involved preparing potting soil by mixing 50% vermiculite and 50% peat moss in a container, while the third scenario involved using pure vermiculite such as that used for laboratory packing purposes. Jars were placed into a pan and then covered with vermiculite. The three glove box sampling studies took place over a period of either 15, 20, or 30 minutes. However, one of the manipulation of soil studies was run for 100 minutes. For Coles Cactus Mix, no asbestos was detected at a flow rate of 2.8 L/minute

for 30 minutes (NIOSH 7402) or 11.1 L/minute for 100 minutes (Modified EPA-II). Using Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Material mixed 50/50 with Sun/Gro Peat Moss, the total amount of asbestos detected ranged from 0.08 to 0.38 structures/cm³ at an air flow rate of 2.8 L/m for 30 minutes and 0.56 to 0.85 structures/cm³ at an air flow rate of 11.1 L/minute for 100 minutes, using the modified EPA (1984) (EPA-II Method). When Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Material was tested unmixed, the total asbestos detected was 6.96 to 8.17 structures/cm³ at an air flow rate of 2.9 L/minute for 30 minutes, using the NIOSH 7402 Method. TEM analysis was used to estimate fiber content in all samples (either NIOSH 7402 or Modified EPA-II Method). Use of two TEM methods was necessary because some samples could not be tested using the NIOSH 7402 Method due to the excessive amount of particulate accumulated on the filter. The filters required a redeposit process which is not covered in the NIOSH 7402 Method, but could be performed using the Modified EPA-II Method.

1.2 Other EPA Asbestos Surveys

In addition to the ongoing work in Libby, Montana, EPA's Superfund program is currently evaluating possible asbestos contamination at other current and former vermiculite mines and processing sites across the country. EPA's Boston office is developing an improved sample preparation technique for vermiculite products and exploring options for gathering information on vermiculite home insulation. Finally, EPA's Dallas office recently concluded the sampling of a limited number of building construction materials, not including vermiculite products, for asbestos content. The purpose of this survey was to determine whether these building materials contained more than one percent asbestos, the threshold for regulation under the Asbestos-in-Schools program. The results of the sampling indicated that none of the 50 products contained more than one percent asbestos.

2.0 METHODS USED FOR THE EPA/OPPT/NPCD CONSUMER PRODUCT STUDY

2.1 Consumer Product Collection

During the initial phase of the EPA/OPPT/NPCD-Versar study, a total of 33 vermiculite and vermiculite-based consumer products were purchased from retail stores (i.e., hardware and department stores) in 9 metropolitan locations throughout the United States by personnel in Versar's regional offices. In addition, vermiculite packaging material was purchased from a mail order company in Atlanta, Georgia. This material is typically used in packing laboratory materials. A bag of Zonolite[®] Chemical Packaging Vermiculite was also purchased by mail order (Figure 1). This material was purchased from Burdic Feed, located in Kent, Washington, where it was being sold for horticultural purposes. This is the same product that was found to be positive for asbestos content

by EPA Region 10 (2000). As a result of the initial collection efforts, 35 products were collected. Following the initial sampling and analysis, additional samples were received and added to the study. One additional product was purchased from a retail store in the Springfield, Virginia, area (i.e., metropolitan Washington, D.C., area). An additional sample of vermiculite packaging material was also collected by EPA/OPPT/NPCD personnel during an unrelated sampling event, and provided to Versar for analysis. This material came from a laboratory packaging company in Batavia, Illinois (VWR). It should be noted that VWR is a user, and not a distributor of laboratory packaging material. The original source of the material is not known. In addition, Region 10 supplied a small sample of material from a bag of Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Vermiculite that they had purchased from Burdic Feed in Kent, Washington. This material had been found to be positive for asbestos by EPA Region 10. A total of 38 materials were collected overall.

An attempt was made to ensure that the products purchased in the various locations would represent a broad range of product types and brands, with emphasis on locally packaged products to ensure that a wide variety of materials would be sampled. It should be noted, however, that a statistically-based sampling approach was not used. Thus, the products purchased may not be a nationally representative sample. A list of the products purchased in each of the various locations is provided in Table 3.

As indicated in Table 3, the products were composed of either vermiculite only, or a mixture of vermiculite, and organic, inorganic and other materials (i.e., soil-based vermiculite products such as potting soil and horticultural mixes). Other types of vermiculite-containing products, such as loose-fill attic insulation, were desired for this study, but are apparently not readily available to consumers and could not be located. Also, as shown in Table 3, some of the same products were purchased in more than one location. This was done to evaluate similarities or differences in the asbestos content of these products, based on the region where they were purchased. The products in Table 3 were mailed to Versar Headquarters in Springfield, Virginia, by the regional offices.

2.2 Bulk Product Sampling

Samples of the various products collected were taken in Springfield, Virginia, and sent to the EMSL Analytical Laboratories in Westmont, New Jersey. Although only a small sample (i.e., approximately 8 ounces) of the materials was required by the laboratory, most of these products were purchased in bags containing greater than 4 quarts. A sample of each product was collected using a clean stainless steel scoop. To ensure that samples were representative of the entire bag of material, composite samples of each product were collected by mixing equal portions of product from the top, middle, and bottom of the bag, for a total sample of approximately 8 ounces. Two sampling methods

were used for the Zonolite® purchased by mail order from a feed store in Kent, Washington. This material is the same as the bulk material that was found to be positive for asbestos by researchers in EPA Region 10 (2000). First, a composite sample was collected, as described above. A second sample was collected from the bottom of the bag to determine whether the asbestos content would be higher in the bottom of the bag as a result of gravitational settling. This procedure was also used to sample the bottom of the bag of Hoffman's vermiculite from Minnesota during the second sampling round. Clean, stainless steel scoops were used to place the samples into sterile jars which were sealed, labeled, and sent to the EMSL Analytical Laboratories for asbestos analysis. As a result of the initial collection effort, a total of 36 samples were prepared for laboratory analysis.

In a subsequent round of sampling, an additional 14 samples were collected to increase the number of samples analyzed by PLM and TEM to 50. Additional samples were comprised of repeat composite sampling of the 5 samples with quantifiable asbestos; repeat random composite sampling of 5 more of the original samples (i.e., some non-detect and some with detections below the limits of quantification); 1 Zonolite® sample collected by EPA Region 10 and sent to Versar (this sample came from the bottom 1/3 of a bag of Zonolite®, also purchased from Burdic Feed in Kent, Washington); 1 sample of the vermiculite packaging material from VWR, a laboratory supply company in Batavia, Illinois, that was collected by EPA Headquarters personnel during an unrelated sampling event; a sample from the gardening consumer product (Pursell's Stay-Green Vermiculite) that was purchased after the initial product collection round; and a sample from the bottom of the bag of the product (Hoffman's vermiculite from MN) found in the initial analysis to have the highest asbestos content.

2.3 <u>Laboratory Analyses of Bulk Samples</u>

The initial laboratory analysis of the bulk products for asbestos was conducted using 2 techniques: PLM (EPA 600/R-93-116) and TEM (EPA 600/R-93/116) (Figures 2 and 3). According to EMSL (Frasca, 2000), the following procedure was followed by EMSL for these analyses:

For PLM analysis, samples were first ground to a level where the vermiculite plates were barely visible. Point count PLM analysis was performed on eight (8) slides running 50 points on each slide. For TEM analysis, the sample was ground further until the vermiculite plates were no longer visible by the eye. The potting soil samples were ashed (due to their high organic content) prior to grinding, recording their weight before ashing. Subsequently, 0.01 grams of powder was added to 100 mL of water, sonicated, and an aliquot of 5 mL was filtered onto a 47 mm filter which was then prepared for TEM analysis. For each sample, three areas were sampled and analyzed from the filter (i.e., the center, the edge, and in between). This was done to counter any variation in radial distribution of particulates. The TEM analysis was

performed by observing 10 grid openings for each of the three TEM grids at 2,000X magnification as well as 3 grid openings for each of the three TEM grids at 20,000X magnification. Cut offs of fibers sizes were observed to avoid counting twice. The mass of the observed fibers was then calculated, and following its extrapolation to the whole filter and to the whole mass of 0.01 grams, the asbestos percent count was determined.

The quantitation limits were 0.25 percent for PLM and 0.1 percent for TEM. PLM and TEM analyses were also conducted for the three new products collected during the second sampling round and for the repeat samples (i.e., 5 products with quantifiable asbestos, 5 other randomly selected products from the initial sampling round, and an additional sample from the bottom of the bag of the product with the highest asbestos content, based on the initial analysis).

Based on the results of the initial bulk analyses, several (i.e., five) samples that were positive for asbestos content using the initial TEM approach, were further analyzed using two additional techniques: the SOP 2000 (EMSL, 1999) and the Superfund Method (EPA, 1997a). The SOP 2000 method was expected to provide a more refined estimate of the asbestos content of these materials. This method involved sample preparation (i.e., grinding and sieving the sample to obtain a distribution of particle sizes); screening with a scanning electron microscope (SEM) to ensure that asbestos fibers had been removed from the vermiculite plates; and analysis by both PLM at 100x magnification (recording fibers with a 3:1 aspect ratio and determining if they are asbestiform using the criteria given in Appendix A of EPA 600/R-93/116) and TEM at 10,000x magnification. The asbestos percent obtained by PLM and TEM were added to obtain total asbestos content.

The Superfund method (EPA, 1997a) was designed to determine the amount of releasable asbestos in soils and bulk materials. It uses a horizontal tumbler to generate dust and a vertical elutriator (Figure 4) to separate the respirable fraction of the dust. The respirable fraction of dust is collected on filters. The filters are weighed and the mass of dust collected is plotted against time to determine the rate of dust release (EPA, 1997a). The asbestos content of the dust on the filters is quantified by TEM. The advantage of this method is that it provides results that are suitable for supporting risk assessments.

2.4 <u>Consumer Use Simulation</u>

Because the results of bulk product analyses are difficult to use in assessing inhalation risks to individuals who use these products, air sampling techniques were needed to evaluate potential releases of asbestos from these products to air. Risk is typically estimated as the concentration of

fibers per cubic centimeter of air (f/cc), weighted according to the frequency and duration of exposure, times the unit risk factor (cc/f) for asbestos. According to EPA's Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) (EPA, 2000), "the unit risk factor [of 0.23] cc/f is based on fiber counts made by phase contrast microscopy (PCM) and should not be applied directly to measurements made by other techniques." However, PCM cannot distinguish between asbestos and non-asbestos fibers; it also cannot detect smaller or thinner fibers at all. According to EPA (2000), "PCM detects only fibers longer than 5 μ m and >0.4 μ m in diameter." TEM can identify asbestos fibers of all sizes and exclude non-asbestos fibers. Thus, for the purposes of estimating risk for this study, air samples were analyzed by both PCM and TEM. TEM results were reported for all fiber sizes and for fibers > 5 μ m only.

To simulate indoor product use and measure indoor air asbestos concentrations, a 10'x10'x10' containment was constructed within Versar's research and storage space (Figures 5 and 6). This facility is located less than a mile from Versar's headquarters building. The dimensions of the containment were selected to provide enough space for an individual to work inside the structure and simulate mixing soils, potting plants, or cleaning out containers of soil. The dimensions were also assumed to represent a homeowner's garage or small greenhouse. This containment unit was specially-designed to more closely resemble consumer exposure conditions than the glove box used in the Region 10 study. The containment was constructed from 6-mil polyethylene plastic with the frame work constructed from wood to provide a rigid structure. Duct tape was used to seal seams and no artificial ventilation was provided. This was assumed to represent conditions in a closed garage or greenhouse with no windows and a closed door. The unit was constructed on a flat concrete surface. The floor was covered with plastic as it is part of the containment.

Several products were used within the containment to simulate consumer product use. During the product simulation, an individual inside the containment opened a bag of vermiculite containing material, which was then placed on a rolling cart. On the cart the vermiculite was scooped from the bag and placed in a stainless steel bowl. The vermiculite was then manipulated by using a metal spoon to transfer the vermiculite to a second bowl. After this process, the material was discarded and new material was scooped from the bag. Initially, three products were tested. These were: Schultz Horticultural vermiculite, purchased in VA; Hoffman's vermiculite, purchased in MN; and Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Vermiculite, purchased by mail order from Burdic Feed in Kent, WA. The first two of these products were selected because quantifiable levels of asbestos were observed in them in previous tests. The Zonolite® was selected because another bag of the same material had been found to have quantifiable levels of asbestos by Region 10, based on bulk analyses of the whole product as well as the sieved product. Also, the physical characteristics of these products made them good candidates for this procedure because, based on qualitative observations, they represented a

wide range of "dustiness." The Schultz vermiculite had a moisture content that allowed clumping when hand pressure was applied. This texture was not representative of most of the products collected and it is not clear whether the moisture observed in this bag was typical of this product or whether the bag had absorbed moisture between the time it was packaged and the time it was sampled. The Hoffman's vermiculite was drier and dustier, but the Zonolite[®] had an even finer grain size with a much dustier appearance. The order at which the three products were tested in the containment was based on their observed "dustiness" with the least "dustiest" being tested first.

During a second set of simulations, four additional products were tested inside the containment; two had asbestos contents below the limit of quantification, and two were non-detect based on TEM bulk analyses. These products were: Jungle Growth Vermiculite, purchased in FL Country Cottage Horticultural Vermiculite, purchased in VA; Scott's Vermiculite, purchased in TX; and Kellogg's Vermiculite, purchased in CA. Three of the products were very "dusty," while the fourth (Kellogg's) was less "dusty." All seven of the products used in the simulation exercise were vermiculite and not vermiculite mixed with potting soil or some other ingredient. The containment was fully cleaned between each sampling event by wet wiping down all interior surfaces and allowing the air in the containment to be "changed out" through a Hepa Filtration device. The individual within the containment opened a bag of vermiculite and poured it into a second clean container. Simulated scooping, transferring, and mixing then took place similar to the first simulation event. An aliquot from the bag was previously collected; however, care was exercised to avoid unnecessary waste of the original material since future studies or sampling may be necessary or requested. All utensils, scoops, and containers were either cleaned prior to use or removed from their factory sealed packaging. Similar use of vermiculite that took place inside containment will take place in an open air environment much like that in the yard or on a deck.

The individual performing work inside the containment wore personal protective equipment (PPE), as necessary to protect from dusty environments (Figure 7). A Tyvek full body suit or equivalent was worn during all inside containment work. Respiratory protection consisted of a full face air purifying respirator (APR) equipped with HEPA/P-100 air filters. PVC gloves were also worn on the hands. During the work tasks the oxygen level inside the containment was monitored with the use of a four gas meter. A second person was situated outside the containment in case of emergency and to offer support during sampling activity. After the completion of sampling, the inside of the containment was wiped down with water, the containment was vacuumed to capture any residual fibers remaining in the air, and the individual inside followed a modified decontamination procedure similar to that followed on asbestos abatement projects.

Eight air samples were collected using both low volume and high volume pumps. Before and after each use, each of these pumps were calibrated using a Bios Dry-Cal unit. This device is highly accurate and served to document any pump fluctuation. Prior to sampling during vermiculite use, the study area was sampled to document fiber levels. This "pre-sampling" established what, if any, fibers were present within the ambient air, and if necessary may be used as a comparison measure of the inside containment sample results. Two of these samples were run using the high volume type air sample pump. Air flow was set at approximately 9-9.9 liters of air per minute. Two inside containment air sample pumps (Figure 8) were also hi-volume units which were run at 7-8 liters of air per minute, while a second set of hi-volume sample pumps was located outside the containment. While working inside the containment, the individual wore two low volume air sample pumps which were set at approximately 2.1 of air liters per minute and ran for 30 minutes. The cassettes were oriented to be located within the breathing zone. All high volume air samples ran for approximately 40 minutes.

Air samples were collected in an outside environment in much the same manner as that inside the containment (Figure 9). The products with the highest airborne levels from the containment study were used in the outdoor study. Three high volume pumps were placed downwind from the source of use. Additionally, two personal samples were collected on the individual performing the work.

All air samples were analyzed by both PCM and TEM. The NIOSH 7400 (NIOSH, 1994), and EPA Level II (EPA, 1984) methods were used. The NIOSH 7400 method is a direct preparation method in which fibers >5 μ m in length with an aspect ratio >3:1 are counted (counting rules A were used) by PCM. All TEM air samples were prepared using EPA Level II, a direct preparation method, with the exception of those samples that were overloaded with particulate matter (i.e., dust). For these, an indirect sample preparation method was used to obtain some form of data for these samples (otherwise, the results would simply have been reported as overloaded), with the understanding that the samples may not fit the model (e.g., detection limits are higher). The appropriate number of blanks were also submitted, as outlined in the guidance documents for each of these methods.

2.5 Region 10 Bulk Product Method Using Sieving

An additional set of analyses was conducted to examine the asbestos content in the dust fraction of selected products and to evaluate potential relationships between the fiber content of air during use of consumer products containing vermiculite and the asbestos fiber content of the fine particles in these vermiculite products. This analysis was also an attempt to verify the results of EPA Region 10's results for Zonolite® that was purchased in Kent, Washington. Region 10 found that the asbestos content of Zonolite® dust that was generated by sieving the original product through

standard sieve sizes No. 10 and No. 35 had higher asbestos content (i.e., 1.88%) than the bulk product (i.e., approximately 0.5%).

The three initial products used in the indoor containment exercise, including the Zonolite® purchased by Versar from Burdic Feed in Kent, Washington, Schultz Vermiculite from Virginia, and Hoffman's Vermiculite from Minnesota, were sieved using the same method as Region 10 (Figure 10). These three samples were composite samples (i.e., based on a mix of samples taken from the top, middle, and bottom of the bag). An additional sample from the bottom of the Zonolite® bag was also analyzed to be consistent with the Region 10 analysis. This sample came from the bottom of the bag after the bag was moderately shaken 20 to 30 times. According to EMSL (2000), the following procedure was used:

"Sieve vermiculite sample through No. 10 (2 mm) and No. 35 (500 μ m) sieves. The coarse, medium, and fine portions were analyzed by Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM). The fine portion was still too coarse for Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) analysis and had to be broken down further with mortar and pestle. Of this fine powder, 0.01 grams was suspended in 100 mL of particle free, distilled neutral (pH 7) water, sonicated and 5 mL was filtered through a 47 mm diameter, mixed cellulose ester (MCE) filter with a 0.45 μ m pore size. A small portion of the filter was then collapsed with acetone, etched, and analyzed by TEM."

The rationale for conducting this analysis was that if asbestos fibers are more likely to be found in the fine dust of the vermiculite product, the asbestos fibers would be concentrated in the dust that passes through the sieves. Analyzing only the dust fraction would, in effect, increase the possibility of detecting asbestos by PLM and TEM. If the percent asbestos could be quantified in the fine fraction as well as in the medium and coarse fractions, a refined estimate of the asbestos content (i.e., greater sensitivity with lower detection limits) of the whole product could be made.

3.0 RESULTS

3.1 Bulk PLM and TEM Analyses

Table 4 provides the results of the analyses by sample number and location of purchase. Appendix A provides copies of the Laboratory Reports. The results of the laboratory analysis of the initial 36 samples indicated that TEM was more sensitive than PLM in detecting asbestos in the products tested. Based on PLM analyses, none of the products tested had detectable levels of asbestos. Using TEM, however, 17 of the 36 samples had detectable asbestos. Of these 17 samples with detectable asbestos, only 5 had quantifiable levels (i.e., greater than 0.1 percent by weight) of

asbestos. The percent of asbestos by weight ranged from 0.13 percent to 0.70 percent for these 5 samples. All of these 5 materials were pure vermiculite products, and not soil-based vermiculite products. Also, the fiber type observed in these 5 samples was actinolite. The fiber types observed in all of the other positive samples were actinolite and chrysotile. It is interesting to note that two of the samples with quantifiable levels of asbestos are from the same product type (i.e., Ace Horticultural Grade Vermiculite), purchased in different locations (i.e., Miami, FL, and Minneapolis, MN). These samples had levels of 0.35 percent (FL), and 0.24 percent (MN). Also, three of the samples with quantifiable levels of asbestos (i.e., Hoffman's Vermiculite, Ace Horticultural Grade Vermiculite, and Earthgro's Best Vermiculite) are from products purchased in Minneapolis, MN. The other two products purchased in the Minneapolis area had non-detectable levels of asbestos. Another interesting observation is that asbestos fibers were observed (but not quantifiable) in the sample of Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Vermiculite that was collected from the bottom of the bag, but not in the composite sample. This may indicate that asbestos fibers may settle to the bottom of containers in which they are stored. To further investigate this phenomena, a sample was collected from the bottom of the bag of the product with the highest observed asbestos content (i.e., Hoffman's vermiculite from MN) and analyzed for asbestos. However, asbestos was not observed above the quantitation limit in this sample, using both PLM and TEM techniques. Tremolite was observed using PLM and actinolite was observed using TEM. Figure 11 shows an asbestos fiber as seen by TEM. Figure 12 shows a close-up view of an actinolite asbestos fiber provided by EMSL.

Resampling of the five positive samples was conducted. Laboratory PLM analyses of these samples indicated that non-quantifiable tremolite was observed in the two samples that had the highest asbestos (actinolite) in the original TEM analysis (non-detected in original PLM analysis). The other three samples were negative for asbestos in the repeat PLM analysis, just as they were in the initial PLM analyses. Analyses of the other five repeat samples indicated four non-detects and one detect (<1% chrystotile and <1% tremolite) by PLM. These samples were all non-detect in the initial PLM analysis, but four out of five were positive (below the limit of quantitation) by TEM. The results of the TEM analyses for the resampling of the five positive samples was as follows: one sample (Earthgro's Best Vermiculite from MN) had quantifiable asbestos at 0.17%. The TEM result for this product was 0.41% in the initial analysis. Three of the five products with quantifiable asbestos in the initial analysis were positive in the repeat sampling, but had concentrations below the quantification limit. One of the initially positive products was negative when resampled. Some of this variability in results may be the result of the non-uniformity within vermiculite products.

The results of the other three products (VWR laboratory packaging material, Zonolite® from Region 10, and Pursell's Sta-Green, purchased in VA) collected during the second sampling phase showed detectable levels of tremolite in all products using PLM. Quantifiable asbestos levels were

observed in two of these: VWR laboratory packaging material (0.6%) and Zonolite® Chemical Packaging Vermiculite from Region 10 (0.3%). Using TEM, actinolite (and not tremolite) was observed in the VWR laboratory packaging material (0.14%) and Zonolite® from Region 10 (below the quantitation limit).

3.2 SOP 2000

The five positive samples from the initial bulk sample TEM analyses were analyzed by the SOP 2000 method. No detectable asbestos fibers were observed by PLM for any of the samples, and only one sample (Ace Horticultural Grade Vermiculite from MN; 0.24% actinolite by the initial TEM bulk analysis) had detectable actinolite/tremolite below the quantitation limit, based on TEM analyses.

3.3 Superfund Method

The five positive samples from the initial bulk sample TEM analyses were also analyzed by the Superfund Method (EPA, 1997a). The results of these analyses are presented in Table 5. The table presents the quantity (g) of respirable dust generated per gram of bulk sample, as well as the total number of asbestos structures observed per gram of respirable dust. The number of asbestos structures per gram of sample (s/g sample) was calculated by multiplying the respirable dust concentration (g dust/g sample) by the number of asbestos structures per gram of dust (s/g dust). These values are also reported in Table 5. It should be noted that mean concentrations and 95 percent upper confidence limits (UCL) of the mean concentrations were provided by the laboratory. The 95 percent UCL values represent a conservative estimate of the asbestos content of the samples.

The results in Table 5 indicate that, of the five samples that had a quantifiable asbestos content in the initial bulk analyses, only one sample (Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite from Springfield, VA) had quantifiable asbestos structures using the Superfund Method. This sample had 0.13% actinolite, based on the initial bulk TEM analysis, but was non-detect by TEM on resampling. This variability in results could be due to variability in the sample, as well as the analytical technique.

3.4 Consumer Use Simulation

The results of the air sampling inside the containment are presented in Table 6. Outdoor results are presented in Table 7. As shown in Table 6, asbestos fibers were not detected in indoor air (i.e., both area monitors and personal monitors) or outside the containment for 5 of the 7 products, using TEM techniques. These include: Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite purchased in Virginia, Jungle Growth Vermiculite from Florida; Country Cottage Vermiculite from Virginia;

Scott's Vermiculite from Texas; and Kellogg's Vermiculite from California. The Schultz sample was the least "dusty" of the products that were tested inside the containment. No asbestos was observed in indoor air during the simulation using this product although the results of the bulk product analyses for this material using TEM were 0.13% asbestos on initial testing and non-detect on repeat analyses. The Jungle Growth and Kellogg's were both non-detect by both PLM and TEM in the initial bulk analyses. The Country Cottage and Scott's products had non-quantifiable asbestos in the initial bulk TEM analyses. The 2 products with quantifiable asbestos in indoor air were Hoffman's Vermiculite from Minnesota and Zonolite® from Washington. The Hoffman's vermiculite was "dustier" than the Schultz vermiculite, but less dusty than the Zonolite[®], Jungle Growth, Country Cottage, and Scott's Vermiculite. The inside air area monitor results for the Hoffman's vermiculite were non-detect using TEM, and ranged from 0.027 to 0.047 f/cc using PCM. PCM and TEM did not detect any fibers in outside monitors. Personal samples during indoor use of Hoffman's vermiculite contained 0.122 to 0.371 f/cc based on PCM, and were non-detect to 0.0935 s/cc (tremolite fibers >5 μ m in length) based on TEM. This product had results of 0.7% and BQL asbestos in the bulk TEM analyses. Use of the "dustier" Zonolite® product, resulted in detectable fiber levels in air both outside (0.011 - 0.012 f/cc) and inside (non-detect to 0.108 f/cc) the containment, and in personal monitors (0.344 - 0.482 f/cc) using PCM. Using TEM, the results were non-detect for outside area monitors, non-detect to 0.0769 s/cc actinolite >5 μ m in length in indoor area monitors, and 0.4171 to 0.6594 s/cc actinolite >5 μ m in length in the personal samples. It should be noted that the Jungle Growth, Country Cottage, and Scott's Products were so "dusty" that the filters in the personal air monitors became overloaded during the 30-minute simulation, and could not be read by PCM. However, for TEM analyses, and indirect preparation method was used in which the filters were ashed and resuspended in water. A fraction of the resuspended sample was then filtered and read by TEM. Asbestos structures were not detected in these samples. However, the detection limits for these samples were high as a result of the required dilution.

Because use of Zonolite[®] resulted in the highest indoor air fiber concentrations of the three products evaluated, it was used to evaluate fiber concentrations to which consumers could be exposed during outdoor use. The results of this simulation are shown in Table 7. Structures were not detected by TEM, but fibers were observed in both perimeter (0.011 to 0.013 f/cc) and personal (0.134 f/cc) monitors using PCM.

The variability in the PCM and TEM air samples may be due to several factors. PCM counts all visible fibers as asbestos, while TEM distinguishes between asbestos and non-asbestos. TEM is more sensitive than PCM since TEM uses higher magnifications. Some of the TEM samples used an indirect preparation method which can lead to higher numbers of fibers counted due to separation of individual fibers from more complex structures.

All QA/QC samples collected inside and outside prior to product use, as well as field blanks, were negative for asbestos content.

It should be noted that the air concentrations (i.e., 0.094 to 0.66 f/cc) observed in the product use simulation (for those products with detectable levels of asbestos in air) are similar to those estimated in the 1985 Exposure Assessment for Vermiculite (Versar, 1985) (i.e., 0.038 to 0.93 f/cc), which used bulk sample results and simple assumptions to estimate the asbestos concentration in air. For example, the assumptions for use of lawn fertilizers containing vermiculite in the Versar (1985) report were as follows:

- 0.0643 percent of garden fertilizer dispersed into the air during application;
- 15 percent of garden fertilizers was exfoliated vermiculite;
- Exfoliated vermiculite contained 1 percent of asbestos fibers;
- Label application rate was 7,600 g per 465 m²;
- The average lawn size of 1,010 m² was assumed;
- The mid-point of product use would occur at 2 hours for a 4-hour application; and
- Fibers released would remain airborne during application and be evenly distributed in an air volume of 1,010 m² x 1.8 m or 1,818 m³.

The exposure concentration at the mid-point of application was estimated as follows:

TWA Exposure Concentration =
$$\frac{\frac{7,600 \text{ g}}{465 \text{ m}^2} * 1,010 \text{ m}^2 * 0.15 * 0.01 * 0.000643 * 10^6 \text{ mg / g * 2 hours}}{1,818 \text{m}^3 * 4 \text{ hours}} = 4.4 \text{ mg / m}^3$$

The correlation between PCM fiber counts and TEM mass measurements is very poor. Six data sets, which include both PCM and TEM measurements reported in EPA (2000), show a conversion factor between TEM mass and PCM fibers count that ranges from 5 to 150 (μ g/m³)/(f/cc). The geometric mean of these results is 30 (μ g/m³)/(f/cc). Using this conversion factor of 30 (μ g/m³)/(f/cc), as specified in EPA (2000), this value is equivalent to 0.15 f/cc, and is within the range observed in this study.

3.5 Region 10 Bulk Product Method Using Sieving

The three products that were used in the initial indoor air consumer use simulation (i.e., Hoffman's, Schultz's, and Zonolite®) were also evaluated using the Region 10 bulk product method in which samples were sieved before conducting PLM and TEM. Asbestos was not detected in the fine fraction using both PLM and TEM analyses on whole samples of these products. The sample from the bottom of the bag of Zonolite® indicated only trace asbestos content of the product. Using PLM, tremolite was observed in the fine fraction that passed through the sieves below the quantification limit of 1%. The asbestos content of the original sample, collected from the bottom of the bag, would be <0.19% tremolite, based on this result combined with PLM results for the medium and coarse fractions that showed non-detectable asbestos. Based on TEM, of the fine fraction that passed through the sieves, the asbestos (actinolite/tremolite) content was below the quantification limit of 0.1%. Using the PLM non-detect results for the medium and coarse fractions, the asbestos content of the original sample from the bottom of the bag would equate to <0.02% tremolite/actinolite.

4.0 DISCUSSION

The results of these analyses indicate that some of the consumer products tested contain small amounts of asbestos. As a result, there may be the potential for exposure during consumer product use. Of particular concern is the variability in the bulk sample results. As noted in Table 4, the sample results varied between analytical methods and repeat samples. It is not surprising that samples found to contain asbestos using TEM were non-detect based on PLM because PLM is known to be less sensitive for this type of study. Inconsistencies between the original TEM analysis and repeat TEM analysis are likely as a result of several factors. First, the asbestos content of the products appears to be very close to the detection limit for TEM; thus, even the slightest variability results in some analyses being reported as non-detect or below the quantification limit, while others are slightly above the quantification limit. Also, because only a very small portion of each sample is viewed under the microscope (i.e., 0.01 g), it may be possible to miss asbestos fibers in a product with very low (i.e., <1%) asbestos content. Further variability may occur as a result of the non-homogeneous nature of the product within the bag, bag to bag variability, and differences between the various exfoliating plants and mines that produce vermiculite. In addition, it has been suggested that significant variability in asbestos content can also occur within the same vermiculite mine. Finally, based on the results of the consumer simulation, it appears that the relationship between bulk sample results (i.e., percent asbestos) and indoor air concentrations during use, is not easily quantifiable. This variability may be based on the product characteristics (i.e., moisture content, particle size, or other factors) or use conditions. Section 5.0 discusses potential risks from exposure to consumer products containing vermiculite based on the results of this study.

5.0 RISK ANALYSIS

The cancer risks from asbestos exposure that are associated with use of vermiculite may be estimated using the personal monitoring results from the product use simulation, either inside the containment or outside, as follows:

Risk =
$$\frac{EC \times ET / 24 \text{ hrs} / \text{day} \times EF \times ED}{LT \times 365 \text{ days} / \text{yr}} \times URF$$

where:

EC = exposure concentration (f/cc);

ET = exposure time (hrs/day);

EF = exposure frequency (days/yr);

ED = exposure duration (years);

LT = lifetime (years); and

URF = unit risk factor (0.23 cc/f).

For the purposes of assessing risks to consumers, a range of exposure conditions were assumed. First, the same exposure assumptions as those used in the 1985 Exposure Assessment for Vermiculite (Versar, 1985) were used here (i.e., ET = 4 hours/day; EF = 1 day/year). ED was assumed to be 30 years and LT was assumed to be 75 years (EPA, 1997b). Consumer risks were also calculated using a lower exposure time (i.e., one-half hour per day) and exposure duration (i.e., 10 years) to represent a less conservative scenario, and at a higher exposure frequency (i.e., 6 times per year) to represent more conservative scenarios. The estimated consumer risks based on the fiber concentrations in personal monitors are presented in Table 8 for all products used in the simulations (products with non-detectable asbestos, were assessed at the detection level). The unit risk factor used in the calculations is from EPA's IRIS (EPA, 2000). It should be noted, however, that according to IRIS, this "unit risk factor should not be used if the air concentration exceeds 4E-2 fibers/mL [0.04 f/cc] since above this concentration the slope factor may differ from that stated." However, because this is the only unit risk factor currently available, it was used in this assessment.

For consumers engaging in gardening activities with vermiculite products 4 hours per day, once a year for 30 years with vermiculite products, the risks range from 3.1E-6 to 2.8E-5 (Table 8). The risks are 6 times higher for those engaging in these activities 6 times per year. For consumers

who garden with vermiculite for one-half hour per year for 10 years, the risks ranged from 1.3E-7 to 1.2E-6. The risks are 6 times higher for those engaging in these activities 6 times per year. These risks are based on the air concentrations derived from the indoor and outdoor product use simulations. There are several uncertainties associated with these estimates that should be noted. For example, data on the actual amount of time that the average consumer is likely to handle vermiculite containing asbestos are not available. Therefore, the exposure factors used in this assessment are based on assumptions about the activities of consumers that may or may not accurately reflect actual use patterns. However, the assumptions used are believed to provide a range of risks that would bracket risks among consumers. If consumer exposures/frequencies/durations are 10 to 100 times higher than those assumed here, the corresponding risks to consumers would also be 10 to 100 times higher. It is also possible, that not all of the vermiculite used contains asbestos in the ranges observed in this study. In addition, as mentioned previously, there is some uncertainty associated with the use of the URF for fiber concentrations above 0.04 f/cc. However, given the limited data set, and lack of exposure factors for activities specific to vermiculite use, these risk calculations are believed to represent a reasonable range of estimates for the consumer populations. Occupational exposures were not evaluated as part of this study.

6.0 REFERENCES

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Table 1. Types and Contents of Asbestos Fibers in Vermiculite Produced in the United States*

			Total As	Total Asbestiform Fibers		Resp	Respirable Asbestos Fibers	ers :	Kalinata.
		Sample				LIII	HTRI Lab	ORF	ORF Lab"
Mmes	Vermiculte Samples	No.	Estimated Contents (%)	Mineral Types	<u>Lab-</u> Exfoliated	x 10° Fibers/g	Mass Contents (ppm)	x 10° Fibers/g	Mass Contents (ppm)
	Head feed (Raw ore)	291-I	21-26	Tremolite-Actinolite	no	62.5	670	131.2	069
	Beneficiated Grade 1	270-I	4-6	Tremolite-Actinolite	оп	32.5	78	1	-
W.R. Grace	Beneficiated Grade 2	276-I	4-7	Tremolite-Actinolite	yes	23.4	48.5		ı
Libby, Montana	Beneficiated Grade 3	259-I	2-4	Tremolite-Actinolite	yes	42.4	250	59	240
	Beneficiated Grade 4	282-I	0.3-1	Tremolite-Actinolite	yes	65	460	1.8	17
	Beneficiated Grade 5	264-I	2-4	Tremolite-Actinolite	yes	142	2600	160	1800
	Mill feed (raw)	436-I	7	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	оп	0.3	0.49	12.3	22
æ/p	Beneficiated Grade 3	430-I	<1	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	yes	3.1	3.7	2.4	1.0
w.r.: Grace	Beneficiated Grade 4	433-I	7	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	yes	3.1	1.4	2.7	2.0
Enoree, South	Beneficiated Grade 5	427-I	<1	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	yes	3.5	4.1	2.9	120
Carolina	Exfoliated Grade 3	439-I	<1	Mixed, Tremo-Actin		11.7	-	1	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
	Exfoliated Grade 4	442-I	<1	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	l			es e	
Patterson, Enoree, South Carolina	Beneficiated Ungraded	573-I	∀ '	Mixed, Tremo-Actin	yes	0.7	m	1.1	4.0

Based on Tables 1 and 2 of the MRI report Analyzed by Ontario Research Foundation Analyzes by IIT Research Institute * * *

Table 2. Analytical Results of EPA Region 10's Study of Asbestos in Consumer Products

Sample ID	Product	TEM (%)	PLM (%)	Sample Preparation Method
54200	Black Gold Vermiculite	ND	ND	A
54201	Coles Vermiculite	ND	ND	A
54202	Schultz Vermiculite	ND	ND	A
54203	Whitney Farms Vermiculite	ND ND ND	Trace - -	A B C
54204	Scott's Vermiculite	ND ND	Trace Trace	A C
54205	Zonolite® Vermiculite	0.56 (Actinolite) 1.88 (Actinolite/Tremolite) 0.10 (Tremolite)	 - -	A B C
54206	Zonolite [®] Vermiculite	0.47 (Actinolite) 2.79 (Tremolite)	Trace	A C
104200	Zonolite® Chubby & Tubby	ND	-	В
54207	Termo-O-Rock	ND 0.33 (Actinolite) 0.30 (Tremolite)	Trace 	A B C
54208	Professional Jiffy Mix Potting Soil	ND	ND	A
54209	Sam's Choice Professional Potting Soil	ND	ND	A
54210	Coles Lighthouse Plant Mix	ND	ND	A
54211	Schultz Seed Starter	ND	ND	A
54212	Schultz Seed Starter	ND	ND	A
54213	Coles African Violet Mix	ND	ND	A
54214	Coles Cactus Mix	0.45 (Actinolite)	ND	A
54215	Country Cottage Professional Seed Starter	ND	ND	A
54216	Black Gold Seedling Mix	ND	ND	A
54217	Scotts Progro Professional Potting Mix	ND	ND	A

Notes:

ND = Non-detect.

- A = Representative sample from cross section of bag. Analyses done by semi-quantitative PLM and TEM method: EPA/600/R-93/116.
- B = Sample sifted with USA Standard Testing Seives (size No. 10 and No. 35). Analyses done using semiquantitative method: EPA/600/R-93/116. Results represent asbestos content of only the fine portion (i.e., the portion that passed through the sieves) of vermiculite product; does not represent percent asbestos in whole product.
- C = Residue after particle separation from Manchester Environmental Laboratory (MEL). Analysis done using semi-quantitative method: EPA/600/R-93/116. Results represent asbestos content of only the fine portion (i.e., the portion that passed through the sieves) of vermiculite product; does not represent percent asbestos in whole product (see Section 1.1 for details on this procedure).

Table 3. Vermiculite or Vermiculite-Containing Products Purchased

Location of Purchase	Product Name
Tempe, Arizona	Black Gold Vermiculite Whitney Farms Vermiculite Whitney Farms African Violet Mix
Sacramento, California	Black Gold Vermiculite Green-all Vermiculite Unigro Premium Organic Vermiculite Kellogg's Vermiculite
Denver (Northglen), Colorado	Schultz Professional Potting Soil Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite Cole's Houseplant mix Cole's Premium Vermiculite Cole's Premium African Violet Mix
Miami, Florida	Jungle Growth Vermiculite Ace Horticultural Grade Vermiculite OFE International Inc. Bromeliad Mix Ferti-Iome Vermiculite Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite Jungle Growth African Violet Mix
Atlanta, Georgia (mail order)	Ben Meadows Palmetto Lab Pack
Chicago (Lombard), Illinois	Mica Grown Vemiculite
Minneapolis (Hopkins), Minnesota	Miracle Gro Vermiculite Hoffman's Vermiculite Ace Horticultutal Grade Vermiculite Earthgro's Best Vermiculite Country Cottage Vermiculite
Philadelphia (Bristol), Pennsylvania	Hoffman's African Violet mix Butterfield Farms Potting Soil Premier Pro-mix
San Antonio, Texas	Scott's Vermiculite Professional Jiffy Mix
Springfield, Virginia (Washington, DC area)	Schundler Horticultual Vermiculite Care Free Jiffy Mix Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite Country Cottage Horticultural Vermiculite Pursell's Stay-Green Vermiculite
Kent, Washington	Zonolite [®] Chemical Packaging Vermiculite (purchased by Versar) Zonolite [®] Chemical Packaging Vermiculite (purchased by Region 10)
Batavia, Illinois	VWR Lab Packaging Material ^a

a VWR is a user of this lab packaging material and is not the distributor of this material. The original source of this packaging material is unknown.

Table 4. Analytical Results

	Sieving 10d	TEM (weight %)	-	-1		ı	ı	ı		1	1	-	ı		ı		I	1	1	ı	1	1
	Region 10 Sieving Method	PLM (weight		-		1	-	I		}	ı	1	1		1		ı	ł	ı	ı	_	I
Method	le Long Asbestos g Samples	95% UCL	NA	<724		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Superfund Method	Releasable Long (>5 µm) Asbestos Structures/g Samples	Mean	NA (4)	698>		NA	NA	NA		NA	WA	WA	WA		NA		ΝA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	property TEM	Fiber Type Observed		7.		ı	-	1		*****	1	1	ı				1	1	1	I	ı	l.
SOP 2000		TEM Results (weight %)	NA	QN		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA		NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		PLM Results (weight %)	NA	QN.		NA	NA	ŅĀ		NA	NA	NA	ŇA		NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	grida Marija sa	.TEM Fiber Type Observed	_	Actinolite	Actinolite	ı	-	Actinolite	1	I	ı	Actinolite	Actinolite/ Chrysotile		Chrysotile	I	Actinolite	I	1	I	1	
Bulk Analyses		TEM Results (weight %)	ON	0.35	BQL (3)	ND	ON	BOL	ND	ND	ND ND	BQL	BQL	QN.	BQL	ΩN	BQL	ΩN	QN	QX	<u>R</u>	QN
Bulk	PLM	Fiber Type Observed	-		1	I	1	-	l	ı	I	L	ı	1	1	Chrysotile/ Tremolite	ı	1			ţ	1
		PLM Results (weight %)	ND (2)	QN	QN	CN CN	QN	QN	QN	GN.	QN	ND	<u>R</u>	Ð.	Q.	BQL	QN	ΟŃ	QN	<u>C</u> X	QN	ND
		Product	Vermiculite	Horticultural	Grade Vermiculite	Bromeliad Mix (1)	Vermiculite	Horticultural	Vermiculite	African Violet Mix (1)	Vermiculite	Vermiculite	African Violet Mix (1)		Vermiculite		Vermiculite	Premium Organic Vermiculite	Vermiculite	Professional Potting Soil (1)	Horticultural Vermiculite	Houseplant Mix (1)
		Brand	Jungle Growth	Ace		OFE International Inc.	Ferti-Jome	Schultz		Jungle Growth	Black Gold	Whitney Farms	Whitney Farms		Black Gold		Green-All	Unigro	Kellogg's	Schultz	Schultz	Cole's
		Purchase Location	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	(resample)	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	Miami, FL	(resample)	Miami, FL	Temp, AZ	Temp, AZ	Temp, AZ	(resample	Sacramento, CA	(resample)	Sacramento, CA	Sacramento, CA	Sacramento, CA	Northglen, CO	Northglen, CO	Northglen, CO
	W 13	Sample D	90812	90813	68184 (90814	90815	90816	(8189	90817	90818	90819	90820 1	(8191	90821	:	90822	90823	90824	90825	90826	90827

Table 4. Analytical Results (continued)

	Region 10 Sieving Method	TEM (weight		1	1	Ð		1	ı		ı		l	1	1		1	1	1		ı	l	ı
	Region 1 Med	PLM (weight	-		ı	QN		1	-		-		l	1	ı		1	1	ı		ı	l	ł
Superfund Method	Releasable Long (>5 µm) Asbestos Structures/g Samples	%56	NA	NA	NA	<472		NA	<745		<811		1	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
Superfun	Releasa (>5 µm) Structures		NA	NA	NA	<241		NA	<380		<414		1	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
		Fiber Type	1	I	1	;		_	Actinolite/	amomari	ŀ		-	-	1		1	I	J		-	1	l
SOP 2000		TEM Results	NA	NA	NA	QN		NA	тда		QN		QN	NA	NA		ŊĄ	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
		PLM Results	NA	NA	NA	QN		NA	ND		QN.		QN	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	NA
		TEM Fiber Type	Chrysotile		-	Actinolite	Anthophyllite	Actinolite	Actinolite	Actinolite	Actinolite	Actinolite	I	-	Actinolite/ Chrysotile	Actinolite	ļ		1	Actinolite		Chrysotile	Chrysotile
Bulk Analyses		TEM	BQL	QN.	ND	0.70	BQL	BQL	0.24	BQL	0.41	0.17	QN	ND	BQL	BQL	EN	QN	QN.	BQL	Q.	BQL	BQL
BulkA	NIA	Fiber Type	1	ı	ı		Tremolite	Tremolite	l	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	-	Tremolite	ı	-	***		-	1	j		ı	1	ŧ.
			QN N	QN .	QN	QN	BQL	BQĽ	QN	GN CN	QN.	BQL	MD	QN	QN	Ð	Ð	QN.	QN	£ E	QN	QN	QN
			Premium Vermiculite	Premium African Violet Mix (1)	Vermiculite	Vermiculite		Vermiculite	Horticultural	Grade Vermiculite	Best	Vermiculite	Vermiculite	Vermiculite	African Violet Soil Mix (1)	*************************************	Potting Soil (1)	Pro-mix (1)	Vermiculite		Jiffy Mix (1)	Lab Pack	Horticultural Vermiculite
			Cole's	Cole's	Miracle Gro	Hoffman's		Hoffman's (bottom of bag)	Ace		Earthgro's		Country Cottage	Mica Grown	Hoffman's		Butterfield Farms	Premier	Scott's		Professional	Ben Meadows Palmetto	Schundler
		, Purchase	Northglen, CO	Northglen, CÓ	Hopkins, MN	Hopkins, MN	(resample)	Hopkins, MN	Hopkins, MN	(resample)	Hopkins, MN	(resample)	Hopkins, MN	Lombard, IL	Bristol, PA	(resample)	Bristol, PA	Bristol, PA	San Antonio, TX	(resample)	San Antonio, TX	Atlanta, GA	Springfield, VA
	1 (1) 1	Sample	90828	90829 1	90830	90831	68185	68183	90832	68186	90833	68187	90834	90835	90836	68193	90837	82806	68806	68192	90840	90841	90842

Table 4. Analytical Results (continued)

Simple Percluse Percluse			were the second			Bulk Analyses	nalyses	Pagini Pagin Pagini Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagini Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagin Pagi		SOP 2000		Superfund Method	Method		
Purchase Brand Results Tiby TEM (regist %) Tiby TEM (regist %) Tiby TEM (regist %) Tiby Tiby Results Tiby Tiby Results Tiby Results Tiby Man Sp.% Weight % Springfield, Va. Care Free Ifffy Mix (1) ND - BQL Chrysotile NA - A24 832 ND Springfield, Va. Care Free Ifffy Mix (1) ND - 0.13 Actinolite NA NA - A24 832 ND Springfield, Va. Care Free Horicultural ND - 0.13 Actinolite NA NA - 424 832 ND Kent, WA. Conolite® Option of Degy Vermicultural ND - BQL Actinolite NA - NA NA - NA - A - A - A - A - A - A - <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>WId</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Releasabl (>5.µm) A Structures/g</th><th>e Long sbestos Samples</th><th>Region 10 Meth</th><th>Sieving od</th></t<>						WId						Releasabl (>5.µm) A Structures/g	e Long sbestos Samples	Region 10 Meth	Sieving od
Springfield, VA Care Free Iffy-Mix (1) ND - BQL Actinolite NA - ACT ACTINOLITE NA NA - 424 832 ND Springfield, VA Schultz Hortcultural ND - 0.13 Actinolite NA - 424 832 ND (resample) Yermicultural ND - ND	Sample '10	Purchase Location	Brand	Product	23.00.000	Fiber Type Observed	TEM Results (weight %)			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	Fiber Type Observed	Mean	95% UCL	PLM (weight %)	TEM (weight %)
Springfield, VA Schultz Horizoultural freezemple) ND - 0.13 Activolite NA - 424 832 ND (resample) Springfield, VA Country Cottage Horizoultural freezemple ND - ND - BQL Chrysotile NA -<	90843	Springfield, VA	Care Free	Jiffy Mix (1)	QN Q	1	BQL	Actinolite/ Chrysotile	NA	NA	1	ΝΆ	NA	l	I
Springfield, VA Country Cottage Horticultural verniculitie ND - ND - ND - ND - NA	90844	Springfield, VA	Schultz	Horticultural	QN		0.13	Actinolite	NA	NA	1	424	832	ΩN	ND
Springfield, VA Country Cottage Horticultural Horticultural ND — BQL Chrysotile NA — ACTION INTERMEDIATE NA —	68188	(resample)		Vermiculite	QN	1	ON	1							
Kent, WA Zonolite® (bottom) of bag) Chemical Of bag) ND BQL Actinolite NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA Actinolite NA	90845	Springfield, VA	Country Cottage	Horticultural Vermiculite	QN	I	BQL	Chrysotile	NA	NA		NA	NA	1	
Kent, WA Conolite*® (composite sample) Chemical packaging ND — ND — ND — NA — NA — NA NA — NA NA NA NA — NA NA NA — NA NA NA — NA NA NA Packaging — NA NA NA Packaging	90846	Kent, WA	Zonolite® (bottom of bag)	Chemical Packaging	ND	ı	BQL	Actinolite	NA	NA	ı	NA	NA	BQL <1%	BQL <0.1%
Batavia, IL (provided by EPA)VWR (5)Lab Packaging (Packaging)0.6Tremolite (Packaging)0.14Actinolite (Packaging)Actinolite (Packaging)NA-NA-NA-Region 10)bag)FackagingTremoliteND-NANA-NANA-	90847	Kent, WA	Zonolite® (composite sample)	Chemical Packaging	QN	ł	QN QN	ı	NA	NA		NA	NA	ĆĶ.	QX
Kent, WA Zonolite® (sample of Chemical provided by from bottom 1/3 of Packaging) Chemical provided by from bottom 1/3 of Packaging Tremolite BQL Actinolite NA NA <td>68180</td> <td>Batavia, IL (provided by EPA)</td> <td>VWR (5)</td> <td>Lab Packaging</td> <td>9.0</td> <td>Tremolite</td> <td>0.14</td> <td>Actinolite</td> <td>NA</td> <td>NA</td> <td>1</td> <td>NA</td> <td>NA</td> <td>1</td> <td>I</td>	68180	Batavia, IL (provided by EPA)	VWR (5)	Lab Packaging	9.0	Tremolite	0.14	Actinolite	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	1	I
Springfield, VA Pursell's Sta-Green BQL Tremolite ND — NA NA — NA	68181	Kent, WA (provided by Region 10)	Zonolite® (sample from bottom 1/3 of bag)	Chemical Packaging	6.3	Tremolite	BQL	Actinolite	NA	NA	I	NA	NA		
	68182	Springfield, VA	Pursell's	Sta-Green	BQL	Tremolite	QN	l	NA	NA	}	NA	NA		

Ashed due to organic content.
 ND = Not detected.
 BQL = Below Quantitation limit (0.25% for PLM and 0.1% for TEM).
 NA = Not analyzed.
 VWR is a user of this lab packaging material and is not the distributor of this material. The original source of this packaging material is unknown.

Table 5. Results of Asbestos Analyses Using EPA Superfund Method

Sample DD	Purchase Location	Brand	Product	Respirable Dust Conc. (g dust/g sample)	Total Asbestos Concentration (s/g/dust)*	sbestos tration ust)"	Engly Concen	Long Asbestos Concentration (s/g/dust)?	Total z Conce	Total Asbestos Concentration (s/g.sample)*	Long As Conce	Long (>5 µg) Asbestos Concentration (s/g/sample)**
					Mean	95% UCL	Mean	95% UCL	Mean	95% UCL	Mean	95% UCL
90813	Miami, FL	Ace	Horticultural Grade Vermiculite	2.52E-6	<1.47E+8	<2.88E+8	<1.47E+8	<2.88E+8	696>	<724	<369	<724
90831	Hopkins, MN	Hoffman's	Vermiculite	9.54E-7	<2.52E+8	<4.95E+8	<2.52E+8	<4.95E+8	<241	<472	<241	>472
90832	Hopkins, MN	Ace	Horticultural Grade Vermiculite	6.63E-7	<5.74E+8	<1.12E+9	<5.74E+8	<1.12E+9	<380	<745	<380	<745
90833	Hopkins, MN	Earthgro's	Best Vermiculite	1.31E-7	<3.16E+9	<6.19E+9	<3.16E+9	<6.19E+9	<414	<811	<414	<811
90844	Springfield, VA	Schultz	Horticultural Vermiculite	2.93E-6	2.18E+8	4.27E+8	1.45E+8	2.84E+8	637	1,249	424	832

a Structures per gram of dust. b Structures per gram of sample.

Table 6. Fiber Levels in Air Inside the Containment

Product/Purchase Location	- Monitor Location	PCM Concentration" (free)	TEM Concentration" (s/cc) EPA Level II Method	TEM Fiber Type
Schultz Horticultural Vermiculite	Outside area monitor	<0.008	ND (<0.0176)	-
Springtield, VA (ND - 0.13% asbestos, based on TEM on	Inside area monitor	<0.008 - 0.015	ND (<0.0176)	-
bulk samples)	Personal monitor	<0.043	ND (<0.1002)	ou.
Hoffman's Vermiculite	Outside area monitor	<0.008	ND (<0.0176)	ı
Hopkins, MN (BQL - 0.70% asbestos, based on TEM	Inside area monitor	0.027 - 0.047	ND (<0.0178)	
on bulk samples)	Personal monitor	0.122 - 0.371	ND (<0.1047) - 0.0935	Tremolite >5 µm in length
Zonolite® Chemical Packaging	Outside area monitor	0.011 - 0.012	ND (<0.0167)	l
Verniculite Kent, WA (ND - BQL asbestos, based on TEM on	Inside area monitor	<0.010 - 0.108	ND (<0.0229) - 0.0961 ND (<0.0229) - 0.0769	Actinolite all fiber lengths Actinolite $> 5 \mu$ m in length
bulk samples)	Personal monitor	0.344 - 0.482	0.6255 - 0.7536 0.4170 - 0.6594	Actinolite all fiber lengths Actinolite $> 5 \mu$ m in length
Country Cottage	Outside area monitor	0.008 - 0.012	ND (<0.0151)	1
Horticultural Vermiculite Springfield, VA	Inside area monitor	overloaded	ND (<0.5012)°	F
(BQL Asbestos, based on LEM on bulk sample)	Personal monitor	overloaded	ND (<3.4302)°	1
Scott's Vermiculite	Outside area monitor	>0.006	ND (<0.0141)	(
San Antonio, I.X (ND-BQL asbestos, based on TEM on	Inside area monitor	overloaded	ND (<2.5044)°	1
buik samples)	Personal monitor	overloaded	ND (<16.0428)°	1
Jungle Growth Vermiculite	Outside area monitor	0.014 - 0.015	ND (<0.0151)	7
Miami, FL (ND asbestos, based on TEM on bulk	Inside area monitor	overloaded	ND (<1.0028)°	
sample)	Personal monitor	overloaded	ND (<3.2868)°	,
Kellogg's Vermiculite	Outside area monitor	900'0>	ND (<0.0151)	,
Sacramento, CA (ND asbestos, based on TEM on bulk	Inside area monitor	0.017 - 0.020	ND (<0.0149)	,
sample)	Personal monitor	< 0.047 - 0.074	ND (<0.1052)	-

Note:

f/cc = fibers per cubic centimeter s/cc = structures per cubic centimeter

ND = non-detect (detection limit)

All fibers meeting the counting rules; 3:1 ratio; >5 μm in length.
 Asbestos structures.
 Sample was analyzed by indirect prep, ash and resuspended, 2 to 10% of sample filtered for analyses.

Table 7. Fiber Levels in Outside Air

Product/Purchase Location	Monitor Location	PCM Concentration" (f/cc) NIOSH 7400 Method	TEM Concentration ^b (s/cc) EPA Level II Method	TEM Riber Type
Zonolite® for Horticultural Use Kent. WA	Perimeter	0.011 - 0.013° ND (<0.0155) –	ND (<0.0155)	1
(ND - BQL asbestos, based on TEM on bulk samples)	Personal	0.134⁵	ND (<0.0718)	1

Note:

f/cc = fibers per cubic centimeter s/cc = structures per cubic centimeter

All fibers meeting the counting rules; 3:1 ratio; >5 μ m in length. Asbestos structures. One sample was overloaded with dust and could not be read.

Table 8. Estimated Cancer Risks from Asbestos Associated with Consumer Use of Vermiculite

	EC (Vec)	Risk at ET = 4 EF = 1 EF = 30 LT = 75 URF = 0.23	Risk at ET = 0.5 EF = 1 EF = 10 LT = 7.5 URF = 0.23	Risk at ET = 4 EF = 6 EF = 5 LT = 75 URF = 0.23	Risk at ET = 0.5 EF = 0 EF = 10 LT = 7.5 URE = 0.23
		Indoor Use			
Schultz's Vermiculite PCM TEM [®]	<0.04 <0.10	<1.7E-6 <4.2E-6	<7.0E-8 <1.8E-7	<1.0E-5 <2.5E-5	<4.2B-7 <1.1B-6
Hoffman's Vermiculite PCM TEM²	0.37 0.094	1.6E-5 3.9E-6	6.5E-7 1.6E-7	9.3E-5 2.4E-5	3.9E-6 9.9E-7
Zonolite** PCM TEM*	0.48	2.0E-5 2.8E-5	8.4E-7 1.2E-6	1.2E-4 1.7E-4	5.0E-6 6.9E-6
Country CottageVermiculite PCM TEM ²	-<3.4	- ٩	- p	ı d	. ل
Scott's PCM TEM*	-<16.0	q	q	- Q	- P
Jungle Growth PCM TEM ²	<3.3	- P	q -	. ل	d
Kellogg's PCM TEMª	0.074	3.1E-6 <4.6E-6	1.3E-7 <1.9E-7	1.9E-5 <2.8E-5	7.8E-7 <1.2E-6
		Outdoor Use	8		
Zonolite® PCM TEMª	0.13 <0.072	5.5E-6 <3.0E-6	2.3E-7 <1.3E-7	3.3E-5 <1.8E-5	1.4E-6 <7.6E-7

a Fibers $>5 \mu m$ in length. b Risk not calculated because concentration term was non-detect with a high detection limit resulting from dilution of the sample.

Note: Risk = [(EC x (ET/24 hr/day) x EF x ED) / (LT x 365 d/yr)] x URF

EC = exposure concentration (f/cc)

ET = exposure time (hr/day)

EF = exposure frequency (days/yr)

ED = exposure duration (years)

LT = lifetime (years)

URF= unit nisk factor (cc/c)

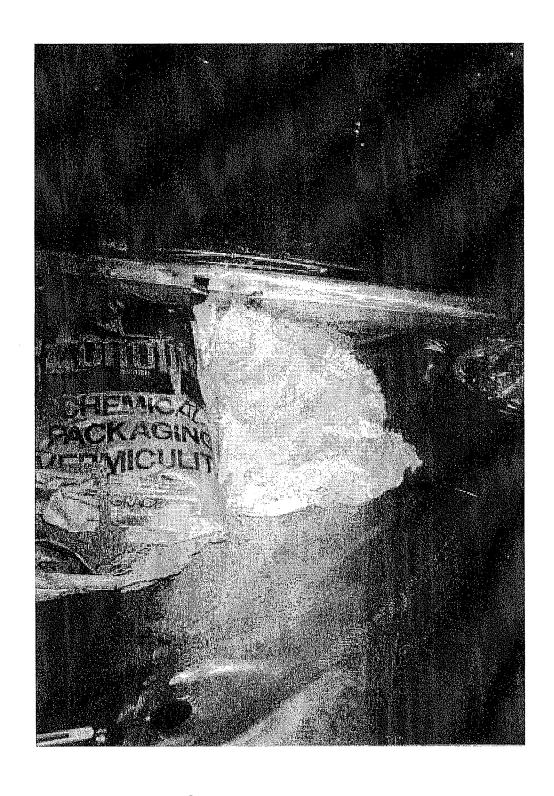


Figure 1. Zonolite® Sample Purchased from Kent, Washington

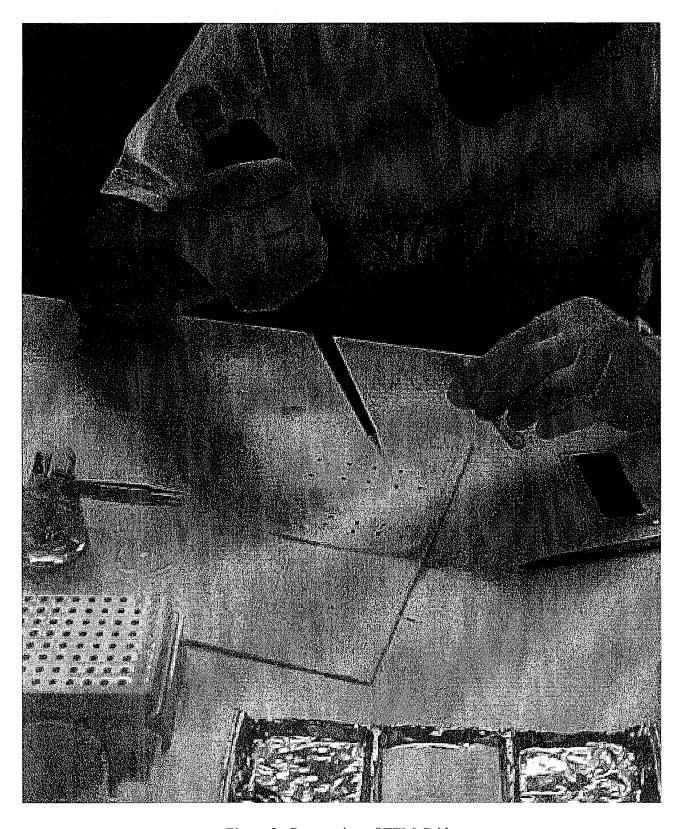


Figure 2. Preparation of TEM Grids

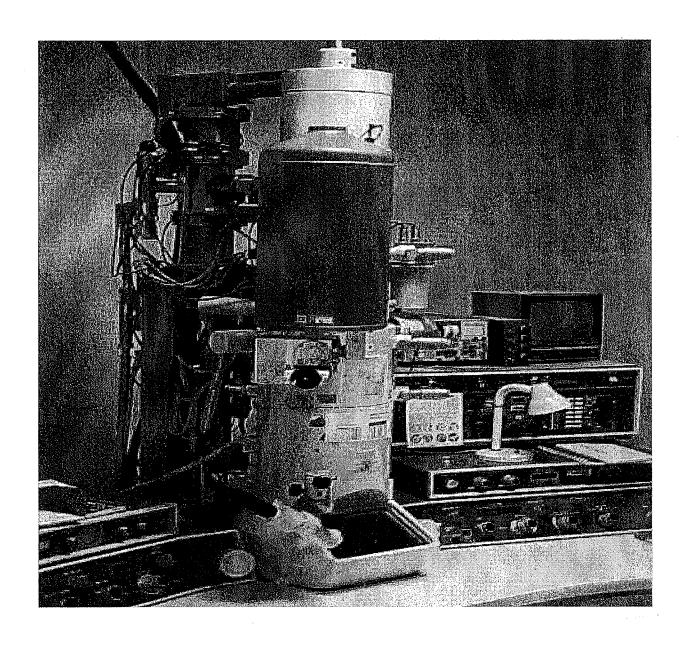


Figure 3. Transmission Electron Microscpe

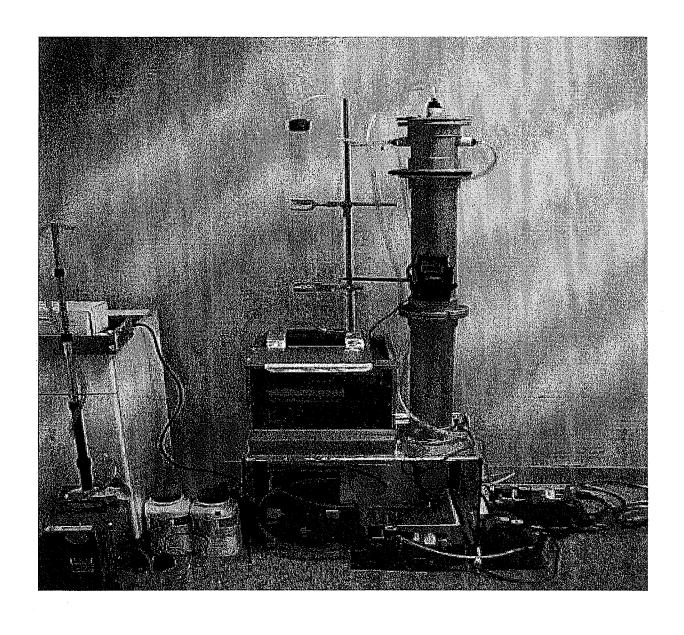
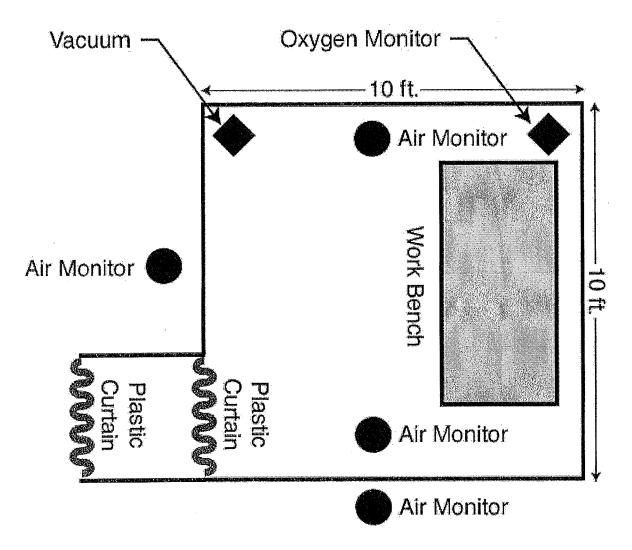


Figure 4. Elutriator Used in the Superfund Method



Unit is 10 feet high.

Plastic sheeting is used for walls, ceiling and floor.

Figure 5. Diagram of 10' x 10' x 10' Containment Used in the Product Use Simulation

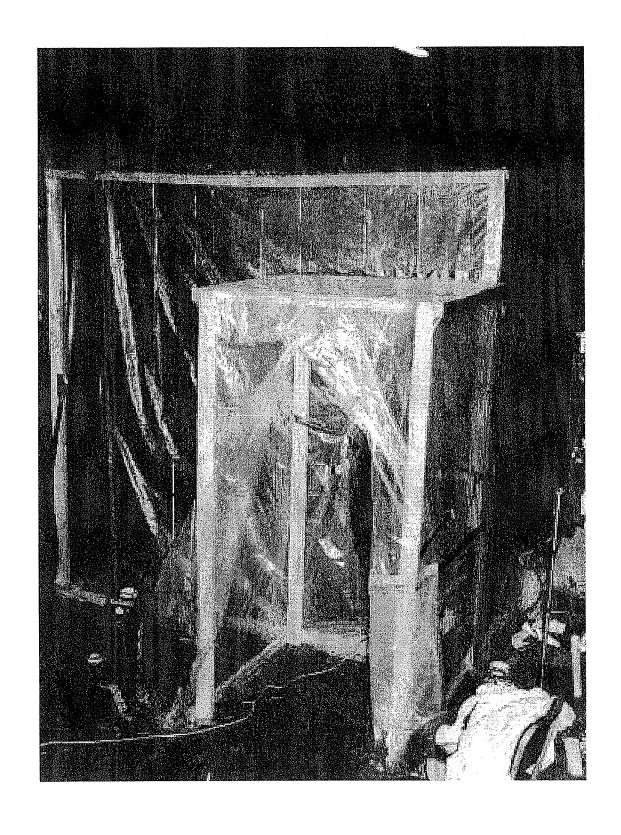


Figure 6. Containment Used in Product Use Simulation

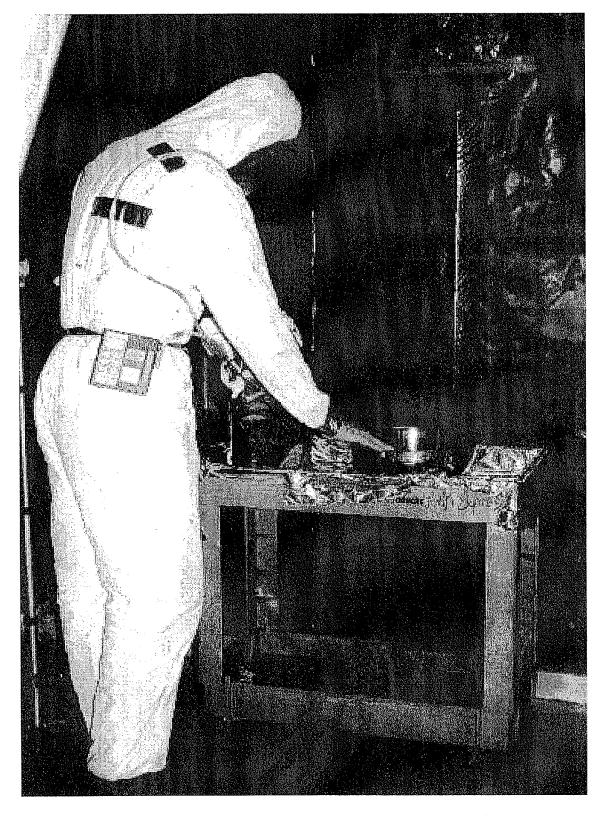


Figure 7. Consumer Use Simulation Wearing Protective Clothing

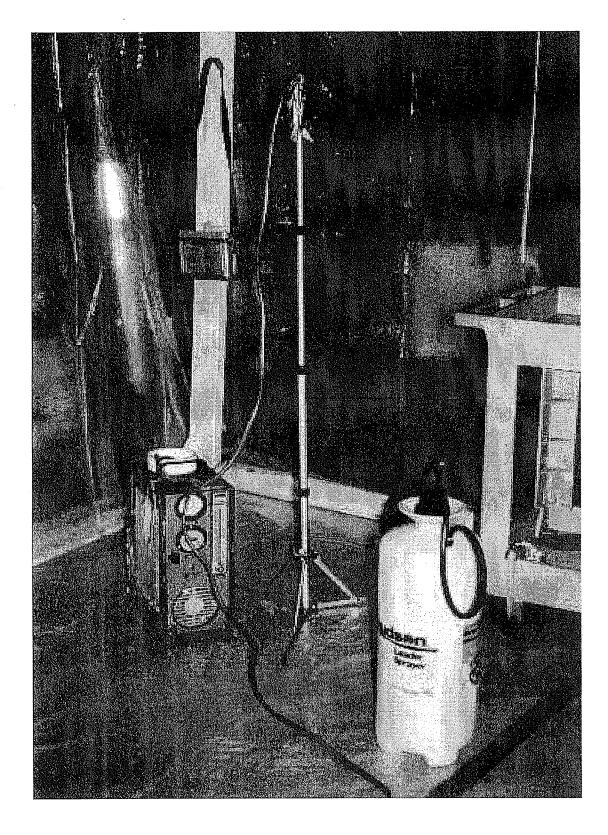


Figure 8. High-Volume Air Sampling Pump

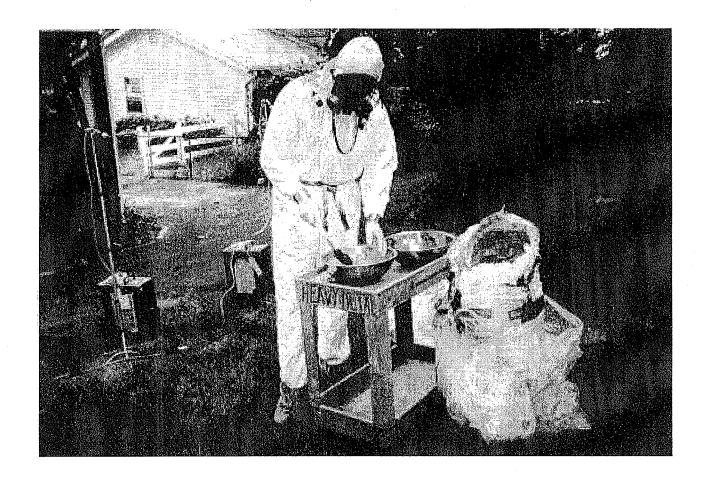


Figure 9. Outdoor Product Use Simulation

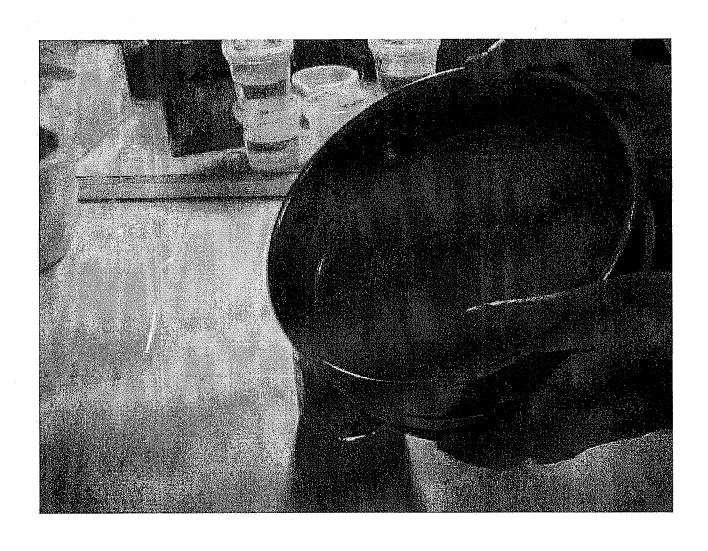


Figure 10. Sieving the Vermiculite Product

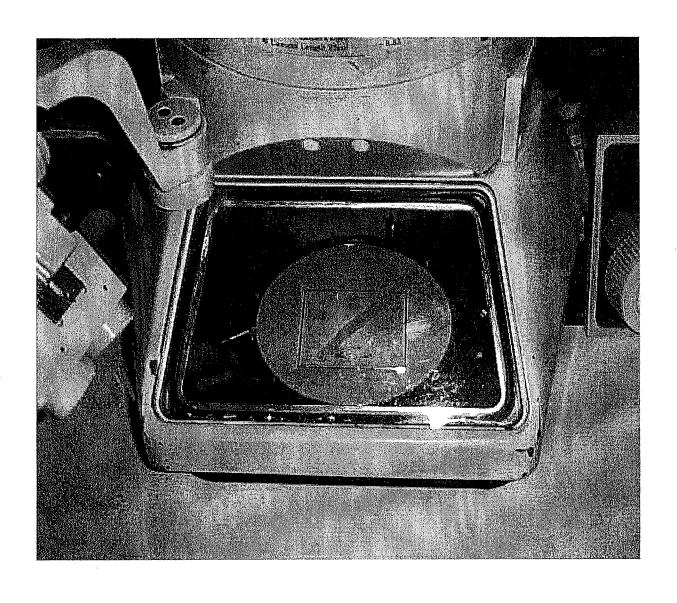


Figure 11. Asbestos Fiber Seen by TEM

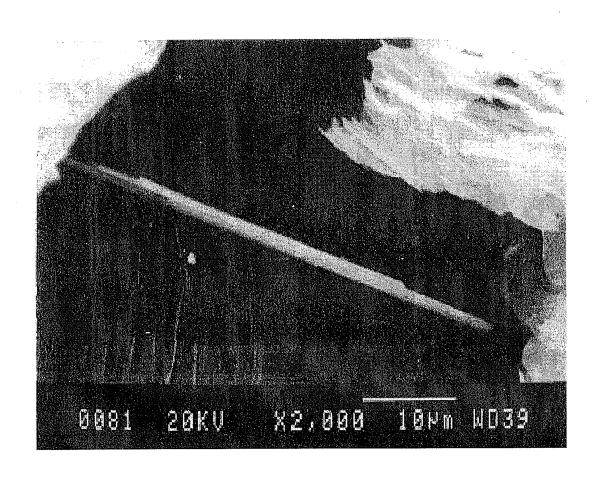


Figure 12. Actinolite Asbestos Fiber

APPENDIX A

Laboratory Reports

107 Haddon Avenue, Westmont, NJ 08108

TEL: 856-858-4800

4/17/00

David Nelson Attn:

Customer ID: VERS96

Versar Inc. Customer PO: P.O. Box 1549 Received:

6850 Versar Center Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6942 Phone: 703-750-3000 ext. 6946 EMSL Order: 040005712 Fax:

Project: EPA Vermiculite/4600.008

Analysis of Vermiculite Asbestos by Transmission Electron Microscopy

Sample ID	Asbestos Weight%	Asbestos Type(s)	Ashed / Not Ashed
90812	BQL	ND	
90813	0.35 Weight %	Actinolite	
90814	BQL	ND	Ashed
90815	BQL	ND	
90816	BQL	. Actinolite	
90817	BQL	ND	Ashed
90818	BQL	ND	
90819	BQL	Actinolite	
90820	BQL	Actinolite/ Chrysotile	Ashed
90821	BQL	Chrysotile	
90822	. BQL	Actinolite	
90823	BQL	ND	
90824	BQL	ND	
90825	BQL	· ND	Ashed
90826	BQL	ND	
90827	BQL	ND	Ashed
90828	BQL	Chrysotile	
90829	BQL	ND	Ashed
90830	BQL	ND .	
90831	0.7 Weight %	Actinolite	
90832	0.24 Weight %	Actinolite	
90833	0.41 Weight %	Actinolite	
90834	BQL	ND	
90835	BQL	ND	
90836	BQL	Actinolite/Chrysotile	Ashed
90837	BQL	ND	Ashed
90838	BQL	ND	Ashed
90839	BQL	ND	
90840	BQL	ND	Ashed
90841	BQL	Chrysotile	
90842	BQL	Chrysotile	
90843	BQL	Actinolite/Chrysotile	Ashed

 \overline{BQL} = Below Quantitation Limit (about 0.1 weight%)

= None Detected

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Attn: **Bradley Norton**

Fax:

Project:

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549 Springfield, VA 22151

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

EMSL Order:

Customer ID

Received:

Customer PO:

040005712

VERS96

04/14/00 1:16 PM

EMSL Project ID:

Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/M4-82-020/ELAP 5.2.1-6.0 Methods*

k				<u>Asbestos</u>		Non-Asb	estos
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	% Type	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous
90812		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0001		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous		-			
90813		Grayish/Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0002		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90814		Brown/Tan	Teased	None Detected	30.0%	Cellulose	69.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0003		Fibrous Heterogeneous			1.0%	Synthetic	
90815		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0004		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90816		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0005		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90817		Brown/Tan/Gray	Teased	None Detected	30.0%	Cellulose	69.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0006		Fibrous			<1%	Glass	
		Heterogeneous			1.0%	Synthetic	
90818		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
04 000 5712-0007		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90819		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0008		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90820	,	Brown/Gray	Teased	None Detected	55.0%	Cellulose	42.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0009		Fibrous Heterogeneous	Dissolved		3.0%	Wollastonite	
90821		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
0400 Q 5712-0010		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90822		Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0011		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					

Scott Combs

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as scied should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval ove test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government. All "NVLAP" reports with NVLAP logo as one signature to be valid. Laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of results when requested to physically separate and analyze layered samples.

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Attn: Bradley Norton

Fax:

Project:

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

4600,008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

04/14/00 1:16 PM

EMSL Order:

040005712

EMSL Project ID:



Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/M4-82-020/ELAP 5.2.1-6.0 Methods*

		•	•	<u>Asbestos</u>		Non-Asb	estos
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	% Type	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous
90823 040005712-0012		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90824 040005712-0013		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90825 040005712-0014		Brown/Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected		Cellulose Synthetic	30.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90826 040005712-0015		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
908 27 040005712-001 6		Brown/Gray/Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose Synthetic Wollastonite	47.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90828 040005712-0017		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90829 040005712-0018	•	Brown/Gray/Tan Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased Dissolved	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose Synthetic Wollastonite	47.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90830 040005712-0019		Gold/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90831 040005712-0020		Brown/Gold Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90833 040005712-0021		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
90834 040005712-0022		Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)

Scott Combs

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

ors PLM has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as one detected should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval.

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107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Attn:

Fax:

Project:

Bradley Norton

Versar inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Phone: 703-642-6889

Customer ID Customer PO: VERS96

Received:

04/14/00 1:16 PM

040005712

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/M4-82-020/ELAP 5.2.1-6.0 Methods*

				<u>Asbestos</u>	•	Non-As	<u>bestos</u>
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	% Type	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous
90832		Gold/Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0023		Non-Fibrous					•
		Heterogeneous					
90835		Tan/Gold	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0024		Non-Fibrous					
	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Heterogeneous	· * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	······································			
90836		Brown/Gold	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100,0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0025		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90837		Brown/Black/Gray	Teased	None Detected	10.0%	Cellulose	89.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0026		Fibrous			1.0%	Hair	
		Heterogeneous			<1%	Synthetic	
90838		Brown	Teased	None Detected	40.0%	Cellulose	60.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0027		Fibrous Heterogeneous			<1%	Synthetic	
90839		Gold/Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0028		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90840		Brown/Tan	Teased	None Detected	60.0%	Cellulose	40.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0029		Fibrous Heterogeneous			<1%	Synthetic	
90841		Grayish/Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0030		Non-Fibrous					
. 1.1		Heterogeneous					
90842		Gold/Tan	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0031		Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous					
90843		Brown/Tan/Gold	Teased	None Detected	70.0%	Cellulose	30.0% Non-fibrous (other)
040005712-0032		Fibrous Heterogeneous		,	<1%	Synthetic	

Scott Combs

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

M has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as etected should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval above test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government. All "NVLAP" reports with NVLAP logo teats one apparature to be valid. Laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of results when requested to physically separate and analyze layered samples.

TEM BUCK 91/16 PUT POINT COUNT 6TO 60 Day

4600

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

PROJECT NO.	PROJEC	T NAM	1	P. M.	PROJECT NAME EPA WERNIEULITE			PARAMETERS	INDUSTRIAL
400.008						1 50			HYGIENE SAMPLE N
SAMPLERS: Asignature)	12=			4	Princell D. W. Let Sond BORDEN T. NORTH	BNIVINO			
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	TIME	COMP,	SARD	9	200 or			HEMARKS 1 00 M
16912	04/2/1/				SUNGE GANOTH			MERRAL	地域
76913				23	HEUNTEUTHAN CHANE VERNTEUTTE - ME BENY				10 10
1808				BM	BROWELTH MIKEFE) () () () () () () () () () (
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40817				7	WRIE GROWTH-HAZERY				
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90821			*******	199	ONKIL GOLD NEWNERNITE			SACIETU	SACREMIENTO, CH
70822				272	METER ALL-VERINTENLITE				
80823	\Rightarrow			7. 2.	Pleastrin ONGHATA VERNAUM – CHT GRO				
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Distribution: Original Plus One Accompanies Shipment (white and vellow): Conv to Coordinator Field Files (ninu)

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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76.837				1500	William Francis				
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90839				1K	KUTS VERMITAULITE			1/4	MINUTES EX
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107 Haddon Avenue, Westmont, NJ 08108

TEL: 856-858-4800

David Nelson Attn:

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center P.O. Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax:

703-642-6942 Phone: 703-750-3000 ext. 6946 Project: EPA Vermiculite/4600.008

Received:

Customer PO:

4/14/00

EMSL Order: 040005817

Customer ID: VERS96

Analysis of Vermiculite Asbestos by Transmission Electron Microscopy

Sample ID	Asbestos Weight%	Asbestos Type(s)	Ashed / Not Ashed
90844	0.13 Weight%	Actinolite	Not Ashed
90845	BQL	Chrysotile	Not Ashed
90846	BQL	Actinolite	Not Ashed
90847	BQL,	ND	Not Ashed

 $\overline{BQL} = Below Quantitation Limit (about 0.1 wt%)$

ND = None Detected

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Attn:

Fax:

Project:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6809

EPA Vermiculite/4600.008

Phone: 703-642-6889

EMSL Order:

Customer ID

Received:

Customer PO:

040005817

VERS96

04/17/00 9:51 AM

EMSL Project ID:



Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) Performed by EPA 600/R-93/116 Method

ar s				Asbestos		<u>N</u>	on-Asbestos
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	% Type	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous
90844 040005817-0005	Shultz Horticultural Vermiculite	Brown/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	10∪% Non-fibrous (other)
90845 040005817-0006	Country Cottage Horticultural Vermiculite	Brown/Tan Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100% Non-fibrous (other)
908 4 6 040005817-0007	ZonoLite- Fines	Tan/Gold Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100% Non-fibrous (other)
90847 040005817-0008	ZonoLite - Composite	Gray/Gold Non-Fibrous Heterogeneous	Teased	None Detected	<1%	Cellulose	100% Non-fibrous (other)

Scott Combs

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Disclaimers: PLM has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as <1% or none detected should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval by EMSL. The above test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government. All "NVLAP" reports with NVLAP tain at least one signature to be valid. Laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of results when requested to physically separate and analyze layered samples.



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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SAMPLERS: Glanger	"Son			<u>e</u>	Printed & LEZON		Total - Com	
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	TIME	COMP.	8780	STATION LOCATION	00 4C ON		REMARKS
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Reinquished by: <i>(Signature)</i>	natura)	-	bate	Sate / Time	Received for Laboratory by:	Date / Time F	K	The Parket
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		4		I				

Distribution: Original Plus One Accompanies Shipment (white and yellow); Copy to Coordinator Field Files (pink).



Order ID: 040006957

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: · Project: 703-642-6809

4600,008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

5/5/00 11:05 AM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID:

040006957

Asbestos Analysis of Vermiculite by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	Asbestos Weight%	Asbestos Type(s)	Ashed / Not Ashed
68180	040006957-0001	0.14%	Actinolite*	Not Ashed
68181	040006957-0002	BQL**	Actinolite*	Not Ashed
68182	040006957-0003	BQL	ND***	Not Ashed
68183	040006957-0004	BQL	Actinolite*	Not Ashed

Key

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D

TEM Analyst

Stephen Siegel. CIH- Lab Manager Or other approved signatory



^{*}Actinolilte/Richterite

^{**}BQL = Below Quantitation Limit (0.1 weight%)

^{***}ND = None Detected

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Fax: (609) 858-4960 Email: ssiegel@EMSL.com

Phone: (609) 858-4800

Phone: 703-642-6889



Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549 703-642-6809

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project:

EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

07563

Received:

05/05/00 11:05 AM

EMSL Order:

040006957

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

5/11/2000

Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/M4-82-020/ELAP 5

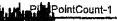
			•		Non-As	bestos		Asbestos
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	%	Fibrous	% Non-Fibrous		% Туре
68180 040006957-0005		Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased	5.0%	Cellulose	94.5% Non-fibrous (other)	0.6%	Tremolite
68181 040006957-0006		Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased	8.0%	Cellulose	91.7% Non-fibrous (other)	0.3%	Tremolite
68182 040006957-0007		Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased	10.0%	Cellulose	90.0% Non-fibrous (other)	<1%	Tremolite
68183 040006957-0008		Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased	10.0%	Cellulose	90.0% Non-fibrous (other)	<1%	Tremolite

Essie Spencer

Analysi

Stephen Slegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Disclaimers: PLM has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as <1% or none detected should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval by EMSL. The above test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government. All "NVLAP" reports with NVLAP logo must contain at least one signature to be valid, Laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of results when requested to physically separate and analyze layered samples.



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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Received by: (Signature) Relinquished by: (Signature) Printed) Received by: (Signature) Signature) Received by: (Signature) Signature) Received by: (Signature) Signature) Received by: (Signature) Received by: (Signature) Signature) Signat				1/2	WAND VERMENTE	-			4,4254	GEORD MENE	SIL
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Order ID: 040007035

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax:

703-642-6809

Project:

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

5/8/00 11:20 AM

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID: 040007035

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using **Analytical Electron Microscopy**

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	Asbestos Weight %	Asbestos Type(s)
68184	040007035-1	BQL*	Actinolite
68185	040007035-2	BQL	Anthopyllite
68186	040007035-3	BQL	Actinolite
68187	040007035-4	0.17	Actinolite
68188	040007035-5	BQL	ND**
68189	04000703 <i>5-</i> 6	BQL	ND
68190	04000703 <i>5-</i> 7	BQL	ND
68191	040007035-8	BQL	ND
68192	040007035-9	BQL	Actinolite
68193	040007035-10	BQL	Actinolite

*BQL = Below Quantitation Limit (0.1 weight%)

**ND = None Detected

Note: All samples were not asked prior to analysis

Samudra, Ph.D.

Stephen Siegel, CIH- Lab Manager

Or other approved signatory

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Phone: (609) 858-4800 Fax: (609) 858-4960 Email: ssiegel@EMSL.com

Attn:

Fax:

Project:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

4601.005/EPA Vermiculite

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

EMSL Order:

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

040007035

05/08/00 11:20 AM

VERS96

07563

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date: 5/16/2000

Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) - Point Count Performed by EPA 600/M4-82-020/ELAP 5

					Non-Asi	bestos		Asbestos
Sample	Location	Appearance	Treatment	%	Fibrous	%	Non-Fibrous	% Type
68184 040007035-0001	ACE HORTICULTURA	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Min. Wool Wollastonite	94.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
68185 040007035-0002	HOFFMAN HORTICULTURA	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	95.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Tremolite
68186 040007035-0003	ACE HORTICULTURA	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	95.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
68187 040007035-0004	EARTHGRO'S BEST	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	92.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Tremolite
68188 040007035-0005	SCHULTZ HORTICULTURA	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	93.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
681 89 040007035-0008	SCHULTZ HORTICULTURA	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	90.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
68190 040007035-0007	BLACK GOLD VERMICULITE	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	95.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	<1% Chrysotile <1% Tremolite
68191 040007035-0008	WHITNEY FARMS	Beige Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Celluiose Wollastonite	95.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
68192 040007035-0009	SCOTTS VERMICULITE	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Cellulose Wollastonite	85.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected
68193 040007035-0010	HOFFMAN AFRICAN	Brown Fibrous Homogeneous	Teased		Callulose Wollastonite	80.0%	Non-fibrous (other)	None Detected

Essie	Spencer
-------	---------

Analyst

Stephen Slegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Disclaimers: PLM has been known to miss asbestos in a small percentage of samples which contain asbestos. Thus negative PLM results cannot be guaranteed. Samples reported as <1% or none detected should be tested with either SEM or TEM. The above test report relates only to the items tested. This report may only be reproduced in part with written approval by EASL. The above test must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP nor any agency of the United States Government. All "NVLAP" reports with NVLAP logo function at least one signature to be valid. Laboratory is not responsible for the accuracy of results when requested to physically separate and analyze layered samples.

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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88189				213	MUTZ HRYGUATIE			BUPKE, VA	1	
68189				717	CHAITZ HONTZUUTUM HAMATÜÜLTE			MESM	MISSUE, FLOREDA	T
06189					CHIX GOLD VERMELLITE			MERAN	MCRAWOND, CA	
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Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax:

703-642-6809

Project: 4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

5/4/00 12:58 PM

0 12:50 L H

EMSL Order:

040006832

EMSL Project ID:

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EMSL SOP 2000 Method using Polarized Light (PLM) and Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	PLM Results EPA Point Count	TEM Results	Asbestos Type(s)
90813	040006832-0001	ND*	BDL**	ND
90831	040006832-0002	· · ND	BDL	ND
90832	040006832-0004	ND	BDL	Actinolite/Tremolite
90833	040006832-0003	ND	BDL	ND
90844	040006832-0005	ND	BDL	ND

Key

Essie Spencer PLM Analyst

Stonban Signal CIU



^{*}ND = None Detected

^{**}BDL = Below Detection Limit (0.1 weight%)

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Order ID: 040006832

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials-EPA540-R-97-028

6850 Versar Center David Nelson Versar Inc. Attn:

Springfield, VA 22151 703-642-6809 PO Box 1549

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite Project: Fax:

5/4/00 12:58 PM 5/17/00 Customer PO: Received: Report Date:

VERS96

Customer ID:

040006832

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID:

	Dust	Generation	Rate	(at 60 rpm)	(g/min)	8.60E-05		5.00E-05	v nd	2.20E-05		4.00E-06		1.74E-04	
	Long	Asbestos	95% UCL	(s/g dust) (a		<2.88E+08		<4.95E+08		<1.12E+09		<6.19E+09		2.84E+08	
	Long	Asbestos	Conc	(s/g dust)	•	<1.47E+08		<2.52E+08	•	<5.74E+08		<3.16E+09	•	1.45E+08	
	Long Asbestos	Analytical	Sensitivity	(s/g dust)		1.47E+08		2.52E+08	-	5.74E+08		3.16E+09		7.25E+07	•••
	Total	Aspestos 95%	UCL	(s/g dust)		<2.88E+08		<4.95E+08		<1.12E+09		<6.19E+09		4.27E+08	
	Total	Asbestos	Concentration (s/g	dust)		<1.47E+08		<2.52E+08		<5.74E+08		<3.16E+09		2.18E+08	
Die Dust	Total Asbestos	Analytical	Sensitivity	(s/g dust)		1.47E+08	******	2.52E+08		5.74E+08		3.16E+09		7.25E+07	
Keleasable Aspestos in Kespirable Dust	Respirable Dust	Conc	(g/g smpl)			2.516E-06		9.542E-07		6.629E-07		1.311E-07		2.926E-06	
Keleasable A	Client/Lab	Sample ID				90813/	040006832-1	90831/	040006832-2	90832/	040006832-3	90833/	040006832-4	90844/	040006832.5

EMSL Analytical, Inc. 107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Order ID: 040006832

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials-EPA540-R-97-028

Customer ID: Customer PO: David Nelson Versar Inc. Attn:

Springfield, VA 22151 703-642-6809 6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite Project: Fax:

5/4/00 12:58 PM 5/17/00 Report Date: Received:

VERS96

EMSL Order:

040006832 EMSL Project ID:

						T -		7	فعدد الإدبين					1	
	Comments													The state of the s	
	Long	Asbestos	95% UCL	(ldms g/s)	:	<723.95		<472.17		<745.49		<810.72		416.02	
	Long	Asbestos	Conc	(ldms g/s)		<369.36		<240.90	!	<380.35		<413.63		212.25	
	Long	Asbestos	Analytical	Sensitivity	(s/g smpl)	369.36		240.90		380.35		413.63		212.25	
	Total	Asbestos	95% UCL	(ldms g/s)		<723.95		<472.17		<745.49		<810.72		416.02	
	Total	Asbestos	Concentration	(ldms g/s)		<369.36	:	<240.90		<380.35		<413.63		92:969	
tron) campaign	Total	Asbestos	Analytical	Sensitivity	(s/g smpl)	369.36		240.90		380.35		413.63		212.25	
included and in the political of the property	Respirable Dust	Conc	([dms 8/8)			2.516E-06		9.542E-07		6.629E-07		1,311E-07		2.926E-06	
TITITESTATION	Client/Lab	Sample ID				90813/	040006832-1	90831/	040006832-2	90832/	040006832-3	90833/	040006832-4	90844/	040006832-5

Stephen Siegel, CIH- Lab Manager Or other approved signatory

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D. Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:	David Nelson	Customer ID:	VERS96
	Versar Inc.	Customer PO:	
	6850 Versar Center	Received:	5/4/00 12:58 PM
	PO Box 1549	Report Date:	5/17/00
	Springfield, VA 22151	-	
Fax:	703-642-6809	EMSL Order:	040006832
Project:	4600.008/EPA Vermiculite	EMSL Project ID:	

Client Sample# 90813 EMSL Sample# 40006832-001

Chrysotile Asbestos Analysis Results	<u>Low</u> <u>Magnification</u>	<u>High</u> Magnification
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	Ö
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
110. 02 month (a lam) om a portro 1 room of the partition	A W 4 4	v
Amphibole Asbestos Analysis Results		
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Mineral Type-	N/A	N/A
-		
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBI	ESTOS IN SAMPLE	
	Conc.	<u>95% UCL</u>
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<369.36	<723.95
Total Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<36 9.36	<723.95
Total Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<369.36	<723.95
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<369.36	<723.95
Long Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<369.36	<723.95
Long Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<369.36	<723.95
The time and Amelication 10 - with the control of	.000.00	F10.0 A.M
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g)	<369.36	<723,95
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS DUST OF SAMPLE	IN RESPIRABLE	
	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Total Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Total Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Long Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Long Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<146,778,498	<287,685,856
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g dust)	<146,778,498	<287,685,856

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

Report Date:

5/17/00

5/9/00

VERS96

EMSL Order:

040006832

EMSL Project ID:

Date Analysis Started Date Analysis Completed

5/10/00 Lab Sample # 040006832-0001

Field Sample ID Number 90813

Field Prepartation Technique N/A

Additional Lab Preparation Procedures

Sample Drying Yes Sample Splitting N/A

Other

TEM Analysis

Effective Area of Analytical Filter (sq mm) 385

> Magnification 19,000X

Grid Opening Area (sq mm) 0.0061

Number of G.O. Scanned 10

Asbestos Structure Size and Type Categories of Interest

>0.5µ Length <0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

Amphiboles/Chrysotile >0.5µ Length

17.0874

1300

1300

Minimum Acceptable Structure ID Category

<0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

Dust Generator

Mass of Sample Tumbled (g)

Air Flow Rate Through ME opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1500

Air Flow Rate Through IST opening of Dust Generator (ml/min)

Air Flow Rate Scrubber (ml/min) N/A

Estimated Total Air Flow Rate Through Elutriator (ml/min)

Total Mass of Dust Collected on Dust Filters (g) 0.00043

Time of Dust Collection (24 hr clock) at 60 rpm

30 sec

Start/Stop N/A

Estimated first-order rate constants for dust generation (min⁻¹) at 60 rpm

Samples from the Isokinetic Sampling Tube (IST) Opening of the Dust Generator 60 rpm run

Time of Collection (24 hr clock) 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated Mass of Dust Collected on Filter (g)

0.00043

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

VERS96 Customer PO:

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

Report Date:

5/17/00

EMSL Order:

040006832

EMSL Project ID:

Date Analysis Started 5/9/00 Date Analysis Completed 5/10/00

Lab Sample # 040006832-0002

Field Sample ID Number 90831

Field Prepartation Technique N/A

Additional Lab Preparation Procedures

Sample Drying Yes Sample Splitting N/A

Other

TEM Analysis

Effective Area of Analytical Filter (sq mm) 385

> Magnification 19,000X

Grid Opening Area (sq mm) 0.0061

Number of G.O. Scanned 10

Asbestos Structure Size and Type Categories of Interest >0.5µ Length

<0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio Amphiboles/Chrysotile

Minimum Acceptable Structure ID Category

>0.5µ Length <0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

Dust Generator

Mass of Sample Tumbled (g) 26.1993

Air Flow Rate Through ME opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1500

Air Flow Rate Through IST opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1300

> Air Flow Rate Scrubber (ml/min) N/A

Estimated Total Air Flow Rate Through Elutriator (ml/min) 1300

> Total Mass of Dust Collected on Dust Filters (g) 0.00025

Time of Dust Collection (24 hr clock) at 60 rpm 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated first-order rate constants for dust generation (min⁻¹) at 60 rpm

Samples from the Isokinetic Sampling Tube (IST) Opening of the Dust Generator 60 rpm run

Time of Collection (24 hr clock) 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated Mass of Dust Collected on Liter (g)

0.00025

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D. Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:	David Nelson	Customer ID:	VERS96
•	Versar Inc.	Customer PO:	
	6850 Versar Center	Received:	5/4/00 12:58 PM
	PO Box 1549	Report Date:	5/17/00
	Springfield, VA 22151	•	
Fax:	703-642-6809	EMSL Order:	040006832
Project:	4600.008/EPA Vermiculite	EMSL Project ID:	

Client Sample# 90831 EMSL Sample# 040006832-002

Characterist Ash article Assistant Paralle		
Chrysotile Asbestos Analysis Results	<u>Low</u> Magnification	<u>High</u>
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	Magnification
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
140. Of Long (*5 min) City source Assessos Process Dundies	TALYZ	V
Amphibole Asbestos Analysis Results		
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Mineral Type-	N/A	N/A
•		
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASB	ESTOS IN SAMPLE	
	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472.17
Total Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472.17
Total Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472,17
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472.17
Long Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472.17
Long Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<240.90	<472.17
Palmond Analysis Co. State Co. 1		
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g)	<240.90	<472.17
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS	S IN DESDIDADI D	
DUST OF SAMPLE	3 IN KESI KANDLE	
•	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Total Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Total Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g dust)	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
	1	

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Report Date:

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

5/17/00

EMSL Order:

040006832

VERS96

EMSL Project ID:

Date Analysis Started 5/9/00 Date Analysis Completed 5/10/00

> Lab Sample # 040006832-0003

Field Sample ID Number 90832

Field Prepartation Technique N/A

Additional Lab Preparation Procedures

Sample Drying Yes Sample Splitting N/A

Other

TEM Analysis

Effective Area of Analytical Filter (sq mm) 385

> Magnification 19,000X

Grid Opening Area (sq mm) 0.0061

Number of G.O. Scanned

Asbestos Structure Size and Type Categories of Interest >0.5µ Length

<0.5µ Diameter >5:1 Aspect Ratio

Amphiboles/Chrysotile

Minimum Acceptable Structure ID Category

>0.5µ Length <0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

16.5938

Dust Generator

Mass of Sample Tumbled (g)

Air Flow Rate Through ME opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1500

Air Flow Rate Through IST opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1300

> Air Flow Rate Scrubber (ml/min) N/A

Estimated Total Air Flow Rate Through Elutriator (ml/min) 1300

> Total Mass of Dust Collected on Dust Filters (g) 0.00011

Time of Dust Collection (24 hr clock) at 60 rpm 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated first-order rate constants for dust generation (min⁻¹) at 60 rpm

Samples from the Isokinetic Sampling Tube (IST) Opening of the Dust Generator 60 rpm run

Time of Collection (24 hr clock) 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated Mass of Dust Collected on Filter (g) 0.00011

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:	David Nelson	Customer ID:	VERS96
	Versar Inc.	Customer PO:	
	6850 Versar Center	Received:	5/4/00 12:58 PM
	PO Box 1549	Report Date:	5/17/00
	Springfield, VA 22151	•	
Fax:	703-642-6809	EMSL Order:	040006832
Project:	4600.008/EPA Vermiculite	EMSL Project ID:	

Client Sample# 90832 EMSL Sample# 040006832-003

Chrysotile Asbestos Analysis Results	<u>Low</u> Magnification	<u>High</u> Magnification
No, of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 µm) Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Asbestos Analysis Results	2411	
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Mineral Type-	N/A	N/A
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBE	STOS IN SAMPLE	
	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	< <u>380.35</u>	<745.49
Total Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<380.35	<745.49
Total Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<380.35	<745.49
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<380.35	<745.49
Long Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<380.35	<745.49
Long Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<380.35	<745.49
TOTE THOUGHT OF BUILDING PAY & DIMINIPLO	1000,00	170,70
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g)	<380.35	<745.49
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS DUST OF SAMPLE	IN RESPIRABLE	
	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Total Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Total Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Long Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<252,459,016	<494,819,672
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g dust)	<252,459,016	<494,819,672

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project:

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

703-642-6809

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

VERS96

5/17/00

EMSL Order:

Report Date:

EMSL Project ID:

040006832

Date Analysis Started 5/9/00 Date Analysis Completed 5/10/00

> Lab Sample # 040006832-0004

Field Sample ID Number 90833 Field Prepartation Technique N/A

Additional Lab Preparation Procedures

Sample Drying Yes Sample Splitting N/A

Other

TEM Analysis

Effective Area of Analytical Filter (sq mm) 385

> Magnification 19,000X

Grid Opening Area (sq mm) 0.0061

Number of G.O. Scanned 10

Asbestos Structure Size and Type Categories of Interest >0.5µ Length

<0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio Amphiboles/Chrysotile

Minimum Acceptable Structure ID Category

>0.5µ Length <0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

Dust Generator

Mass of Sample Tumbled (g) 15.2587

Air Flow Rate Through ME opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1500

Air Flow Rate Through IST opening of Dust Generator (ml/min)

Air Flow Rate Scrubber (ml/min) N/A

Estimated Total Air Flow Rate Through Elutriator (ml/min) 1300

> Total Mass of Dust Collected on Dust Filters (g) 0.00002

Time of Dust Collection (24 hr clock) at 60 rpm 30 sec

2

1300

Start/Stop N/A Estimated first-order rate constants for dust generation (min-1) at 60 rpm

Samples from the Isokinetic Sampling Tube (IST) Opening of the Dust Generator 60 rpm run

Time of Collection (24 hr clock) 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated Mass of Dust Collected on Filter (g) 0.00002

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D. Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:	David Nelson	Customer ID:	VERS96
	Versar Inc.	Customer PO:	
	6850 Versar Center	Received:	5/4/00 12:58 PM
	PO Box 1549	Report Date:	5/17/00
	Springfield, VA 22151	•	"
Fax:	703-642-6809	EMSI Order	040006832

EMSL Project ID:

Client Sample# 90833 EMSL Sample# 040006832-004

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Project:

Chrysotile Asbestos Analysis Results	<u>Low</u> Magnification	<u>High</u> Magnification
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Asbestos Analysis Results		
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Mineral Type-	N/A	N/A
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBI	ESTOS IN SAMPLE	
	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<413.63	<810.72
Total Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<413.63	<810.72
Total Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<413.63	<810.72
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<413,63	<810.72
Long Amphibole Structures per g Sample	<413,63	<810.72
Long Asbestos Structures per g Sample	<413.63	<810.72
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g)	<413.63	<810.72
ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS	IN RESPIRABLE	

ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS IN RESPIRABLE DUST OF SAMPLE

	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
Total Amphibole Structures per g Duşt	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
Total Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
Long Amphibole Structures per g Dust	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
Long Asbestos Structures per g Dust	<3,155,737,705	<6,185,245,902
The firm and American Grantes to the Control of the		

Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g dust) <3,155,737,705 <6,185,245,902

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Report Date:

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

5/17/00

VERS96

EMSL Order:

040006832

EMSL Project ID:

Date Analysis Started 5/9/00 Date Analysis Completed

5/10/00 Lab Sample # 040006832-0005

Field Sample ID Number 90844

Field Prepartation Technique N/A

Additional Lab Preparation Procedures

Sample Drying Yes Sample Splitting N/A

Other

385

TEM Analysis

Effective Area of Analytical Filter (sq mm)

Magnification 19,000X

Grid Opening Area (sq mm) 0.0061

Number of G.O. Scanned 10

Asbestos Structure Size and Type Categories of Interest >0.5µ Length

> <0.5µ Diameter >5:1 Aspect Ratio

Amphiboles/Chrysotile

Minimum Acceptable Structure ID Category

>0.5µ Length <0.5µ Diameter

>5:1 Aspect Ratio

Dust Generator

Mass of Sample Tumble (g) 29,7354

Air Flow Rate Through ME opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1500

Air Flow Rate Through IST opening of Dust Generator (ml/min) 1300

> Air Flow Rate Scrubber (ml/min) N/A

Estimated Total Air Flow Rate Through Elutriator (ml/min) 1300

> Total Mass of Dust Collected on Dust Filters (g) 0.00087

Time of Dust Collection (24 hr clock) at 60 rpm 30 sec

> N/A Start/Stop

Estimated first-order rate constants for dust generation (min⁻¹) at 60 rpm

Samples from the Isokinetic Sampling Tube (IST) Opening of the Dust Generator 60 rpm run

Time of Collection (24 hr clock) 30 sec

> Start/Stop N/A

Estimated Mass of Dust Collected on Filter (g) 0.00087

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D. Analyst

Asbestos Analysis via EPA Superfund Method for the Determination of Releasable Asbestos Fibers in Soils and Bulk Materials- EPA540-R-97-028

٨	***	

David Nelson

Customer ID:

VERS96

Versar Inc.

Customer PO:

6850 Versar Center

Received:

5/4/00 12:58 PM

PO Box 1549 Springfield, VA 22151 Report Date:

5/17/00

Fax:

703-642-6809

EMSL Order:

040006832

Project: 4600.0

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

EMSL Project ID:

Client Sample# 90844

EMSL Sample# 040006832-005

Chrysottle Asbestos Analysis Results	Low	<u>High</u>
	Magnification	Magnification
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Chrysotile Asbestos Structures	N/A	0
No. of Total Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Chrysotile Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Asbestos Analysis Results		
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	3
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Structures	N/A	2
No. of Total Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
No. of Long (>5 μm) Amphibole Asbestos Fibers/Bundles	N/A	0
Amphibole Mineral Type-	N/A	Actinolite/Richterite

ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS IN SAMPLE

	Conc.	<u>95% UCL</u>
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<212.25	<416.02
Total Amphibole Structures per g Sample	636.76	1248.06
Total Asbestos Structures per g Sample	636.76	1248.06
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Sample	<212.25	<416.02
Long Amphibole Structures per g Sample	212.25	416.02
Long Asbestos Structures per g Sample	212.25	416.02
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g)	<212.25	<416.02

ESTIMATED CONCENTRATIONS OF RELEASABLE ASBESTOS IN RESPIRABLE DUST OF SAMPLE

	Conc.	95% UCL
Total Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<72,545,694	<142,189,561
Total Amphibole Structures per g Dust	217,637,083	426,568,683
Total Asbestos Structures per g Dust	217,637,083	426,568,683
Long Chrysotile Structures per g Dust	<72,545,694	<142,189,561
Long Amphibole Structures per g Dust	145,091,389	284,379,122
Long Asbestos Structures per g Dust	145,091,389	284,379,122
Estimated Analytical Sensitivity: (structures/g dust)	<72,545,694	<142,189,561

A.V. Samudra, Ph.D.

Analyst

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Final 19.626 Minute 19.626 10.045 10.045 10.0478 10.0237 18.698 30 0.01063333 18.6 60 0.00369333 18.6 19.641	Final 19.062 1 0.033 20.564 5 0.01 18.857 30 0.0025 18.857 60 0.00185 18.81
Release / Min 10 10 30 60	Release / Minute 5 1 10 30 80
Final 19,626 19,417 18,686 18,698 30 18,69 18,6	Final 19.062 1 1 5.0.564 5 10 18.857 30 18.857 80 60 18.857 18.86

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	Final 19.701 19.492 19.475 20.002 20.463 19.163	Final 16.311 19.462 20.998 19.593 18.991
	Tare 19.683 19.432 19.432 19.901 19.152	Tare 18.305 19.439 19.444 20.982 19.583
90832	Sample wt 0.018 0.004 0.044 0.043 0.101 0.068 0.068	90833 Sample wt 0.006 0.018 0.016 0.016
Sample	ME Port 10 30 80 80 IST Port	Sample ME Port 1 5 10 30 60
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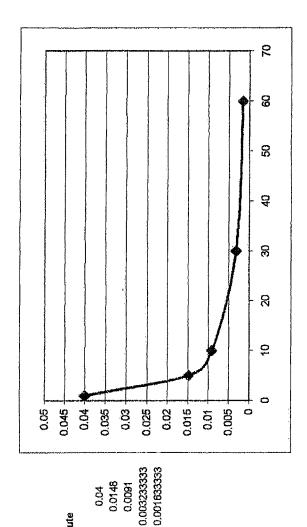
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_	0.091	19.511	19.602	10	ö
_	0.097	19.886	19.983	30	0.003
	0.098	20.404	20.502	90	0,001

Sample

ME Pol 1 5 30 30

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IST Port

Attn:

Linda Phillips/David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

06/01/00 3:00 PM

EMSL Order:

040008582

EMSL Project ID:

Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Analytical **Electron Microscopy**

Client Sample ID	EMSI. Sample ID	Asbestos Weight%	Asbestos Type(s)	Ashed / Not Ashed
90831	040008582-1	BQL*	ND**	Not Ashed
90844 90847	040008582-2 040008582-3	BQL BQL	ND ND	Not Ashed Not Ashed

This analysis is on fine portion of sample after sieving with #10 and #35 sieves.

*BQL = Below Quantitation Limit (0.1 weight%)

**ND = None Detected

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D TEM Analyst

Attn:

Linda Phillips/David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4600.008/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID;

Customer PO:

VERS96

Received:

06/01/00 3:00 PM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID:

040008582

EPA Protocol for Screening Soil and Sediment Samples For Asbestos Content Used by USEPA, Region 1 Laboratory (Rev May 24, 1994) Modified by EMSL (Sept 1999)

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	<u>Location</u>	% Asbestos
90831	040008582-1	,	None Detected
90844	040008582-2		None Detected
90847	040008582-3		None Detected

Samples were sieved to coarse, medium, and fine portions using #10 and #35 sieves.

David Poitras Analyst



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CUN-02-00 13:39 FROM VERSAR BNV. DIV.



Attn:

Linda Phillips/David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax:

703-642-6809

Project: 4600.005/EPA Vermiculite Customer ID: Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

06/14/00 9:54 AM

EMSL Order: 040009370

EMSL Project ID:

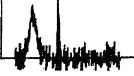
Asbestos Analysis of Bulk Materials via EPA 600/R-93/116 Method using Analytical **Electron Microscopy**

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	Asbestos Weight%	Asbestos Type(s)	Ashed / Not Ashed
68194	040009370-1	BQL*	Tremolite/Actinolite	Not Ashed

- This result is for TEM of fine portion of sample.
- Asbestos amount in original sample based on this value, and ND in coarse and medium portions (by PLM) is <0.02% Tremolite/Actinolite.
- The samples was sieved to coarse, medium, and fine portions using #10 and #35 sieves.

*BQL = Below Quantitation Limit (0.1 weight%)

A.V. Samudra, Ph. D TEM Analyst





Attn:

Linda Phillips/David Nelson

Versar Inc.

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Springfield, VA 22151

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4600.005/EPA Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

06/14/00 9:54 AM

040009370

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

EPA Protocol for Screening Soil and Sediment Samples For Asbestos Content Used by USEPA, Region 1 Laboratory (Rev May 24, 1994) Modified by EMSL (Sept 1999)

Client Sample ID	EMSL Sample ID	Location	<u>%</u> Asbestos
68194	040009370-1		< 0.19% Tremolite

- Samples were sieved to coarse, medium, and fine portions using #10 and #35 sieves.
- Final Asbestos result reported is based on ND in coarse and medium portions, <1% Tremolite in fine portion by PLM.

Scott Combs Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH- Lab Manager Or other approved signatory

W HILLIAM HANDE

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ines.
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37)

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Phone: (609) 858-4800 Fax: (609) 858-4960

Phone: 703-642-6889



Attn:

Project:

Linda Phillips/Dave Nelson

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4601.005/EPA WIMSATT

Customer ID;

Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

05/26/00 12:17 PM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID: Analysis Date:

5/30/2000

040008279

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Elec Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

	Volume	Asbestos	# Str	uctures	Analytical Sensitivity	Concent	ration	
Sample	(liters)	Type(s)	Asbestos	Non-Asb.	(S/cc)	(S/mm²)	S/cc	Notes
AMS-001-A 040008279-0001	1264	Amosite	1	4	0.0050	16,39	0.0050	Fiber is greater than 5 microns in length
AMS-002-A 040008279-0002	1330	None Detected	-	0	0.0047	<16,39	<0.0047	
AMS-003-A 040008279-0003	337	None Detected		0	0.0187	<16.39	<0.0187	
AMS-004-A 040008279-0004	355	None Detected		0	0.0178	<16.39	<0.0178	
AMS-005-A 040008279-0005	359	None Detected		0	0.0176	<16.39	<0.0176	
AMS-006-A 040008279-0006	355	None Detected	,,,,,	٥	0.0178	<16.39	<0.0178	
AMS-007-A	63	None Detected		0	0.1002	<16.39	<0.1002	
AMS-008-A	63	None Detected		0	0.0998	<16.39	<0.0998	

Anant Samudra Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

rs: The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in structures/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report may not be , except in full, without written permission by EMSL Analytical, Inc. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. nt. This report relates only to the samples reported above. Quality control data (including 95% confidence limits and laboratory and analysts' accuracy and precision) is

NVLAP PLM/TEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872

Page 1

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

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Attn:

Linda Phillips/Dave Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151 .

Fax: Project: 703-642-6809

4601.005/EPA WIMSATT

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

05/26/00 12:17 PM

EMSL Order:

040008279

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date: 5/29/2000

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

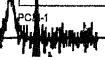
Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume	Fibers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc	Notes
AMS-001-A		5/25/2000	1264.40	16.0	100	0.002	20.38	0.006	
040008279-0001	a.								
AMS-002-A		5/25/2000	1329.75	6.5	100	0.002	8.28	0.002	
040008279-0002									
AMS-003-A		5/25/2000	337.18	10.0	100	0.008	12.74	0.015	
040008279-0003									
AMS-004-A		5/25/2000	354.60	<5.5	100	0.008	<7.0	<0.008	
040008279-0004									
AMS-005-A		5/25/2000	358.52	<5.5	100	0.008	<7.0	<0.008	
040008279-0005									
AMS-006-A		5/25/2000	355.46	<5,5	100	0,008	<7.0	<0.008	
040008279-0006									
AMS-007-A		5/25/2000	63.00	<5.5	100	0.043	<7.0	<0.043	
040008279-0007									
AMS-008-A		5/25/2000	63.21	<5.5	100	0.043	<7.0	<0.043	
040008279-0008									
AMS-009-A		5/25/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0		Field Blank
040008279-0009									
AMS-010-A		5/25/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0	·	Field Blank
040008279-0010									
AMS-011-A	1-00	5/25/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0		Field Blank
040008279-0011									

Tom Beer

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm². The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. Analysis performed by EMSL Westmort (NY State ELAP #10872)



1 of 2

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Attn:

Fax:

Project:

Linda Phillips/Dave Nelson

Versar Inc.

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Springfield, VA 22151

4601.005/EPA WIMSATT

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

05/26/00 12:17 PM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID: Analysis Date:

5/29/2000

040008279

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

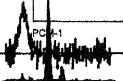
Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume F	ībers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc Notes	
AMS-012-A		5/25/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0	Fleid Blank	
040008279-00	12								

Tom Beer

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm². The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. ilysis performed by EMSL Westmont (NY State ELAP #10872)



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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ASBESTOS AIR SAMPLE DATA

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AUS-004-10		COLTAINN	1607		***************************************	50	I	A	M		NA
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Type (TYP):	G ≂ G	eneral Area	Personal	A = Ambient I	3 = Field						
Phase (PH): Abatement (ABT		re-Start R = F Fireproofing (Establish Contai s FT = Floor		C = C 3i = Bo		p. F	= Fin	al air	
ranj manasara	TP = 7	Fransite Panel	AC = Acoustic	al Celling Textu	re M=	Adhe	sive N		į.		
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ASBESTOS AIR SAMPLE DATA

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Analyst								······································		*******	
QC Recounts	(f/cc)									~~~	
QC Analyst										***********	
•			SAMPLE	LOCATION							
Sample No.	A-42 444		**************************************			нт	LOC	TYP	PH	ABT	SAM
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ocation (LOC); ype (TYP); hase (PH); batement (ABT);	G = G S = Pi FP = I TP = T	leneral Area F re-Start R = F Fireproofing (Transite Panel	P = Personal Removal E = CT = Ceiling Tile AC = Acoustie	A = Ambient E Establish Containes FT = Floor cal Celling Textu	nment Tiles re Ma	C = 0 Bi = Bo Adhe	leanu iler			ıl air	
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Versar inc.

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703-642-6809 4601.005

Customer ID:

VERS96

Customer PO:

Received:

05/27/00 9:41 AM

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

5/30/2000

040008375

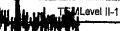
Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

	Volume	Asbestos	# Str.	ictures	Analytical Sensitivity	Concer	tration	
Sample	(liters)	Type(s)	Asbestos	Non-Asb.	(S/cc)	(S/mm²)	S/cc	Notes
AMS-013A 040008375-0017	359	None Detected		0	0.0176	<16.39	<0.0176	
AMS-014A 040008375-0018	3 65	Non∈ Detected		0	0.0173	<16.39	<0:0173	
AMS-015A 040008375-0019	355	None Detected	•	0	0.0178	<16.39	<0.0178	
AMS-016A 040008375-0020	337	None Detected		0	0.0187	<16.39	<0.0187	
AMS-017A 040008375-0021	67	Tremolite	.1	2	0.0935	16.39	0.0935	Fiber is greater than 5 microns in length
AMS-018A 040008375-0022	60	None Detected		0	0.1047	<16.39	<0.1047	
AMS-019A	378	None Detected		0	0.0167	<16.39	<0.0167	
AMS-020A 040008375-0024	375	None Detected		0	0.0168	<16,39	<0.0168	
AMS-021A 040008375-0025	276	None Detected		. 0	0.0229	<16.39	<0.0229	
Anant Samudra Analyst						1	Stephen	Siegel, CIH

or other approved signatory

Disclaimers: The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in structures/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without written permission by EMSL Analytical, Inc. This report must not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Gayammant. This report relates only to the samples reported above. Quality control data (including 95% confidence limits and laboratory and analysts' accuracy and precision) is on request.

For NVLAP PLM/TEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872



Page 1

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Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

Sample	Volume (liters)	Asbestos Type(s)	# Str	otures Non-Asb.	Analytical Sensitivity (S/cc)	Concent (S/mm²)	ration S/cc	Notes
AMS-022A 040008375-0026	328	Actinolite	5	Q	0.0192	81.97	0.0961	This result is for all length fibers.
AMS-022A 040008375-0033	328	Actinolite	4	0	0.0192	65 .57	0.0769	This result is for fibers 5 microns a greater in length.
AMS-023A 040008375-0027	67	Actinolite	8	0	0.0942	131.15	0,7536	This result is for all fiber lengths.
AMS-023A 040008375-0034	67	Actinolite	7	0	0,0942	114.75	0.6594	This result is for fibers 5 microns a greater in length.
AMS-024A 040008375-0028	61	Actinolite	6	0	0.1043	98.36	0.6255	This result for all fiber lengths.
AMS-024A 040008375-0035	61	Actinolite	4	0	0.1043	65.57	0.4170	This result is for fibers 5 microns a greater in length.

Anant Samudra

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

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for NVLAP PLM/TEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872



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Analysis Date:

5/30/2000

040008375

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume	Fibers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc	Notes .
AMS-013-A		5/25/2000	358.52	<5.5	100	0.008	<7.0	<0.008	
040008375-0001									
AMS-014-A		5/25/2000	365.34	<5,5	100	0.007	<7.0	<0.007	,
040008375-0002									•
AMS-015-A		5/25/2000	354.60	34.0	100	0,008	43.31	0.047	**************************************
040008375-0003	•								
AMS-016-A		5/25/2000	337.18	18.5	100	0,008	23,57	0.027	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
040008375-0004									
AMS-017-A		5/25/2000	67.47	51.0	100	0.040	64.97	0.371	
040008375-0005									
AMS-018-A	***************************************	5/25/2000	60.30	15.0	100	0.045	19.11	0.122	
040008375-0006									
AMS-019-A		5/25/2000	378.40	9.5	100	0.007	12.1	0.012	
040008375-0007				•					
AMS-020-A		5/25/2000	375.21	8.0	100	0.007	10.19	0.011	
040008375-0008									
AMS-021-A		5/25/2000	276,09	<5.5	100	0.010	<7.0	<0.010	Andrew Control of the
040008375-0009									
AMS-022-A		5/25/2000	328.49	72.0	100	0.008	91.72	0.108	
040008375-0010									
AMS-023-A		5/25/2000	62,00	61.0	100	0.043	77.71	0,482	
040008375-0011			790171HH-CH-1011-102						
Tom Beer					•	/-			
Analyst						. 1 -		Stephe	n Siegel, CIH

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm². The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL.

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PCM-1

1 of 2



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EMSL Project ID: Analysis Date:

5/30/2000

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume Fib	ers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc	Notes
AMS-024-A		5/25/2000	60.54	42.5	100	0.044	54.14	0.344	
040008375-0012									
AM5-025-A		5/25/2000	*	<5.5	100		<7.0		Fleid Blank
040008375-0013									
AMS-026-A		5/25/2000		<5.5	100		<7.0		Fleid Blank
040008375-0014									
AMS-027-A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5/25/2000	4	¢5,5	100	*************************************	<7.0		Fleid Blank
040008375-0015									
AMS-028-A	***************************************	5/25/2000		5.5	100	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	<7.0		Field Blank
040008375-0016									

Tom Beer

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm*. The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. inalysis performed by EMSL Westmont (NY State ELAP #10872)

PCM-1

2 of 2

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

SAMPLERS. (Signafice)		rhojeci NAME		- AR	BRIENTE		_	PARAMETERS	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE SAMPLE	> 2
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FIELD SAMPLE DATE NUMBER		TIME	COMP.	8ARD	STATION LOCATION	30.00			REMARKS	
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JAL HO-SHAN				122	DATA SHEGAT	,				
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MUS-1916-13										
MUS-017B										
M45-018 B									And the second s	
6-810-014										
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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		_					X	* POWER TENENS STEES	257265	1,100

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Versar Job No. 460	01, 005	-	Client	EPA					
Project Manager: 126	DA PAIL	UBS	Samp	le Location:	W	4115	SAT	7	
Date: 05/26/00 Shift	<u> </u>	7	Samp	les Collected	by:_	\mathcal{D} · \mathcal{L}	Et.	SOL	7
Collection Method: 1/20	125H 7400/	EPA LEVEL	Analy	ze for: /TI	725 <u>/</u>	15 B	<u>EST </u>	S	
Sample Media:. 45/.	OUCE 25V	uu	Temp	: 770	/R	əl. Hu	ımid:_	50	20
		SAMP	LE DATA	ng no little da					
Sample No.	PAMY-013-A	AU11-014-1		HUH-EH-H	All	1-0/2	2/1	18000	0181
Pump No.	1666	1663	11069	1679	53	1330	2 1	34	340
Time On	1117	1117	1120	11:20	11	:20		112	2
Time Off	1153	1154	1176	11:56	11.	:50		1150)
Total Time (min.)	36	37	36	34		30		30	2
Flow Rate (LPM)	9.959	9.874	9.850	9.366	2.	249	2 .	2.0	10
Volume (liters)	358,52	365.338	354.60	337.176	6	7.4	7	60.	3
Fibers/Fields								i	
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		SAMPLE	LOCATION		·*····································				
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415 U/6-1 TX STAC				50	I	A	141	-	M
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ype (TYP):	eneral Area F e-Start R = R Treproofing C Transite Panet pofing Materials Aggressive N	O = Outside w P = Personal Removal E = E T = Ceiling Tile AC = Acoustic PI = Pipe La A = Non-Aggres ker Name and S	A = Ambient Establish Conta is FT = Floor al Ceiling Textu gging M- x	Tiles Bi = Bo ire M = Adhe 4) XIAG	leanu iler		= Fina	il air	

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Pump No.	Idda	1663	1609	16	79	98	434	0 :	534	332
Time On	1510	1510	1514	1.51		13	15		1517	
Time Off	1543	1548	1551	155	/	15	115		154	5
Total Time (min.)	38	38	37	37	···	3	0		30	
Flow Rate (LPM)	9,959	9.374	7.462	3.8	7 8	2,	084		2.01	18
Volume (liters)	378,442	375.212	276.09	328.	486	6	2		60	1.57
Fibers/Fields								L		
Detection Limit										
Results f/cc										
Analyst										
QC Recounts (f/cc)			,		-14					
QC Analyst										
		SAMPLE	LOCATION							
Sample No.					нт	LOC	TYP	PH	ABT	SAM
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AUS-023-10 1 CREGIL	, st		***************************************	<i>//F</i>	ANCE Y	I	P	14		M
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Height (HT) Location (LOC): =	Inside Work area	O = Outside v	vork area							
Type (TYP); G =	General Area	Personal	A = Ambient	B = Field	Blank					
	Pre-Start R = F		Establish Contai		C = C		p F	= Fina	al air	
, ,	= Fireproofing (= Transite Panel		es FT = Floor cal Ceiling Textu		Bi = Bo = Adhe		lastics			
¥* R=	Roofing Materials	PI = Pipe La	agging		7 (12)		1401	•		
Sampling (SAM): AG	= Aggressive N	IA = Non-Aggre	ssive							
Note: All Personal Sample	es Must Have Wor	ker Name and	Social Security !	Number.						
Comments: /skull	EL CAUECO	TEN DUE	Falc MIS	KTA/C	g.E	-	ロック	JIE		
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Versar Job No Project Mana Date: <u>6</u> 126	INN Shift	- •		Samni	e Loca es Col es for:	tion 2	by:	45#9 D. L	J. E.S.	<u></u>	
Collection Me	thod: //	SH NOVENA	flate II	Analyz	e tor:	MAR	10	145 ZSZ	-5722	<u>50)</u>	oj -
Sample Media	a: <u>, 4) /</u>	SHEE ZS	na na	remp:	16		//९६	a. nu	mia:_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
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Sample No.		AX85-01-5	A XUIS-0267	ANUS-DZFA	ANIS	t287	J				
Pump No.		52xxX	BURLYC								
Time On	······································	١. ૪	- 2	-45	-4	5					
Time Off											
Total Time (r	nin.)					-					
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Volume (liter	s)			***************************************							
Fibers/Fields										***************************************	
Detection Lir	nit										
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<u> </u>		<u> </u>	***************************************		······································		,				
Analyst					······································	*********				····	
QC Recounts	s (f/cc)										:
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<u> </u>			SAMPLE	LOCATION							
Sample No.						нт	LOC	TYP	PH	ABT	SAM
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ANJ-027-10	BENGA	sic			····						
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									<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Height (HT) Location (LOC): Type (TYP): Phase (PH): Abatement (ABT	G = G S = Pr): FP = F TP = 1	eneral Area F re-Start R = R Fireproofing C Transite Panel	O = Outside w P = Personal A P = Personal E = E P = Ceiling Tiles AC = Acoustics PI = Pipe Lag	A = Ambient I stablish Contai s FT = Floor al Ceiling Textu	Tiles	C = C Bi = Bo	leanu iler	•	= Fina	l air	
Sampling (SAM):			A = Non-Aggres								
Note: All Person	al Samples	Must Have Wor	ker Name and S	locial Security	lumber.						
Comments:											
			<u> </u>								

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VERS96

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date: 7/13/2000

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

	Volume	Asbestos	# Structures		Analytical Sensitivity	Солсе	ntration	
Sample	(liters)	T)pe(3)	Asbestos	Non-Asb.	(S/cc)	(S/mm²)	S/cc	Notes
AMS-040-A 040011465-0001	1124	None Detected		Q	0.0058	<16.39	<0.0056	
AMS-041-A 040011455-0002	1182	None Detected		0	0.0053	<16.39	<0.0053	
AMS-042-A 040011465-0003	. 403	None Detected		0	2.6341	<2755.20	<2.6341	Sample was analyzed by indicact prep, ash and resuspend. 2% of sample was filtered for analysis.
AMS-043-A 040011466-0004	424	None Detected		O	2.5044	<2755.20	<2,5044	Sample was analyzed by indirect prop, sah and repuspend, 2% of aample was fillered for enalysis.
AMS-044-A 040011455-0005	448	None Detected		1	0.0141	<16.39	<0.0141	
AMS-045-A 040011455-0008	444	None Detected		1	0.0142	<16.39	<0.0142	
AMS-047-A 040011455-0007	56	None Detected		1	16,0428	<2755.20	<18.0428	Sample was ensiyzed by indirect prep, ext and requepent, 2% of sample was fillered for smalysis.

Debbie	Litti	ø

Analyst

Stephan Slegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Discislimars: The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in structures/co, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report may not be duplicated, except in full, without written permission by EMSL Analytical, Inc. This report must not be used to daim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agancy of the U.S. Government. This report relates only to the semples reported above. Quality control data (including 95% confidence limits and isboratory and analysis' accuracy and practation) is

NVLAP PLAYTEM #101046-0, NY ELAP #10872

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Versar Inc.

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Phone: 703-642-6889

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

Analysis Date:

7/13/2000

040011455

VERS96

07/12/00 10:17 AM

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume i	Fibers	Fleids	LOD (flb/cc)	Fibers/ mni‡	Fibers/ cc	Notes
AMS-040-A		7/11/2000	1124.00	<5.5	100	0.002	<7.0	<0.002	A CONTROL CHAIR C. STATE A THURS AND AN ALL AND A STATE AND AS THE STATE AND ASSESSED AS A STATE AND A
040011455-0001									
AMS-041-A	<u></u>	7/11/2000	182.00	<5.5	100	0.015	<7.0	<0.015	
040011455-0002					•				
AMS-042-A	· //· /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /- /-	7/11/2000					*	···· 411.11/44 (14/7/10)	Overloaded .
040011465-0003						*			•
AMS-043-A		7/11/2000				······································			Overloaded
040011466-0004									
AMS-044-A	AMILE 1	7/11/2000	448.15	<5.5	100	0.006	<7.0	<0.006	<u> </u>
040011455-0005									
AM5-045-A		7/11/2000	444.33	<5.5	100	0.006	<7.0	<0.008	(111)
040011455-0008									
AMS-047-A	<u> </u>	7/11/2000						-	Overloaded
040011455-0007									
AM5-048-A		7/11/2000	0.00	45.5	100	**************************************	<7.0		Field Blank
040011455-0008									
AMS-049-A		7/11/2000	0.00	≺ 5.5	100		<7.0		Field Blank
040011455-0009									
AMS-050-A		7/11/2000	00.0	<5.5	100		≺7. 0		Fleid Blank
040011455-0010									
AMS-051-A		7/11/2000	00.0	<5.5	100		<7.0		Finld Blank
040011455-0011									

Dave Stanhope

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm*. The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/co, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory paragonal. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL. Analysis performed by EMBL Westmort (NY State ELAP #10872)

PCM-1



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PROJECT NO.	PROJE	PROJECT NAME	E	NV	EAM - Mentinguiste				(Mry Crost
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Dr. M. P.S. MA									
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Sylve-19-13									
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45-144-A B		COUTAG		***************************************	·	50	0	A	M	-	MA
46-045-A	47520	& CONTAIN	RHUEST	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.		รช	0	A	M	-	in
			ere en de telle de la								T -
ghi (HT) sation (LOC); se (TYP); asse (PH); stement (ABT);	G≕G S≈Pi FP≃!	eneral Area re-Start R = Treproofing	O = Outside v P = Personal Removal E = I CT = Celling Tie	A = Ambient Establish Contai s FT = Floor	Ties I	C = 0	ileann. Ieannu			iskrj	int=ju
mpling (SAM):	R = R	oofing Material	AC = Acoustic is PI = Pipe La NA = Non-Aggre	gging	re Mª	· Adhe	aive M		;	,	
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QC Analyst			,		·····				•	1	and the same
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146-08-A	PUBUL		 			1	2	75	M	1-	MA
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Customer ID: Customer PO;

VERS98

Received:

07/13/00 4;36 PM

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

7/13/2000

040011572

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

N	Volume		#Structures		Analytical Sensitivity	Солсы	ntration	,		
Sample	(Uters)	Type(s)	Asbestor	Non-Asb.	(S/cc)	(S/mm²)	S/cc	Notes		
AMS-052-A 040011572-0001	423	None Detected		0	1.0047	<1103.19	<1.0047	Sample was enalyzed by indirect prep, ash and resuspend, 5% of sample was filtered for enalysis.		
AMS-053-A 040011572-0002	424	None Detected		. 0	1.0028	<1103.19	<1.0028	Gemple was enalyzed by indirect prep, with and resuspend. 5% of sample was filtered for energies.		
AMS-054-A 040011572-0003	418	None Detected		O	0.0151	<16.39	<0.0151	A		
AMS-055-A 040011572-0004	415	None Detected	•	0	0.0152	<16.39	<0.0152	AA		
AMS-056-A 040011672-0005	65	None Detected		Q	3.2868	<551.41	<3.2868	Sample was analyzed by indirect prep, salt and reauspend, 10% of sample was filtered for enelysis.		
AMS-057-A 040011572-0008	65	None Detected		0	6.5605	<1103,19	<6.5805	Sample was enalyzed by indirect prep, 88h and resuspend, 5% of sample was littered for analysis.		
AMS-058-A	403	None Detected		0	0,5271	<551.41	<0.5271	Sample was analyzed by indirect prep, ash and resuspend, 10% of sample was filtered for enalysis.		
AMS-058-A 040011672-0008	424	None Detected		Ō	0.5012	<551.41	<0.5012	Sample was analyzed by indirect prep, ash and resuppend, 10% of sample was filtered for analysis.		
NS-080-A 040011572-0009	418	None Detected		0	0.0151	<18,39	<0.0151			

Anant	Samudra	
Analys	t	

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

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Government. This report relates only to the samples reported above, Quality control date (including 95% confidence limits and laboratory and energy and practicion) is

of NVLAP PLINTEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872

TEMLEVE II-1

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VERS96

Customer PQ;

Received:

07/13/00 4:36 PM

EMSL Order:

040011572

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

7/13/2000

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

Sample	Volume (üsers)	Asbestos Type(s)	#Str Asbesios	uctures Non-Asb.	Analytical Sensitivity (S/cc)	Concer (S/mm²)	tration S/cc	Notes
AMS-061-A 040011572-0010	415	Nona Detected		Ö	0.0152	<16.39	<0.0152	
AMS-082-A 040011572-0011	61	None Detected		0	3.4654	<551.41	<3.4654	Sample was analyzed by indirect prop, ash and casuspend 10% of sample was fillered for engines.
AMS-063-A 040011572-0012	62	None Detected		0	3.4302	<561.41	<3.4302	Sample was analyzed by indirect prep, sph and reauspand, 10% of sample was filtered for analysis.

Anani Samudra

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, Cilor other approved signatory

Disclaimers: The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in structures/oc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-leboratory personnel. This report may not be dependent on volume collected by non-leboratory personnel. This report may not be dependent on the product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report relates only to the examples reported above. Quality control data (including 95% confidence limits and faboratory and analysis* ecouracy and practation) is

ACCEPTION OF NVLAP PLANTEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872

TEM evel II-1

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07/13/00 4:38 PM

VERS98

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

7/13/2000.

040011572

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume	Flbers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ co	Notes	
AMS-052-A		7/13/2000		Billiona anni	***************************************		**************************************	Military description	Cychodod	
Q40011572-0001	•								- T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T - T	
AMS-053-A		7/13/2000				**	······································	··	Dyarlouded	
040011572-0002									WY WITH WITH COLUMN	
AM8-054-A		7/13/2000	418.28	13.0	100	0.006	18.58	0.015		1
040011572-0003							10.00	0.013	•	,
AMS-055-A		7/13/2000	414.71	12.0	100	0.006	15.29	0.014		
040011572-0004						Viddo	10.20	U.U 14	,	
AMS-056-A	**************************************	7/13/2000			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		~~************************************	······································	Overloaded	
040011572-0005							Ť		CANIDAGAG	
AMS-057-A		7/13/2000			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	******			Duarloaded	·····
040011572-0008									CLANINGERSC	
AMS-058-A		7/13/2000				•		·	DebachevO	**********
040011572-0007									V 1000000	
AMS-059-A		7/13/2000			·,···	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		******	Overloaded	,
040011572-0008						,			010110000	
AMS-080-A		7/13/2000	418.28	7.0	100	0.006	8.92	0.008		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
040011672-0000					• •		0.02	D.UUQ		
AMS-061-A		7/13/2000	414.71	10.5	100	0,006	13.38	0.012		
040011572-0010						7.770	.0.00	Q.D (A		
AMS-082-A		7/13/2000				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			Overloaded	γ
)40011572-0011		VCS-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1							es taming (IDH	
Tom Beer					1	1.	سر مر			
Analyst								Stephen	Siegel, CIH roved signatory	,

Limit of detection is 7 fibershim? The laboratory is not responsible for date reported in fibership, which is dependent on volume collected by non-leboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written exproval by EMSL. Analysis performed by EMSL Westmont (NY State ELAP #10872)

PCM-1



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Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

07/13/00 4:38 PM

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

EMSL Order:

040011572

VERS96

7/13/2000

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume	Fibers	Fields	LOD (flb/cc)	Flbery/ mm²	Fibers/ cc Notes	
AMS-063-A		7/13/2000	-	William processors and the second	***************************************	The second of		Overtoning	-
040011572-0012								or a so and compage	
AMS-064-A		7/13/2000	0.00	≺ 5.5	100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<7.0	Plate Bl. L.	
040011572-0013			•				×7.0	Field Bleak	
AMS-065-A		7/13/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0		
040011572-0014			,	0.0	100		×7.0	Field Blank	•
AMS-066-A		7/13/2000	0.00	<5,5	100		<7.0	Principal Control of the Control of	***************************************
040011572-0015			7,55	-4,0	1 1017		<7,0	Field Blank	
AM\$-067-A		7/13/2000	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0	Field Blank	
040011572-0018					,		7710	LIME DIMIK	

Steve Slegel Analyst

Stephen Slegel, CiH or other approved signatory

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm³. The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approved by EMSL. Analysis parformed by EMSL Wastmont (NY State ELAP #10872)

PCM-1

PROJECT NO.	PROJECT NAME	T NAM	E ST	2	EN MONTEUNTE		PARAMETERS	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE BAMPLE
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Bus 256-10								JUL
25-07-6								•
DWS-058-10								e ii M
0-350-2WA								7.1.
D403-000-104								
0-190-5mg								
DWS-062-19								
81×50-3MB	*							
Windstreet by: (4 consider)	Man.		Date 7/2/05	F	ine Received by: (Signature)	Reinquished by: [Signature]	Data / Time	Recuived by: <i>Signature)</i>
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Versar Job No	. illent	ning m	•	Client	EAA.			,			· · ·
Project Manag	ier. LTV	DA PHILLET	A5	Samo	sie Locati	оп:_ <i>0</i>	Vill	5811	-		
man 17 1/2 1	DO Shift	- Filler		Samp	des Colle	cted I	V-7	タンプロ	A. L	100	<i>M.J</i>
Collection Mel	hod:	DSH 1400 /C	THE CELEU		ZB for Z	Lecre-	/ AG.	Hun	nid:	102	
Sample Media	CO JEL	on the as	MADE (_ASSICS)	763 (GIII)	4 <u></u>			. , ,,,,,,,		- Park	
				LE DATA				···			
Sample No.		1445-05B-A	MILLET A	ANS OWN	AUS-Che		•				431
Pump No.		1669	1079	Ilda	166			53		80.	
Time On		1355	4753	1354	1354			16	-	/ <u>)] [</u>	
Time Off		1438	1438	1476	1436	,,		- Nov. 140	9/	Y 2	
Total Time (n	nin_)	. 43	43	42	42			<u> </u>	텀	30	
Flow Rate (L.	PM)	9.366	9,850	2.959	9.374			42		DE	
Volume (liter		402.738	423.55	418.278	1414.7	DES	61	. 26	22.23	61.0	27
Fibers/Fields	•				1				- 35 -		12 7 m
Detection Li	mit									· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · ·
Results f/cc	**************************************	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	Managara saran	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Analyst											····
QC Recount	s (f/cc)			,					-		
QC Analyst	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>l.'</u>		ļ				
			SAMPL	E LOCATION							
Senspie No.						нх	LDC	TYP	241	ABT	SAM
ANIS-OSB-A		CONTRIVING			,	50	I	A	M		NX
AMS-059-14	TUSTOG	CONTATAN	1647	*		5 b	I	A	M		1K
AUS-DED-A	DUTSID	E CONTRACTOR	WEST			<u>58</u>	0	IA.	14		NO
AUS -06/-A	OUTSTON	E CONTESTA	MEST		r-32 mar	50	0	A	ш		NO
BMSCOW 18	Penson	at on B	AVIA LES	<u>ಜರ</u>			II	P	m		NO
Pares -063-8	PERCON	obt on no	VID NEESC	(يد	200	THE ROLL	I	P	m		110
								<u>l</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Height (HT) Location (LOC):	l= in	side Work area	O = Outside	s work area							
Type (TYP):	G = (General Area	P = Personal	A = Ambient			c Cleanu	n E	= Fina	ıl əir	
Phase (PH): Abatement (AB)			CT = Ceiling T	= Establish Con files	or Tiles	Bi≃ Bi	oiler			. 1	
, memory control () .	TP =	Transite Panel Roofing Materia	AC = Acous	stical Ceiling Te	xture M	= Adhe	sive h	Aastic	3		
Sampling (SAM			NA = Nan-Agg			•					
Note: All Perso	nal Sample	s Must Have Wo	orker Name an	d Social Securi	ty Number.					į	
O a manage or to be a	Lana Sour	COLLECTS	مع بدورسوس العوامة	DIAME A	10 64	MAIV	95/10	OF	. -		
Country	COTTAG	COLLECTIVE POLITIC	MINUAL	VERNER	ATE	erilo.	er i i	<i>S</i>			
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1 dan marana dan 12 h 1 da	. 11001	ing.		Clinat	EPA	,	•	,			•
Versar Job No Project Manag	0. <u>47476/</u> 6	DA PUTILIFI	······································		le Local		1.1.1.5°	2000	1000		
Date: 7 1/2	1 <i>00</i> Shift	r 1925			les Coll					ELSO.	Ū
Collection Me	thod: 1000	H THE TEPA	LEVEL II	Analy	ze for.	ETTES	es/As	2¥5%	25		
Sample Media	1: 45/ 84	M HACE 252	um CASSETTE	Temp	85			l. Hui		95	16
	•			LE DATA							
Sample No.		T	AUG-053-A	ANS-OST B	ANG 03		AMIS	056	B	WIS-c	570
Pump No.		1669	1679	1666	Ilela	<u>" </u>	8	03.		80	2
Time On		1034	1034	1033	1073	>	10	37-		103	7
Time Off		1/17	1117	1115	1/15	-	110	ァテ		1107	
Total Time (r	nin.)	43	43	V2	42		ز	0		. 30	2
Flow Rate (L	PM)	9.366	9.850	9.959	F. 8	74	2.	15-3		2.15	1
Volume (liter	3)	402.738	423.55	418.278	414.	708	69	159	7 9	24/ X	24
Fibers/Fields	ĝ								J.		
Detection Li	mit								-		100
Results f/cc	,										از ایدون سامه زان
				1						·	- 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Analyst										727	
QC Recount	s (f/cc)								Ç.	: : <u>:</u>	
QC Analyst				•							
			SAMPLE	LOCATION							
Semple No.						HT	LOC	TYP	PH	AHT	MAE
AN14-053-A		CONTATU	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			20	I	1	14	1-	NA
MUS-053-A		CONTRACK				<u> 50</u>	I	A	14	1-	113
ANS-054-A					-	20	0	4	14	-	144
		& COUTAIN				50	0	4	14		14
PMS-056-A	ASSOCIA	L ON DAV	GO VECSO	w		PHIAN.	بي.	P	141	<u> </u>	M
AMS-057-78	PERSONA	c on an	VTD NOEST	لبع	DB.	CARE		P	M	_	M
						<u> </u>			<u> </u>	1	
Height (HT) Location (LOC): Type (TYP): Phase (PH): Abatement (ABT	G = G S = P	re-Start R = F	Removal E =	work erea A = Amblent Establish Conte s FT = Floor			leenu	p F	≖ Fin	al air.	
Sampling (SAM)	= 9T R = R	Transite Panel loofing Material	AC = Acousti	cal Ceiling Text Igging		= Adhe	sive N	fastics	1		•
Note: All Person	ral Samples	Must Have Wo	rker Name and	Social Security	Number.						
Comments:		E MUGG	TON TON	E PLACE AMICULA	DHAZ E	UÇ.	** ,,				
***				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			~		?	
				•				-			<u></u>

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Phone: (609) 858-4800 Fax: (609) 858-4960 Email: ssiegel@EMSL.com



Attn:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center

PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

Fax: Project: #4601.005/EPA-Vermiculite

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

EMSL Order:

Customer ID: .

Customer PO:

Received:

EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

7/15/00

040011640

VERS96

07/14/00 10:30 AM

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

Sample	Volume (liters)	Asbestos Type(s)	# Str Asbestos	uctures Non-Asb.	Analytical Sensitivity (S/cc)	Concen (S/mm²)	tration S/cc	Notes
AMS-068-A 040011640-0001	403	None Detected		0	0.0157	<16.39	<0.0157	
AMS-069-A 040011640-0002	424	None Detected		0	0.0149	<16.39	<0.0149	
AMS-070-A 040011640-0003	418	None Detected		0	0.0151	<16.39	<0.0151	
AMS-071-A 040011640-0004	415	None Detected		0	0.0152	<16.39	<0.0152	1000
AMS-072-A 040011640-0005	58	None Detected		0	0,1096	<16.39	<0.1096	
AMS-073-A 040011640-0006	60	None Detected		0	0.1052	<16.39	<0.1052	

Ron Mahoney Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

Stephen Ligge

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NVLAP PLM/TEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872

TEMLevel II-1

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

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EMSL

Attn:

Fax:

David Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versar Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6809

Phone: 703-642-6889

Project: #4601.005/EPA-Vermiculite

Customer ID:

Customer PO:

Received:

VERS96

07/14/00 10:30 AM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID:

040011640

Analysis Date:

7/14/00

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume .	Fibers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc	Notes
AMS-068-A		7/13/00	402.70	14.0	100	0.007	17.83	0,017	·
040011640-000	91								
AMS-069-A		7/13/00	423.60	17.5	100	0.006	22.29	0.020	
040011640-000	2								
AMS-070-A		7/13/00	418.30	<5.5	100	0.006	<7.0	<0.006	
040011640-000	3	,	* **						
AMS-071-A		7/13/00	414.70	<5.5	100	0.006	<7.0	<0.006	management of the state of the
040011640-000	14								
AMS-072-A		7/13/00	57.60	5.5	100	0.047	7.01	<0.047	
040011640-000	5								
AMS-073-A		7/13/00	60.00	9.0	100	0,045	11.46	0.074	
040011 640- 0006	6 .								
AMS-074-A		7/13/00	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0		
040011640-0007	7								
AMS-075-A		7/13/00	0.00	<5.5	100	794-1-444	<7.0	·	
040011640-000E	8								
AMS-076-A		7/13/00	0.00	<5.5	100		<7.0		······································
040011640- 0009	9								
AMS-077-A		7/13/00	0.00	<5,5	100		<7.0		
040011640-0010	o								•

Tom Beer	7-4
Analyst	Stephen Siegel, CIH

Limit of detection is 7 fibers/mm*. The laboratory is not responsible for data reported in fibers/cc, which is dependent on volume collected by non-laboratory personnel. This report relates only to the samples reported above. This report may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by EMSL.

Analysis performed by EMSL Westmont (NY State ELAP #10872)

PC

PCM-1

Wes was

					CHAIN OF CU	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD			
PROJECT NO.	PROJE	CT NAME	W.	Ta	PROJECT NAME FOR - JERNIEULTE		PARAMETERS	INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE SAMPLE	> 2
SAMPLERS: ISignafure)	All Contractions	ma		-	(Printed) (HAVEN) A. MESEW	THE WIND WO			
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	TIME	COMP.	BARD	STATION LOCATION	20 80 ON (20 ON)		/ REMARKS	
MW-088-10	1/13/M				hie BR SANNE				
DUS-COR-10	,			13	انک ا				
ANG CON								**i 07	
BUS OIL B			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					1	
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BUS 074-70								10: 3	
12 ON 10	,							1	
Bus - Je 18									
PARO-SMO	>					7			
istrect by 1819	Service Collins	7/13	Date /	Time	5	Relinquished by: (Signature)	Date / Time	Received by: (Signature)	
Mrinted)	Kesa	Selson.	20	000	(Printed)	(Printed)		(Printed)	
Relinquished by: (Signature)	ature}	<u>.</u>	Date /	Time	(Signature)	Date / Time Remarks	Remarks NeW & TEWN	ENY LONG	0//6º
(Printed)					Shured) (480)	* 866.	* REPORT FRAGE GREES	65 24-1611P	(*************************************
					The design			The Delivery	

Octon 18040

Pump No. 1669 1679 16	07070 AMS 01 66 166 158 1450 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	ion; W. ected by FBE.	: <i>DF</i> 2 <i>S A</i> Rel. H	umid	BUS 8 15 15	7% 1037 102 132
Date: 7 / 13 / 22 Shift: FRST Collection Method: ASSET PAID CER LEGEL II Sample Media: 45 / Sum MCE 25 mm COSSETTES SAMPLE DA Sample No. AMB OUBB AMB OUBB BANK Pump No. Long Long Long Long Time On 1500 1500 140 Time Off 1543 1543 154 Total Time (min.) 43 43 43 44 Flow Rate (L.PM) 9,366 9,350 9,9 Volume (liters) 402.733 403,55 418. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc QC Analyst Sample No. Sample No. Sample No. Sample No. Sample No. Sample N	Samples Colle Analyze for	7)-A A	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	umid	BUS 8 15 15	7% 10787 102 132 100
Sample Media: 45/, 8um Alct 25 mm CASSETTES SAMPLE DA Sample No. Auth Old A Auth Old A Auth Pump No. Iblis 1679 16 Time On 1500 1500 157 Total Time (min.) 43 13 4 Flow Rate (LPM) 9,366 9,350 9,9 Volume (liters) 402.733 413,5 418. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc 20 Analyst 20 Recounts (f/cc) 20 Analyst 20 An	Analyze for: 3 Temp: 76 ATA OROB AMS 0 66 166 58 1450 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	71-10 A	Rel. H 803 1502 20 20 20	2.0 2.0 3 2 	BUS 8 15 15	7% 10787 102 132 100
Sample No. AMB OUB AMB AND OUB AMB Pump No. 1609 1679 169 Time On 1500 1500 149 Time Off 1543 1543 1543 1543 Total Time (min.) 43 113 4 Flow Rate (L.PM) 9.366 9.350 9.99 Volume (liters) 402.733 423, 55 418. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc Analyst OC Recounts (f/cc) OC Analyst Sample No. Sample No. 14550 2007547607	Temp: 76' ATA OROB AMS 06 66 1666 158 1456 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	71-10 A	Rél. H 105-07 15-02 15-02 15-02 15-02	2.A	2015 150 150 201	1037 102 132 130 100
Sample No. Pump No. AMB CUBB AMB CUBB	070 AM SON	71-18 A	16-07 803 1502 150 20 1.92	72.A 3 2 1	BUS 8 15 15.	1037 102 132 130 100
Pump No. Ide 1679 1677	66 166 58 1456 10 1540 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	3 / 1	803 502 70 70	2	15° 15° 3°	02 32 00 00
Pump No. IMB 1679 16 Time On 1500 1500 14 Time Off 1543 1543 154 Total Time (min.) 43 43 43 44 Flow Rate (LPM) 9,366 9,350 9,9 Volume (liters) 402.733 423,55 478. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc Recounts (f/cc) RC Analyst RC Recounts (f/cc) RC Recounts	66 166 58 1456 10 1540 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	3 / 1	803 502 70 70	2	15° 15° 3°	02 32 00 00
Time Off 15 43	10 1540 2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	4 1	502 53 70 1.92	2	150 15. 3.	02
Total Time (min.) Flow Rate (L.PM) 9,366 9,950 9,9 Volume (liters) Hp2.733 423, 5 4/8. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc Analyst QC Recounts (f/cc) QC Analyst Sample No. Wh-GB-A TASSA CANTAPMENT	2 42 89 9.87 278 414.7	4 1	53. 70 1.92,	2	(5.	3Z 00
Flow Rate (LPM) 9.366 9.350 9.9 Volume (liters) HD2.733 4/3, 5 4/8. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc Analyst CC Recounts (f/cc) CC Analyst Sample No. Wh-GB-A TASSA CANSAMENT	59 9.87 278 414.7	4 1	. 9 z		3	00
Volume (liters) Hp2.733 423, 5 4/8. Fibers/Fields Detection Limit Results f/cc Analyst CC Recounts (f/cc) CC Analyst Sample No. Wh-US-A TASSIX CONSTRIBUT	2.78 414.7				2.0	00
Sample No. Wholes A Taking consument Wholes A Taking consument		28	57.6	,3		
Detection Limit Results f/cc Analyst DC Recounts (f/cc) DC Analyst Sample No. Sample No. Wh-US-A Tassa consument	TION					
Results f/cc Analyst AC Recounts (f/cc) AC Analyst Sample No. Sample No. Wh-Cob-A Tassax consument	TION*.					
Analyst QC Recounts (f/cc) QC Analyst Sample No. Wh-GB-A TAKEN CONSTRMENT	TION :				-	
C Recounts (f/cc) C Analyst SAMPLE LOCAT Sample No. Who Color A Taking County Meet	TION					·
C Recounts (f/cc) C Analyst Sample No. Sample No. Wh-Col-A Takin consument	TION				-	
Sample No. Sample No. Wh-Cob-A Takin consument	TION				-	
Sample No. Sample No. WH-US-A TUSTIX CONSTRMENT	TION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		****	
Semple No. MH-UB-A INSIN CONSTRINEUT	TION .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	****	
NH-US-A TUSIA COURSEMENT						
MY CHY MI		HT LOC	ТҮР	PH	ABT	HAB
- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		OI	A	M		KM
MICOTO A OUTSTOR CONTRINGET		50 <u>T</u>	A	M		NA
47 670 74		0 0	A	M	1-	NA
US-07/-A OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT MS-OTT A PERSONAL ON DAVED NELSON		00	A	W.	1-	NA
WS-073-A PERSONAL ON PAULID NELSON		HT47	P	M	<u> </u>	XVA
M 2-0/2 VI LEGION		暨工	P	M	-	210
ight (HT) cation (LOC): I = Inside Work area O = Outside work area oe (TYP): G = General Area P = Personal A = Ambinase (PH): S = Pre-Start R = Removal E = Establish atement (ABT): FP = Fireproofing CT = Ceiling Tiles FT =	Containment C Floor Tiles Bi = Texture M = A curity Number.	= Cleanu = Boiler dhesive M	Mastics	TX TX	NG.	M=WI)
MST WSTANGERENIE MAIEMEN	LIKUDU	c c/	AIO D	CAT.19	7.C	

		01.005		Clier		1/1	L				9.03 (4.0)
Project Man Date: <u>777</u>	ager ZZ	UD ATTELL	75	Sam	ple Lo	cation	12	DU	507	7	
		1505H 7900/	COP LEVEL	Sam	ples C	ollect	ed by	- DA	250	ME.	sou
Sample Med			25 mm 0,45		yze for p:	20	BONG	Rel. I	estress.		- 6/
	/		• .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	S		rvei. r	JUINK	1. <u> </u>	2%
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Recount	s (f/cc)		***************************************				 		-		·
Analyst							╅	***************************************			
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Sample No.			SAMPLE	LOCATION	*	нт	T	7	,		,
45-07-17	BLAU	1				n:	LOC	TYP	PH	ABT	SAM
15-05-10	BLAUR	**************************************	······································		**************************************		0	 	M		11
15-06-10	BURN	11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				0	B		-	18
5-0770	BURN	1/1-		**************************************			0	B B	141		110
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				······································							·
	**************************************	**************************************	**************************************					***************************************			
Int (HT) ation (LOC): (TYP): se (PH): ement (ABT): pling (SAM):	G = Ge S = Pre FP = Fi TP = Tr R = Roc	de Work area (neral Area P = -Start R = Ren reproofing CT ansite Panel A ofing Materials ggressive NA =	Personal A moval E = Es = Ceiling Tiles AC = Acoustical PI = Pipe Lago	= Ambient B stablish Contains FT = Floor To Ceiling Texture sping ive	ment iles B • M =	C = C	leanur		= Fina	lair X	 1 = W.I

107 Haddon Ave., Westmont, NJ 08108

Phone: (609) 958-4800 Fax: (809) 858-4960 - Email: #31epel@EMSt_com

Attn:

Fax:

Devid Nelson

Versar Inc.

6850 Versat Center PO Box 1549

Springfield, VA 22151

703-642-6809 Project: EPA Vermiculite/4601.005

Phone: 703-642-6889

Customer ID:

VERS98

Customer PO:

Received:

06/02/00 10:54 AM

EMSL Order: EMSL Project ID:

Analysis Date:

6/3/2000

040008597

Asbestos Fiber Analysis by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM), Selected Area Electron Diffraction (SAED), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray Microanalysis (EDX) - Performed by EPA Level II Method.

F. 4	Volume		# Str	Uctures	Analytical Sunsitivity	Сплсо	ntration		
Sample	(liters)	Type(s)	Asbestos	Non-Asb.	(S/cc)	(\$/mm²)	S/cc	Notes	
029A 040008597-0012	677	None Detected		0	.0.0093	<18,39	<0.0093	***************************************	
030A 040008567-0013	676	None Detected		O	6900.0	<16.39	<0.0093		s. bilerren
031A 040008597-0014	408	None Datected		1	0.0155	<16.39	<0.0155		pricinura
032A 040908597-0015	407	None Detected	Vector	2	0.0155	<16.39	<0.0155		peromoter
O33A 040008597-0018	408	Overloaded		.				·	perovater
034A 040008597-0017	90	None Detected		12	0.0702	<16.39	<0.0702		permeter
	88	None Detected		3	0.0718	<16.39	<0.0718	,	persue.
O40008597-0018				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	V.U/ 10	<18.39	<0.0718	<u></u>	_

ычаржа	ume

Analyst

Stephen Siegel, CIH or other approved signatory

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for NVLAP PLM/TEM #101048-0, NY ELAP #10872

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EPA Vermiculite/4801.006

Customer ID:

VER596

Customer PO:

Received:

06/02/00 10:54 AM

EMSL Order:

EMSL Project ID:

040008587

Analysis Date:

6/2/2000

Fiber Analysis of Air Samples via NIOSH 7400, Revision 3, Issue 2, 8/15/94

Sample	Location	Sample Date	Volume	Fibers	Fields	LOD (fib/cc)	Fibers/ mm²	Fibers/ cc Notes		
029A		6/1/2000	678,92	< 5.5	100	0.004	<7.0	<0.004	1	<u> </u>
040008597-0001						, ,	-7.0	45,004		
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040008597-0002						W. C . C	71.0	~ 0.004 ?		
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040008597-0003		•			100	0.007	11,40	0.011		. '
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740008597-0aas								COARL KYGIĞEL		
)34A		6/1/2000				*****		Overloaded	philnle	بالر
140008597-0008								O'ELI ICIQUE		
35A		6/1/2000	87.87	24.0	100	0.031	30,57	(0.134	- Yourk	પ્ર
40008597-0007						*.***	50,01	0.134	7	
36A		6/1/2000	0.00	< 5.5	100		< 7.0	Field Blank	- Aside	<u>}\</u>
40008597-0008	•						,,,,,		,	.3
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40008597-0002									1.	
38A		6/1/2000	0.00	≺5.5	100		<7.0	Field Blank	<u>biji</u>	بالأ
40008597-0010							7.0	, lana sandrid	1.	
39A		6/1/2000	0.00	<5,5	100		<7.0	Fleid Blank	<u> </u>	<u>ر آر</u>
10008587-0011							,0	t same rankish		•
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Analyst	17 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					**************************************	rsr .	Stephen Siegel, Ci other approved sign	H	

se reported above. This report may not be improduced, except in full, without written approved by EMBL. Analysis performed by EMSL Weetmont (NY State ELAP #10872)

PCM-1



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